APRIL.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed and Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,581—New Series.
BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1889.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts
12-8	7-0	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-8	7-0
22-0	12-0	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palmer	22-0	12-0
25-0	13-8		25-0	13-8
28-0	15-0		28-0	15-0
31-0	18-0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt	31-0	18-0
38-0	20-0		38-0	20-0

"C. P. & Co's stock and selection of Clarets are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	Friday. 1889.
BL PEKIN	3900	600	P Harris	5th Apr.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	12th ,,
BL KAISER-I-HIND	4029	700	R. F. Briscoe	19th ,,
† ASSAM	2038	500	G. W. F. Browne	26th ,,
BL GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	3rd May.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	10th ,,
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	H. Wyatt	17th ,,
				Tuesday.
† ASSAM	2038	500	G. W. F. Browne	21st ,,
BL CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	28th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	4th June.
BL ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	11th ,,
† ASSAM	2038	509	G. W. F. Browne	18th ,,
BL SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	25th ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

In addition to the above, the following special steamer will be despatched to London, calling at Marseilles and early application for accommodation is advisable.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On
BOKHARA	2955	500	W. J. Nantes	30th Apr.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
PESHAWUR	3927	600	L. H. Moule	11th Apr.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	25th ,,
ROHILLA	3511	600	R. Haselwood	9th May.
COROMANDEL	4499	800	I. Reeves	23rd ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves or China and Japan direct, every fortnight.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 1st April, 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Apr. '89.	20th May 1889.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th May '89.	10th June ,,
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st June '89.	1st July ,,
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th June '89.	20th July ,,

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th April, 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 1st April, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ORION	B. Vidos	3,500	550	7th April.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	650	5th May.
*b*POSEIDON	S. Mersa	4,600	650	25th May.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemessich	4,600	650	5th June.

b This steamer will not call at Brindisi.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMERS TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
PANDORA	G. Costanzo	3,500	550	10th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemessich	4,600	650	16th April.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 21st March, 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th April, 1889, at 3 p. m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward bound, and the steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months, delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Luanch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP & RAILWAY COMPANIES.

FULL information as to this route from Hongkong to Canada, America, and Europe, may be obtained from the Undersigned who have been appointed Sub-Agents in Bombay, and will quote rates or Passage and Freight.

EWART LATHAM, & Co.

A LIFE POLICY.
For Rs. 10,000
May be effected at the following rates
with the
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

Per Month.

At age	25	Rs.	24-7-9
,, ,,	30	,,	26-9-9
,, ,,	35	,,	29-4-9
,, ,,	40	,,	32-6-4

KILLICK, NIXON, & Co., General Agents.
J. H. SYMINGTON, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 3rd April, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie *en route*, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m., on 7th April, after arrival of Outward English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "UMBALLA," 1,908 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 4th April, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 17th April, at 9 a.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 9th April.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 862 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 3rd April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889. Agents.

GOLF KIT.

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST TO HAND FROM THE CELEBRATED MAKERS,
MR. TOM MORRIS AND MESSRS. FORGAN,
PUTTERS, DRIVERS, MIDDLE AND SHORT SPOONS.
Each Rs. 5.
CLEEKS, IRONS, AND NIBLICKS.
Each Rs. 6.
THE "ECLIPSE" BALLS, per dozen, Rs. 10-8.

PHILLIPS & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WATERBURY WATCHES.

New styles arriving. Old style reduced in price.

Rs. 6-8	SERIES "E"—OR LONG WIND. Owing to a large expenditure on plant, which increases the daily output, these watches can now be retailed at Rs. 2 less than formerly.	Rs. 6-8
Rs. 13-0	SERIES "J"—IMPROVED GENT'S WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Seconds hand, Jewelled, Gilt three-quarter plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, quick-train visible movement, duplex escapement.	Rs. 13-0

The finest watch ever produced for the money.

Rs. 13-0	SERIES "L"—SMALL SIZED LADIES' WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Jewelled, Quick train, Gilt ¾ plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, visible movement, duplex escapement.	Rs. 13-0

A good timekeeper, attractive appearance, sure to please.

The reputation already gained for Waterbury Watches will be sufficient to assure intending purchasers that those of new make are all they are stated to be.

All watches are guaranteed for two years.

Series "J" and Series "L" will be ready for issue on the 15th April. Orders should be sent at once so as to secure early delivery. Series "E" supplied by return of post at reduced rate.

Address orders to
WATERBURY,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, OR ALLAHABAD,
OR TO SOUNDY AND CO., LD.
Trade terms on application.

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PRESENTS FOR SENDING TO ENGLAND.
TIPARA JAM, OR THE INDIAN GOOSEBERRY.
MANGO PRESERVES, DRY GINGER.
RIPE MANGO FOR DESSERT.
MANGO FRUIT FOR TART.
GOWAVER CHEESE AND GOWAVER JELLY.
MANGO MARMALADE.
CHUTNEYS AND CURRY POWDER.
AT
FRAMJEE NOWROJEE,
NO. 9, FORBES STREET,
OLDEST DEPOT
OF INDIAN CONDIMENTS AND PRESERVES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY CO.—CALCUTTA.

FAMILY REMITTANCES.—Arrangements made for monthly payments in England.

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HURJEEMULL & Co.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS.

DEALERS in Diamond, Gold and Silver Jewellery, Shawls, Silks, Curiosities, Embroidery Work, Rampore Chudders, &c., &c.

Inspection invited. Price-lists free by post.

Address :—Rampart Row and Meadow Street, Bombay.

GENERAL GYMKHANA KIT.
THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION IN INDIA.

CRICKET KIT.

	Rs.	a.
BATS, Boys' each Re. 1-10 to	3	0
Do. Single Cane each	7	0
Do. Double Cane ,,	8	8
Do. Treble Cane ,,	10	8
Do. All Cane ,,	13	0
Frowd's Driver ,,	15	8
Patent Exceller ,,	14	8
STUMPS for Boys' use Per set	2	8
Do. Plain Polished Ash with Bails ,,	3	12
Do. With Brass Ferrules ,,	6	0
Do. do. and Iron Points ,,	7	0
NETS, for long stopping, 6 yards long, by 2 yards high, with Poles, Ferrules, Ropes, &c. each	13	8
Boy's Set, complete in box	10	8

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, Boys,' each Re. 1-8 to	2	0
Do. Duke's Double Seam each	4	0
Do. do. Treble Seam ,,	5	8
Do. Treacher and Co.'s Double Seam ,,	3	8
Do. do. Treble Seam. ,,	4	8
Do. do. Four Seam, Registered Pattern, the finest manufactured ,,	5	4
WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS, of superior quality, and well ventilated. Per pair	7	4
BATTING GLOVES, best Improved Vulcanised Tubular India Rubber ,,	7	4
BAGS for Carrying Cricket Kit, Strong Green Cloth, Leather Binding, Brass Lock ,,	16	0
LEG GUARDS, Chamois Skin ,,	8	4
SHOES, fitted with Spikes ,,	12	8

LAWN-TENNIS KIT.

	Rs.	a.
BATS, Best English make, Men's each	7	0
Do. do. Cork-handled, Men's ,,	8	8
Do. do. Pinder's Pull Tight, with a Screw Adjustment which enables the Player to keep his Bat tightly strung ,,	15	0
Do. do. Champion Match, Plain Strung ,,	10	8
Do. do. do. Double Strung ,,	12	0
Do. do. do. Cork Handled. ,,	11	0
Do. Treacher's "Ne Plus Ultra," the Latest Pattern ,,	12	8
Do. The Demon Slazenger's ,,	13	0
Do. The Victor Fortnam's ,,	12	8
Do. Cane and Ash ,,	13	8
Do. Ayre's Champion ,,	13	4

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, best Flannel covered, Match. per doz.	8	8
Do. do. do. Champion, ,,	9	0
Do. do. Waterproof, Seamless perfect, the best Ball yet introduced ,,	12	8
Do. Ayre's do. ,,	12	8
A complete set, consisting of 4 best Ash Bats, 6 covered India-rubber Balls, strong Cord Net, with Poles, Stay Ropes, Pegs, &c., and Book of Instruction, in dealwood case per set	47	8
NETS, Strong Cord, with Poles complete, 42 by 3½ Regulation Club each	12	0
PRESSES, in plain mahogany, with Screws ,,	8	8
SHOES, Gentlemen's, with plain or corrugated India-rubber Soles per pair	11	0

FOOT-BALL.

	Rs.	a.
ASSOCIATION BALLS, Vulcanized India-rubber, covered with best hide leather, specially dressed		
No. 4—26 in. circumference each	7	0
No. 5—28 in. do. ,,	8	0
No. 6—30 in. do. ,,	9	0
No. 7—32 in. do. ,,	10	0

RUGBY BALLS, Nos. and Price the same as Association Balls.

GOLF.

	Rs.	a
BALLS, Nos. 26, 27, 27½ and 28 per doz.	10	8
GLEEK'S each	5	8
IRONS Lofting or Pitching ,,	5	8
IRON or Brass Niblicks ,,	5	8
PLAY CLUBS ,,	4	8
PUTTERS ,,	4	8
SPOONS, Long, Middle, Short & Brassy ,,	4	8

RACKETS, BADMINTON, FENCING, FIVES, QUOITS, POLO, FISHING TACKLE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

COMPLETE LISTS FREE BY R. O. P.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PRESCRIPTIONS
Carefully dispensed by Qualified Men,
PHILLIPS & Co., Limited,
Bombay and Poona.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET,
Unsurpassed in any Market.
Sound, Wholesome, Rich.
Quarts, Rs. 10; Pints, Rs. 5-8; per doz.
KEMP & CO., LD.

NAPIER JOHNSTONE,

KEMP AND CO.'S
EFFERVESCENT SUMMER SALINE.

THIS cooling, refreshing, and most invigorating Saline relieves Headache and Sickness, allays Febrile Symptoms, and affords immediate relief in all simple Derangements of the Stomach. It furnishes to the Blood and System generally, in an agreeable form, those natural Saline elements which are of vital importance, and positively essential to a healthy and vigorous condition.

Per Bottle, Re. 1-4; Per Dozen, Rs. 12.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BLANDY'S PURE MADEIRAS.

MADEIRAS are fast regaining their old time popularity ! !
MADEIRAS being rich in fruit salts are known to be most digestible Wines ! !
MADEIRAS are recommended by the Faculty for therapeutic purposes ! !

BLANDY'S MADEIRAS :

"VERY SUPERIOR."	Rs. 20 0		"LONDON PARTICULARS."	Rs. 30 0
"PALE DRY."	,, 22 0		"RICH OLD BOAL."	,, 38 8
"SPECIALLY SELECTED."	,, 24 0		"VERY DRY OLD SERCIAL."	,, 43 0
"EAST INDIA."	,, 30 0		"GRAND OLD CAMA DE LOBOS."	,, 50 0

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.
Full particulars, Prices, and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
OUR SPECIALITE
SANITARY WOOL UNDERCLOTHING
GUARANTEED UNDYED NATURAL WOOL.

THIS superior make of underwear is strongly recommended by the medical profession. BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, much superior to cheap Continental goods of a similar description, all Socks made DOUBLE HEELS and TOES, PANTS DOUBLE Seats.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR IMMEDIATE CASH OR V. P. POST.

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

EDINA WHISKY,
OLD, MELLOW, AND FINE FLAVOURED,
Per Dozen, Rs. 25-8.
KEMP AND CO., LD.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

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WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &C.,
OF BOMBAY AND POONA.

SEND their WATCHES, at their risk, for their net value by V. P. Post all over India and Burma, and ensure every satisfaction to the purchaser they offer the option of exchanging the Watch not approved of, provided it is returned within two days of its receipt. The Watches specially recommended by Mr. MARCKS personally from their enormous stock are the following :—

Each Watch is supplied in a Case with Spare Glass and Main spring :—

	Rs.
The Popular Watch, good value, goes well, Keyless, Crystal face	15
The Keyless Lever, medium size Watch do. do.	22
The Celebrated "Campaign Watch," sound Lever, Crystal-faced, as used by hundreds of Officers	35
The Keyless Lever Crystal-faced Watch, excellent in performance	50
The same works in Hunting case	[illegible]
The finest, strongest Keyless Lever Railway Watch, 2-inch diameter, in substantial Silver case	85
The Half Chronometer Silver Crystal-faced Watch, warranted maximum variation 1 minute per month	140
The Gold Half Chronometer, a durable Watch with Crystal front	250
The same as foregoing, in Hunting case	280
The highest class of Chronometer Keyless Watch, in very heavy Gold Crystal case, maximum variation ½ minute per month	375
The same as foregoing, in very heavy Hunting Gold case	420

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road. POONA, 1, East Street.

THE
HOME-GOING SEASON, 1889.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HAVE a LARGE CHOICE of USEFUL REQUISITES for TRAVELLERS by SEA or LAND, priced moderately for Cash.

	Rs. a.	Rs.	a
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	8 0 to	16	8
Travelling Suits	30 0 to	35	0
Warm Suits Cheviot, &c.	45 0 to	55	0
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	48 0 to	55	0
Best White Shirt Bands	each	4	4
Do. do. Collars	,,	4	8
Best Oxford do.	,,	5	0
Best Flannel and Silk Wool	7 8 to	8	8
Cardigan Jackets, very warm	10 0 to	12	8
Dressing Gowns	10 8 to	25	0
Warm Lamb's-Wool Undervests	each	6	0
Do. do. Pants	pair	6	0
Brown Cotton Socks	per doz.	8	8
Superior Merino Socks	do.	15	8
Very Warm Lamb's-Wool Socks	do.	25	0
Ribbed Hand-Knitted Socks	do.	30	0
Knicker-bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted	pair	3	8
Gauze Merino Undervests	per ½ doz.	12	0
Extra Superior Gauze Vests	do.	15	0
Stout Merino Vests	each	5	8
Stout Merino Pants	,,	6	8
Gauze Merino Pants	,,	6	8
Warm Gloves	,,	1	8
Warm Mufflers	2 8 to	3	0
Travelling Caps	from	3	0
Best Tweed Hats		4	8
Best Linen Collars, all shapes	per doz.	6	8
Best Linen Cuffs	,,	10	0
Overland Trunks, best make,	from	27	0
Solid Leather Portmanteaux		40	0
Railway Portmanteaux		13	0
Tan Canvas Courier Bags		8	0
Soiled Linen Bags		5	0
Gladstone or Expanding Bags		28	0
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	from	13	8
Travelling Baths, with inside Basket	from	25	0
Travelling Canteens, fitted complete	from	25	0
Ladies' Air-tight Dress Boxes, in Cases	28 0 to	38	0
Ladies' Sun Hats		5	0
Overland Chairs		4	0

		Rs.	a.
Money Belts, Solid Leather, with two Pockets		5	8
Money Belts, Pockets all round	from	2	8
Block Tin Collar Boxes		3	8
China Grass Slippers		1	0
Morocco Slippers		3	8
Brown Leather Slippers		2	12
Brown or White Canvas Shoes		5	8
Cholera Belts, best Flannel		2	8
Woven Cholera Belts		2	12
Champagne or Sodawater Taps		2	12
Marine or Saltwater Soap	per packet	1	0
Eau de Cologne with wicker cover		3	0
Assorted Perfumes	per bottle	2	8
Travelling Pillows	each	1	8
Resais or Quilts	from	5	0
Scotch Mauds and Rugs	,,	15	0
Cambric Handkerchiefs	per doz.	5	0
Metal Soap Boxes	from	1	8
Sponges 1-8, Sponge Bags		1	8
Rug Straps		1	8
Leather Purses		2	0
Sovereign Boxes		2	0
Razors, ready for use		2	0
Shaving Brushes		2	0
Nail Brushes		1	0
Tooth Brushes		0	8
Hair Brushes		4	0
Military Hair Brushes in leather case		10	8
Nail Scissors	from	1	8
Penknives	,,	1	8
Vulcanized India-rubber Baths	,,	15	
Hold-alls with Strong Leather Straps	,,	9	8
Waterproof Dressing Cases, Holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, &c.		6	8
Silber's Patent Water Bottles	each	10	8
Carbon Pocket Filters		4	8
Waterproof Coats		7	8
Air Pillows and Cushions		4	8

Celluloid Collars, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE AND CO.,

PILSENER BEER
KAISER BREWERY
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the labe without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.
Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 38 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralagia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Great Russell Street Bloomsbury, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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COMMENCING, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1889.
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OF
CABALISTIC WONDERS.
The most wonderful, refined and interesting performance of Science, Art and Music ever introduced.
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
EVERY NIGHT.
SEE PICTORIALS, BILLS, &c.

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Boxes	8 0	Pit Stalls	1 8
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Balcony	2 0	Back Seats	0 8

Box plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
Doors open 8-30 p.m. Performance 9-15 p.m.
A. JENSEN,
General Manager.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director & Sole Proprietor......MR. H. STANLEY.

HARRY STANLEY'S
OPERA BOUFFE AND PANTOMIME COMPANY.
TREMENDOUS SUCCESS OF THOSE
GRAND ARTISTES,
MISS GRACIE PLAISTED
AND
MR. CHARLES HARDING.
The Most Enthusiastic Reception ever given to any Artistes in Bombay.
THE BEAUTIFUL COMIC OPERA IN 3 ACTS
OF
"OLIVETTE"
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE EAST.
MISS GRACIE PLAISTED AS OLIVETTE.
MR. CHARLES HARDING AS VALENTIN.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR: MR. GEORGE TRIMNELL,
CONDUCTOR OF THE PRINCIPAL AUSTRALIAN THEATRES.

Notwithstanding the large sum of money paid to these great Artistes, the Price will remain as usual.

Navy, Military and Volunteers in Uniform, Half Price to Pit and Stalls only.

Box Office at SOUNDY'S Music Warehouse, where Plan can be seen and Seats secured for the Season or for any night during the Season.

N.B.—A Few Season Tickets will be issued.

Doors Open at 8-30 p.m. Overture at 9 p.m.

Free List entirely suspended, Press alone excepted.

FOR SALE.

A PAIR of Young Up-Standing WALER CARRIAGE HORSES, believed to be perfectly Sound, quiet in Harness.
A Handsome Barouche, by Fuller of Bristol.
1 Set Double Brass Mounted Harness, new.
1 Set English-made Silver-plated Double Harness, second-hand.
The lot Rs. 2,000. Worth Rs. 3,000. Owner leaving the country.
Apply to H. STANLEY, Esq., Gaiety Theatre, Bombay.

MR. WILLIAM BROWN has been AUTHORISED by us TO SIGN our Firm, from THIS DATE.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S.S. LABOURDONNAIS are hereby informed that she is discharging her cargo in the Prince's Dock. All claims for damages, &c., must be sent into the office before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be entertained. Goods on Survey will be attended to every morning.

A. SIMEON,
Agent, Messageries Maritimes Co.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "CLAN MACGREGOR," arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. "CHICAGO," arrived from HULL are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF KURRACHEE.
SUIT NO. 61 OF 1888.

AIDAN DATURAM by his Manager, JETHANAND HIRANAND..........Plaintiff.
vs
YUSUFF ABDULLA, Mahomedan, residing in Kurrachee..........Defendant.
In the matter of an application by YUSUFF ABDULLA to be declared an insolvent.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Defendant abovenamed has made an application to this Court, under the provisions of Section 344, of the Code of Civil Procedure, to be declared an insolvent and has filed schedules showing the amount of his Assets and Liabilities, and whereas the Court has admitted the said application and ordered the issue of Notice to the creditors under Section 317 of the Civil Procedure Code.

Notice is hereby given that the said application will be heard in the District Court, at Kurrachee, on MONDAY, the 27th May, 1889, at 12 o'clock noon.—Dated at Kurrachee, this 29th day of March, 1889.

By Order of the Court,
J. HUNT,
Clerk of the Court.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

A QUARTERLY SUBSCRIPTION of Rs. 15, or a YEARLY Subscription of Rs. 55, will entitle a Mofussil Subscriber to Ownership of six English Weeklies and Four Periodicals, which will be posted from Bombay in the following order:—

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On Wednesday,	one Three-pence Newspaper.
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On Friday,	one Two-pence Newspaper.
On Saturday,	one Three-pence Newspaper.

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First Saturday,	one Six-pence Periodical.
Second Saturday,	one Six-pence Periodical (Illustrated).
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Fourth Saturday,	one Six-pence Periodical (Illustrated).

CLASSIFIED LIST OF NEWSPAPERS, AND PERIODICALS, FOR SELECTION.

PENNY NEWSPAPERS.
Funny Folks.
London Figaro.
Tit-Bits.
Catholic Times.

TWO-PENCE NEWSPAPERS.
Dublin Weekly Freeman.
English Mechanic.
Public Opinion.
Weekly London Times.

THREE-PENCE NEWSPAPERS.
Athenæum.
Fair-Play.
Punch.
Pall Mall Budget.

SIX-PENCE PERIODICALS.
Cassel's Family Magazine.
Chambers' Journal.
Cornhill Magazine.
Family Herald.
Leisure Hour (Illustrated).
Longman's Magazine.
Marine Engineer.
Provincial Medical Journal.

N.B.—A Subscriber has the option of taking three Weeklies and two Periodicals, and pay half the Subscription, if six Weeklies and four Periodicals are too many, but then the Weeklies will be posted *every second day*; the Periodicals *fortnightly.*

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price Rs. 5; interleaved, Rs. 6.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

THE S. S. KATIE Gr. Reg TONS, 2,287, Capt. GALBRAITH, will sail for Havre, on or about the 10th inst. Good accommodation for passengers. Apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE is hereby given that SHA JETHALAL TRIBHOWANDASS has no CONNECTION whatever with the Undersigned, and he has no AUTHORITY to bind the Undersigned either as his AGENT or PARTNER either in the name of the Undersigned, or in the names of any individual or firm whatsoever.

જેઠા રતનશી,
i.e., JAITHA RUTTONSEY.
Dated, 2d April, 1889.

NOTICE.

AS doubts are reported to exist in certain cases as to whether the Public Notice contemplated by Section 142 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 3 of 1888, has been issued in all parts of the city, notice is hereby given under the said Section that the COLLECTION, REMOVAL and DISPOSAL of all EXCREMENTATIONS and POLLUTED MATTER from PRIVIES, URINALS, and CESSPOOLS in all parts of the city is and will be undertaken by Municipal Agency.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Office, Bombay, 1st April, 1889.

GOBARIAU AND DU BOISGOBEY

SENSATIONAL NOVELS.

Price 11 As. per vol.

In Peril of his Life.
Lerouge Case.
Lecocq, the Detective, 2 vols.
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Results of a Duel.
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COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ORIENTAL LIFE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, Albert Building, on TUESDAY, the 23rd April, 1889, at 3 p.m.

1.—To Receive Director's and Auditors' Reports for year ending 31st December 1888.
2.—To Elect a Director and Auditors.
3.—To Declare a Dividend.
4.—To Transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
Albert Building, Bombay, 21st March, 1889.

FOR SALE.—The Property of MAJOR BISSET, R.E.

1. An English-built Varnish Color DOG-CART, by Pailipson and Atkinson, in excellent order. Price Rs. 450.
2. PANSY—A Handsome and Powerful Dark Brown AUSTRALIAN MARE, 4 years old, 15-2 high, broken to Single and Double Harness, and regularly used for 2 Months, not tried in Saddle. Bought in Calcutta December 1888, and sold as owner has lost the Match for her. Price Rs. 900.

Apply to Mr. HORMASJEE, at CUMMU JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., Girgaum Road, where the Dog-cart and Mare can be seen daily from 7 to 10 a.m."

"HOMEWARD BOUND"
NEUBERG'S
CELEBRATED
"FLOR DE JAVA" CIGARS

NOT to be confounded with so-called Javas obtaining elsewhere. These are the

ONLY ORIGINAL
"Flor de Javas."
FREE DRAUGHT,
IMPROVED SHAPE,
SPLENDID CONDITION.

COQUETAS,	per 1,000, Rs. 30;	per 100 Rs.	3-8
TRABUCOS,	„ „ 35;	„ „	4-0
ROYALS,	„ „ 40;	„ „	4-8

SPECIAL LIGHT WEIGHTS FOR "HOME" CONSUMPTION.

Possessing the peculiarly distinctive character of the HAVANNA, with its accompanying FLAVOUR and BOUQUET, they will commend themselves to smokers desirous of a mild, free, and fragrant Cigar.

Samples Forwarded on Application.

"KAISERS"
MY LATEST NOVELTY IN CIGARS.
Rs. 5 per box of 50.

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS.
By direct Importation.
A FRESH AND SPECIALLY SELECTED SHIPMENT JUST TO HAND.

J. NEUBERG,
5, *MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.*

☞ FACTS! ☜
ABOUT HUMBER CYCLES.

The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Bicycle was on a "HUMBER."
The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Tricycle was on a "HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Bicycle, was accomplished on a "HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Tricycle, was accomplished on a "HUMBER."
200 Miles in one day was ridden on the Road BY A LADY on a "HUMBER."
HUMBER & Co. obtained the Gold Medal at the Inventions Exhibition, London, 1885.
HUMBER & Co. have been awarded 18 other Medals for the superiority of their Cycles.
HUMBER & Co. have always obtained the Highest Award.
HUMBER & Co. hold THE FOLLOWING RECORDS all passed by the N.C.U. Record Committee.

TRICYCLE	155	out of 156
BICYCLE	97	„ 153
TANDEMS	8	„ 16

☞ Total RECORDS passed by the N.C.U., 325, ou of which "HUMBER" machines have secured 260, leaving only 65 for all other Makers.

HUMBER & CO., Ld.,
WORKS—
Beeston, Coventry, and Wolverhampton.
SOUNDY & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.
SOLE APPOINTED AGENTS.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Rs. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"KIDD and SHADBOLT'S WHISKY."—As supplied to the Clubs in Bombay. Sole Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay.

IMMENSE CONVENIENCE AND ECONOMY TO TEA CONSUMERS.—THE CALCUTTA INDIAN TEA SUPPLY COMPANY'S CHOICE TEAS in Small-Sized Original Packets of 1, 2 and 4 oz.; and in ½ and 1 lb. Tins, retailed at the rate of 12 Annas per lb. SOLE AGENTS, MORTON MAJU & Co., CHURCH GATE STREET, Bombay.

TO THE HOMEWARD BOUND CABIN HOLD-ALLS, for Sponge, Comb and Brushes, Pomade, Shaving Brush, Nail Brush, Soap, &c., Strong Waterproof Sheeting and Leather Straps. Rs. 5-8 and 8-8. THORPE & Co., Outfitters, Bombay.

HOLD-ALLS, Best Tan Canvass, will hold Rugs, Blankets, Pillow, Walking Sticks, Umbrellas, &c., &c. From Rs. 9-8. THORPE & Co., The Travellers' Outfitters, Bombay.

MOUNT ABU.—TO LET, a large Bungalow with garden, rent moderate. Apply to Mr. FRAMJI NUSSERWANJI, Mount Abu.

ARLINGTON HOUSE, LANOWLEE, has been OPENED to the public for the season, rooms clean, cool and airy; a good table. Terms Rs. 5 per day, strictly under European management. For rooms apply to MANAGER.

FOR SALE.—At the Wankaner Paddocks, several young, strong and handsome half-bred Horses and Mares for polo and carriage use. For further particulars apply to the STATE KARBHARI, Wankaner.

FOR SALE.—On account of departure for England the WONDERFUL ILLUSION ÆRIAL, the Half-lady in Mid-air. Address: WASH NORTON, Watson's Hotel.

HICK'S CLINICAL THERMOMETERS from Rs. 2-12 to Rs. 6. B. W. Hypodermic Syringes, with 6 Tubes of Tabloids, Rs. 13; other Hypodermic Syringes from Rs. 2-12 to Rs. 7-8.—WRIGHT & Co., Mint Road, Fort.

OUR MAPPIN'S DESSERT KNIVES at Rs. 6-8 per doz., and Roger's at Rs. 4-8 per doz., can be compared with any Firm, also Nevada Spoons and Forks, warranted to Wear White, at very Cheap Prices.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

MECHANICAL HANGING LAMPS, Wall Lamps, and Table Lamps (Chinneyless); the "Leader," Bull's Eye Lantern," the "Star" Lantern. The best American Lamps and Lanterns.—Lamp Warehouse, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

WANTED.—By a Respectable Lady, a SITUATION as BARMAID. Apply to "DELTA," care of this paper.

SERVANTS of all description, Servants of all denomination, Servants reliable and efficient, Servants true *par excellence*—JNO. ATKINSON and SONS, 24, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION, offers special advantages to clergymen and members of the Scholastic profession. Apply to the Agents, Messrs. C. H. B. FORBES, & Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COOK'S STEAM LAUNCH RUNS to ELEPHANTA at frequent intervals. It has been specially fitted up for Picnics, and is available for private parties.—Apply to THOS. COOK and SON.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE is one of the four British Life Offices which according to the latest returns, have issued OVER ONE MILLION NEW POLICIES during the Past year. Reduced Rates for India.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

FURNISHED BUNGALOW, TO BE LET, for Six Months, from 1st May next. For terms, &c., apply to F. BOZZONI, Middle Colaba.

TO LET.—Comfortable Suite of 7 Rooms with Cookroom, Stabling and Servants' Quarters. Rs. 75. Apply at KHUSROO LODGE, Nesbit Road.

TO LET.—A Well Situated and Well Furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. For particulars, apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette.*

LANOWLEE HOTEL OPENED for SEASON VISITORS. Charges Rs. 3 per day per head.—SHAPOORJEE BOMANJEE IRANEE, Proprietor, Lanowlee Hotel.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is the most Comfortable, Central and Accommodative Hotel on the Hill. It affords all the comforts of a home. Charges moderate.

BROWN WALER GELDING.—Aged, height 15-1, sound, remarkable lady's hack, no kicks, or vice, regularly ridden by a lady last 3 years. Further particulars, apply to MR. LUMLEY, Mazagon Castle.

BOILERS EX-WRECK OF "SIKH."—FOR SALE, Two Egg-ended Boilers, each 20' × 4½' offers invited.—DELMEGE, REID & Co., Galle.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

GUINNESS' STOUT, bottled by T. P., Griffin & Co., London, as supplied to the P. and O Steamers. Bombay Agents:—Phipson & Co.

GRUYERE and CHEDDAR CHEESE, on Cut, just arrived.—J. PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!! Every day three kinds of Ices, Wines and Spirits, Oilmanstores, Preserved Provisions, Ham, Bacon and Cheese.—MORENAS, and Co., General Merchants.

CRESTS and MONOGRAMS, engraved on stone by a special artist, and mounted as Signet Rings, Seals, &c., at a few days notice.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay or Poona.

STRIPED SILK NETS.—A splendid choice of these Rich and Cool Fabrics for Evening Dresses, new designs and in all light fashionable shades.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

PATRINOS!!! Just unpacked, a fresh Consignment of the celebrated N. Patrinos Original Egyptian CIGARETTES, at Rs. 4 and Rs. 3 per tin box of 100.—D. MACROPOLO, Medow Street, Bombay.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

JUST opened a Fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadows Street, Bombay.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.
These HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

FOR SALE.—The Property of MAJOR GERALD MARTIN, Malabar Hill.

A pair of dark bay WALERS, height 15-2, aged, quiet and fast. Price Rs. 800.
A pair of good looking dark BAYS, one a Waler and the other a Hungarian, height 15 hands, aged. Price Rs. 800.
A fine bay WALER MARE, height 15-3, age 7 years, quiet and goes well in single and double harness. Price Rs. 400.
A circular fronted BROUGHAM by Simpson of Madras, with brake, in very good order. Price Rs. 600.
A very comfortable English MAIL PHAETON, built by Laurie and Marner, with brake. Price Rs. 500.
A very pretty and comfortable self-driving PARK PHAETON, with brake, nearly new, suitable for one or a pair of Ponies, built to order by Windover. Price Rs. 1,000.
A set of double pony HARNESS, brass mounted nearly new, by Davis. Price Rs. 150.
Two sets of English made double HARNESS, brass mounted.
A 26 inch Mangle by Bradford, in perfect order. Price Rs. 40.
A set of yellow MOSS VASES for dinner table in seventeen pieces of sizes. Price Rs. 3[illegible]

TO LET, FURNISHED, from and after the 17th of May for any period from Six to Eighteen Months, one of the best BUNGALOWS, in one of the best situation on Malabar Hill, at present occupied by Major G. Martin. For particulars apply to Mr. Hormusjee, of CUMMOO JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
BLUE DRILL CLOTH.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of 20,000 yards of BLUE DRILL CLOTH and 2,500 BLUE COTTON TURBANS.

Tenders, which must be on the Company's form sealed, superscribed, and accompanied seperately by a deposit of Rs. 500, will be received by the Agent, at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m., (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, 3rd April, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Forms of Tender can be obtained and samples seen upon application, to the Undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 26th March, 1889.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
PACKING CASE-BOARDS FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (gunfire) on WEDNESDAY, 3rd April next, Tenders for the purchase of any Number out of 21 Lots of Packing Case-boards, now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard, Parel, where the same may be viewed on application.

All lots purchased to be removed within Two Months from date of acceptance of Tender.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the Undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 500 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail foreiture of the Deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender and before delivery is made.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st March, 1889.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA
AND
INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAYS.
NEW THROUGH ROUTE
BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND THE NORTH-WEST, AND OUDE, AND THE PUNJAB.

BY the opening of the INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY, the GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY is brought into more direct communication, WITHOUT BREAK OF GAUGE, with most of the large Cities and with the Districts of Northern and Central India. And these places are also brought into more direct communication with Western and Southern India.

From Bombay to many of the principal centres of trade the G. I. P. and the Indian Midland Railways are now the shortest, cheapest and quickest route.

All descriptions of Passenger and Goods Traffic are booked over this new route between the Stations on the Great Indian Peninsula, and the Indian Midland Railways, and all other Stations that are reached by Railways in India.

Through First and Second Class Carriages run daily between Bombay and Agra and Tundla, and between Bombay and Cawnpore, and Reserved through Carriages of all classes can be secured to any place reached by this route.

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WILLIAM B. WRIGHT,
Traffic Manager, I. M. Railway.
HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway.
Bombay, the thirteenth of March, 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
SUIT No. 200 OF 1887.

CASSILAL MEETHALAL of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing on Kalbadevee Road, outside the Fort of Bombay..........Plaintiff.
vs.
MADHOWRAO BHASKERJEE, formerly of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, now residing at Nandode, a place in Rewa Kantha, and JUGGONNATH MADHOWRAO of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Portuguese Church Street, near Bhooleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay..........Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the sixteenth day of November one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, the undermentioned immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction before the Commissioner of this Honorable Court at his office in the Court-house on Wednesday, the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty, nine at the hours of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS,

All the Estate and Interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff Cassilal Meethalal, and of the abovenamed Defendants, Madhowrao Bhaskerjee and Juggonnath Madhowrao, or any of them, in the following, properties, namely, FIRSTLY.—All that Inam village called Valnai, together with the Bungalow or the Dwelling-house, and the garden forming compound thereof, and all other lands situate in the said village, and now in the occupation of the said Defendants Madhowrao Bhaskerjee and Juggonnath Madhowrao, situate in the Mallar District, in the Registration Sub-District of Salsette, Zilla Tannah, and bounded on the east by the markations of the town Mallar, on the west by the Mallowny village on the western bank of the water course running from the Kandowly river, and on the north and south by the markation of the town of Mallar, which said lands were formerly in the occupation of Nusserwanjee Hormusjee Poonagur and other Cultivators, and are now in that of the Plaintiff, Cassilal Meethalal and his tenants:—SECONDLY.—All that Inam village called Wadwan, together with the oart, mango and other trees standing thereon situate in the Mallar District in the Registration, Sub-District of Salsette, Zilla Tannah, bounded on the east by two brooks appertaining to the said village of Wadwan and the village of Ankoorlai, respectively running east and west from the top of a hillock situated on the east of an orchard called Dharam Race, situate in a northerly direction with the land marks of Kusba Mallar, on the west and south by the land marks of Kusba Mallar, and on the north by a Cattle Passage or "Gorwan," which said lands were formerly in the occupation of Nusserwanjee Hormusjee Poonagur and are now in that of the Plantiff, Cassilal Meethalal, and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of Messrs. Tyabjee and Dayabhai, attorneys for the said Plaintiff, No. 15, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay.—Dated this 8th day of March, 1889.

G. H. FARRAN,
Acting Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 14 of 1885.

CHARLES AGNEW TURNER, British Inhabitant, residing at Malabar Hill, Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of HUSSON BHICOO, residing in Hoossein Khan Khalifa Street, outside the Fort of Bombay..........Plaintiff.
vs.
HASHUM HUSSON, BHICOO VALEE HUSSON, BHICOO HAJEEBOO, YEMNABAI, ZAINUB and MARIAM, all minors under the age of eighteen years by their guardian *ad litem* AHMED RUJUB of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in House No.—in Hoossein Khan Khalifa Street, without the Fort of Bombay, FATMAJEE, widow of LAROO MOORAD also of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in Hoossein Khan Khalifa Street; RAJOOMA, widow of KARIM MAHOMED VALEE; NOORBEE, widow of ALI MEYA CHAND, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing in Butcher Street, outside the Fort, and HUSSON BHICOO for himself and as executor of the last Will and Testament of his wife, HABUJEE; and MAHOMED FAZEL, also executor of the said Will, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, the former residing in Butcher Street and the latter in Hoossein Khan Khalifa Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, SHEROO RAJUB and AHMED RAJUB, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing in Butcher Street, outside the Fort of Bombay..........Defendants.

PURSUANT to the decree made in the above suit and bearing date the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven the immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction before G. H. FARRAN, Esq., the Acting Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court, House, on WEDNESDAY, the Tenth Day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS,

All the Estate and Interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and of the abovenamed Defendants, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of Fazandaree land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the western side of Butcher Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Subdistrict of Mandvee, containing by admeasurement three hundred and twenty-seven square yards or thereabouts, formerly assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under No. 18, and now under No. 19, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east by the said Butcher Street, on or towards the west by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by the house of Chand Peroo and Shaik Boolun bin Alumjee, and on or towards the south by the house of Shaik Hoossein Shaik Shoma, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the first seven defendants abovenamed. For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of Mr. Mirza Hoossein Khan, attorney for the said plaintiff, 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 1st day of March, 1889.

G. H. FARRAN,
Acting Commissioner.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. [illegible] per year including postage.

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Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 24 8	...
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Bavarian Beer	Rs. 6 0	...
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First Class Danish Export Beer Guaranteed free from Salleylie (Acid and any other Chemicals)	„ 4 0	„ 4 0
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Swiss Cheese in tins, from lbs. 23 to 31.	0 11	per lb.

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	Large Tins	Small Tins
Asparagus	Rs. 2 0	Rs. ...
Celery	„ –	„ [illegible]
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Mushrooms	„ –	„ 0 1[illegible]
White Cabbage	„ –	„ 0 12
Small Sausages	„ –	„ 1 6
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HENRY MORLAND, Knight, Captain, I. M.,
Port Officer of Bombay.
Port Office, Bombay, 23rd March, 1889.

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HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Annual Inspection, Bombay Light Horse, general parade ground, 7 a.m.
Arrival of the Jam Saheb of Jamnagar, Grant Road Station, 7-45 a.m.
Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p.m.
Evening Party to Colonel and Mrs. Wilson, "Khuras Hall," Breach Candy, 9 p.m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessels arrived on the 1st :—Colony (ship), from Cardiff. Yesterday :—Torpedo Boat B., from Chatham ; Karagola (s), Kurrachee ; Clan MacGregor (s), Glasgow ; Hopetoun (s), Batoum ; Chicago (s), Hull ; and Labourdonnais (s), Aden.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—St. Fillans (s), for Genoa and Marseilles ; Hispania (s), Liverpool, &c. ; and Sorrento (s), Hull, &c.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Persian Gulf close at 8-30 a.m. on Thursday, the 4th instant.

The Bombay Volunteer band will play on the Esplanade Band stand to-morrow (Thursday) evening, he 4th instant, instead of today.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Hongkong aad Singapore per extra s. s. Gwalior, will be closed at the General Post Office at 9-30 a.m. on Thursday, the 4th instant.

The National Congress.—Mr. Ghulam Ahmed Munshi has published in pamphlet form, a lecture in opposition to the National Congress which he delivered before the Oriental Progress Union in December.

Messrs. Hardy and Co.'s Calendar.—Owing to an accident one of the prettiest Calendars of the year has only just been issued, but though late Messrs. Hardy and Co.'s card will be welcome, seeing that it is so truly artistic.

Theft by a Military Messman.—Francis Fernandes, the messman of the Sergeants' Mess, Colaba Depôt, was yesterday charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper, with stealing 9 shillings and 6 pence the property of Sergeant-Major Allen, the warrant officer in charge of the sergeants' Mess, Colaba Depôt. The charge being proved against the accused he was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

Municipal Appointments.—In the place of Mr. Nusserwanjee Coyajee, who retired on pension from the 1st inst., Mr. Douglas Bennett, Personal Assistant to the Municipal Commissioner, has been appointed Superintendent of the Town Duties Refund Department ; while Mr. W. Pearson, Superintendent of the Assessment Department in the Fort, succeeds Mr. Bennett as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner.

H. H. the Jam of Navanagar.—The 1st Battalion 4th Regiment, Bombay Rifles, will detail a guard of honour of 5) rank and file, with band, under the command of a native officer, to parade at the Grant Road Railway Station in review order (khaki) to-day, at 8-15 a.m., to receive His Highness the Jam of Navanagar. A salute of 15 guns will be fired from the saluting battery at 8-30 a.m., announcing the arrival of His Highness.

The following is the list of the names of the Ladies and Gentlemen residing at the Taylor's Family Hotel, No. 25 Rampart Row :—Revd. Mr. G. W. and Mrs. Forrins, Mr. and Mrs. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher, Revd. Mr. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Dickinson, Mr. E. Garner, the Misses Garner, Mr. A. Garner, Mr. Pratt, Mrs. Schoenemann, Master Schoenemann, Mr. J. J. Kavanagh, Mr. and Mrs. King, Miss. C. Price, Mr. F. S. Dove, Mr. Geo. Trimnell, Miss Rossis Stanley, Miss. F. Peters, Master Moore, Master Stanley, Miss. S. Patton.

A Dumb Man Charged with Assault :—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court, a dumbman was brought up on remand and charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper, with having on the 29th ultimo, assaulted a Municipal peon named Shaik Mahomed, and thereby preventing him from discharging his duties. The Magistrate having recorded the evidence of the witnesses for the prosecution the dumb man cross-examined them through the aid of Mr. Walshe. The charge having been framed against the accused he pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two weeks' simple imprisonment.

Theft.—Abboo Haroon, was yesterday charged by Inspector Sanderson, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a gold neck ornament valued Rs. 25, the property of Murriam woman, from her room in a chawl at Sindi Gully on the 24th ultimo. The accused it appears was a frequent visitor of the complainant, but since she missed the neck ornament from her box, Abboo made himself scarce. She reported the loss of her property to the Police, suspecting the accused. On Monday Abboo was arrested at Grant Road, and subsequently made a statement, and the ornament was recovered from a Marwaree with whom he had pledged it. Abboo on pleading guilty to the charge was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Fraudulent Possession of Property.—Francis Marian against whom there appeared a register of three previous conviction and Heeroo Gocul, both described as cooks were yesterday charged by constable Butfoy with having in their possession three pieces of salt beef valued at Rs. 6, reasonably suspected to have been stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to render a satisfactory account how they became possessed of the same. The two accused were arrested with the pieces of beef in their possession as they were leaving the Princes Dock gates on Monday evening last. They were both convicted. Francis was sentenced to three months', and the other was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

An Absconding Thief Caught.—On Monday evening a Mahomedan named Dawood Ahmedjee Majoo was arrested at Parell by Cursetjee Bomanjee Cama, the Chief Constable of Nowsari, who had come down to Bombay in search of the accused who had absconded from a village called Kotone near Nowsari, after committing a theft of property consisting of gold and silver ornaments, currency notes and cash, amounting in all to Rs. 551, the property of a Mahomedan merchant named Mahomed Ahmed Bobath. Dawood was handed over to the local Police, and yesterday he was charged with the theft before Mr. P. Ryan, and a remand asked for was granted, pending the arrival of the warrant from the authorities at Nowsari, who have been communicated with regarding the matter.

Wesleyan Methodism in Bombay.—The Rev. J. Parson of Lucknow, in an article in the *Methodist Record* on Wesleyan Methodism in Bombay, writes :—Having recently visited Bombay I have had a good opportunity of seeing for myself the present state of Wesleyan Methodism there, and knowing what it was up to two years ago, I am well qualified to make comparisons and to give my testimony as to the rapid and great progress that has been made. About two years ago there were five or six members of our church, about 25 attendants assembling for public worship in the little Mission Hall, and a small Sunday School. There are now in the Bombay Circuit 55 members of the church, and 300 attendants on public worship. Many of the members of the Church have been inspired by Mr. Clutterbuck's example to activity and are fellow-labourers with him. Six render valuable assistance as local preachers, and others teach in the Sunday School or fill the office of Steward, or help in the Temperance Concerts which are very useful in raising money for current expenses besides fulfilling the main object for which they are held. I found a High School at Colaba in active operation with 33 scholars. Dr. Kate Stewart, a Medical Missionary, is employed in Colaba and treats on the average 300 patients a month.

The Claim of the Torpedo Boat's Crew.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court, Captain H. P. Percival of the Torpedo Boat "A" 236, appeared before Mr. C. P. Cooper to answer the charge preferred against him by E. A. Lee, Steward, W Angers, boatswain, James Lee, Charles Lessinger and W. Watley, members of the crew of the Torpedo Boat, for refusing to pay their wages. Mr. Roughton appeared on behalf of the prosecution and Mr. Brown of Messrs. Hore Conroy and Brown, appeared on behalf of Captain Percival. It appears that the men were engaged in England to bring the torpedo boat out to Bombay on the understanding that they were to work on board for five days after her arrival here, or the captain was to provide them with another ship for their passage back to England. Since their arrival there was no possibility of their getting employed on board a homeward bound vessel, and the Captain therefore wished to pay the men off, giving them a bonus of Rs. 65 which he considered would pay their travelling expenses to Calcutta, where he advised the men to go and try to get a ship home. The men refused to take the money offered and demanded that they should be paid their wages and be sent home from this port under the agreement. Mr. Brown contended that the Torpedo Boat was a Man-of-war in H. M's. Service, and the Court had no jurisdiction to try the case. After some further argument it was eventually referred to the Shipping Master of the Port, to settle the dispute between the parties.

Theft of Watches.—Tookaram Tatia, a labourer, was yesterday charged by Inspector Nolan, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a metal watch, valued at Rs. 7-8, the property of Mathoojee Tatia, on Sunday last. The complainant who is a labourer in a mill near by the Victoria Gardens at Parel, on Sunday morning last left his bundee, the pocket of which contained the watch in question, amongst some gunny bags in the mill premises. Two hours afterwards on looking for his watch it was missing. He reported his loss to the Police. On Monday forenoon, the accused was arrested by a policeman doing duty at Jugjeevun Street, while endeavouring to sell the watch. The accused it appears on Sunday forenoon went to the complainant's mill with a friend's dinner, and while there he stole the watch. On pleading guilty to the charge accused was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.—Inspector Nolan charged another man named Gainoo Nama, before the same magistrate, yesterday, with stealing a silver watch and chain, valued Rs. 18, the property of Thumbee Moonia on Sunday last. The complainant is a cook in the employ of a Mr. Gamble, and the accused is a cook in the employ of a Mr. Thomson, both residing in separate apartments at the Nawab's Chawl near the Victoria Gardens. The complainant left his watch and chain hanging on a nail in the wall of his cook-room on Sunday morning last, and it disappeared after a short time. The accused, whose cook-room adjoined his, was suspected. On reporting the theft to the Police, the accused's place was searched and the watch and chain recovered. On pleading guilty to the charge accused was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

HIGH COURT—Appellate Side.

(Before Mr. Justice Scott and Mr. Justice Jardine.)

CHASTISING WOMEN TO EXORCISE EVIL SPIRITS.

IMPERATRIX VS. CHOKHIA WALAD TUKARAM.

This was a review of a decision of Mr. B. N. Dani, first class magistrate of Karmala, who convicted the prisoner of voluntarily causing grievous hurt, and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for eighteen months. The prisoner professed to be a "sadhu" (*i. e.* saint,) and under such pretext wanted to drive away a supposed devil from the person of a woman named Paru, and with this object in view chastised her with a cane on her back. He also struck her with sticks on other parts of her body. He chastised her in this away for three days successively on five different occasions. The accused, moreover, burnt camphor on the palm of Paru's hand. By reason of this cruel treatment, Paru suffered severe bodily pain for more than twenty days, during which period she could not follow her ordinary pursuits.

The accused appealed from the above sentence to Mr. S. Tagore, Sessions Judge of Sholapore—Bejapore, who upheld the conviction. It appeared from the evidence that Paru had been ailing from some disorder in her system. She was living with her husband in Bombay. Her husband and brother afterwards took her to their village, where they learned that a Sadhu, possessing wonderful powers, had come to Naigam ; and they thought of placing the woman under his treatment. They accordingly started for Naigam, but being informed on the way that the sadhu had gone to Gulsadi, they took Paru to that village. There they found the accused passing as a sadhu. Paru was taken and her case explained to him. The accused pretended to come to the conclusion that she was under the influence of some evil spirit, and he undertook to drive it away. In order to exorcise the devil, the remedies resorted to by the accused were so violent as nearly to cost the woman her life. The accused appeared to have belaboured her with canes on the back successively for three days. Not content with this rather mild form of chastisement, he thought of putting a piece of lighted camphor on the palm of her hand, and actually burnt a part of her skin in so doing. The accused did not stop even here but ordered his unfortunate victim to swallow the camphor in its burning state, and when she hesitated to do so, he threatened her with more punishment, which induced her to yield partially to his wishes. The injuries inflicted on the woman made her seriously ill, and she was confined to bed for about a month, unable to follow her ordinary pursuits. Under the circumstances, the hurt caused by the accused amounted to grievous hurt, and there could be no doubt, whatever, in the opinion of the Sessions Judge, that it was voluntarily caused by the accused. The only question, he said, was whether, as the woman submitted to the infliction of her own accord, her consent was sufficient to exonerate the accused. The Sessions Judge thought the answer must be in the negative. Section 9 of the Penal Code provided that a consent was not such a consent as was intended by any section of the Code, if the consent was given under misconception of fact, and if the person doing the act knew or had reason to believe that the consent was given in consequence of such misconception. No doubt in this case, the woman gave her consent under a misconception of fact, namely, a belief that accused, by such chastisment, could heal, and the accused must be presumed to have known that the consent was given in consequence of such misconception. The conviction, in the opinion of the Sessions Judge, was right ; and the sentence was by no means severe considering the gravity of the offence.

Their Lordships thought that, under the very peculiar circumstances of the case, the sentence was excessive, and they therefore reduced it to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

CHEATING THE PUBLIC BY PERSONATION.

The same accused was convicted by Mr. B. N. Dani, first class magistrate at Karmala, of cheating by personation, and was sentenced to another term of imprisonment for a month and a half. This conviction and sentence also came up for review before their Lordships.

The accused was charged with personation, in that he cheated the public by pretending to be a "sadhu," and in so doing pretended to be another person than he really was. Under the pretext of being a sadhu (naming himself Ramdas Bawa, which the accused knew was not his real name,) he, by deceiving the public, intentionally induced the persons so deceived to prostrate themselves before him, to make presents to him, and to eat pieces of wheat-bread given by him as *prasad* (*i.e.* blessing,) which acts those persons would not have done had they not been so deceived. The accused, moreover, chastised some women with canes, leading them to believe that he would thereby drive away devils which were supposed to be troubling them. The accused, being of the Mhar caste, was certainly not a person worthy to be called a sadhu (saint ;) and hence these acts of his caused to the persons concerned harm in body as well as in mind, reputation, and property, under section 419 of the Indian Penal Code.

Mr. S. Tagore, to whom an appeal was presented in this instance also, was of opinion that the case should be remanded for re-trial, as the accused was likely to have been prejudiced by the procedure adopted by the convicting magistrate. Each act of deception practised by the accused was a distinct offence, for which he ought to have been separately charged, but as the offences were of the same kind, committed within the space of twelve months, he might be charged with and tried at one trial for any number of them not exceeding three. In the present case, the accused had been tried for a large number of offences against different persons at different times—a proceeding calculated to embarass the accused in his defence. In drawing up the charges, Mr. Tagore remarked, the magistrate should bear in mind that they should be so framed as to inform the accused what specific offence he was charged with. He might, however, admit evidence of similar acts in other instances to show his guilty knowledge or intention in the cases in question. Where the question was whether the accused made the false statement assigned in the charge with intention to cheat, evidence to the effect that he had made similar false statements a short time previously, was admissible if it tended to show that, on the occasion which was the subject of enquiry, he was acting with a guilty knowledge. If not, it was inadmissible. The Sessions Judge remanded the case for re-trial with reference to the foregoing observations, and for passing a fresh decision according to law.

Their Lordships, on a review of the proceedings, were of opinion that, as the accused had already undergone the imprisonment, there was no reason for the new trial ordered by the Sessions Judge. The order was, therefore, cancelled.

The one India, one Governor, and one Commander-in-Chief proposal, *Atlas* remarks, has been for some time before the India Office, but as the constitution of the Army of the minor Presidencies with the Governments of those provinces, cannot be altered without an Act of Parliament, if the Secretary of State accepts the proposals of the Government of India the whole question will have to be threshed out in both Houses of Parliament. Opinions are diversified as to the advantages of the scheme, though great influence is being used in its favour.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—March 31st.

Dicken, Col., Madras, Staff Corps, proceeding to England, from Madras.

Thomson, Lieut, Bombay, 28th Pioneers, on duty, from Poona.

Marter, 2nd Lieut, Bombay, Rl Fus, on leave, from Poona.

Tanner, Lieut, Bombay, 9 Bo. Infy, on language leave, from Satara.

April 1st.

Corbett, Major, Bombay, 2nd Gloster, on duty, from Deolali.

Chose, Capt, Bombay, 28th Pioneers, on leave, from Poona.

Boyd, Surgn-Major, Bo, I M D, on duty, from Tanna.

Bavinsfalter, Lieut, Bl, 29th P Infy, on leave, from Peshawar.

April 2nd.

Keith, Lieut, Bl, 3rd Dragn Gds, en route to England, a on medical certificate, from Muttra.

So dy, Lieut, Bl, 19th Punj Infy, en route, to England, on private affairs, from Mian Mir.

Edwards, C B, Major-General, Bo 19th Punjab Infy, en route to England, from Deesa.

Carnegy, Lieut, Bombay, 2nd Bo. Rifles, on duty, to Kamptee, from Deesa.

Gordon, Lieut, Bo, 4th Bo Cavalry, on leave, from Sirur.

Crostwaite, Col, Bo R A, on leave, from Mhow.

O'Donnell, Capt, Bl, R, Dragoon Gdsmed cert, from Rawal Pindi.

Glasgow, Lieut, Bl, Queen's, R W S, on G leave, from Umballa.

King, Lieut, Bengal, Queen's R W S, on transfer, from Umballa.

Sahum, Major, Bengal, 3rd I H C, on leave, from Hingoli.

DEPARTURES.—March 30th.

Phillips, Lieut, Bo, R A, on leave, to Manaulody, Wynaad.

April 1st.

Pemberton, Colonel, Bombay, Marine Battn, on duty, to Persian Gulf.

Venable, Lieut, Bombay, 2nd Gloster Battn, on duty, to Deolali.

April 2nd.

Gorden, 2nd Lieut, Bl, 1st. Bord Regt, on duty, to Sialkote.

Marks, Surgn, Bo, M S, off leave, to Kirke.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col the Hon L H Bayley, Commandant, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, April 3, 1889.

1. The competition for the "Presidency Medal" will be held on the 4th instant. As a Volunteer Officer and Non-commissioned Officer are required to form a Committee for the "Presidency Medal," those willing to do so are requested to send their names to Head-quarters at once. Members competing for the "Presidency Medal" must wear uniform.

2. All arms and accoutrements are to be returned to Head-Quarters immediately.

3. The following are the names who are qualified to fire for the "Presidency Medal" :—Lt T M English, B Co ; Vol F N Fido, C Co ; Qr-Mr Sergt W Watkins, D Co ; Cr Sergt. E Thomas, B Co ; Vol., Major C E D Co ; Cr-Sergt J Keess, P Co ; Vol H Graveston, D Co ; Vol W Warner, B Co ; Vol F M Horne, A Co ; Vol W Stephens, D Co ; Sergt J W Seager, P Co ; Sergt Major Melvin, E Co ; Sergt H Black, D Co ; Vol C H Butler, C Co ; Sergt H Prescott, E Co : Major Brown, B Co ; Sergt S Myer, A Co ; Lt F W English, G Co ; Vol W Small, D Co ; L Corpl J Waller, B Co ; Vol J Douglas, D Co ; Capt H McKelly, F Co ; Sergt A D, Little E Co ; Capt Lund, E Co ; Vol C J Hall, B Co ; Vol E W Pyrke, A Co ; Capt W H Main, B Co ; Vol Jno Fido. B Co ; Cr Sergt W Boylette, D Co ; Lt N Devlin, A Co ; Vol J F Major, D Co ; Capt C Stephens, I Co ; Qr-Mr-Sergt Taborda, D Co ; Vol H Pridman, D Co ; Vol D Warner, E Co ; Vol J Brooks, E Co ; Lc Corpl F A Reddie and Capt. F A Little, Bo L Hores.

Bombay Light Horse.

The following orders are notified :—

4. The Annual Inspection will be held on the General Parade Ground this morning. All members are requested to assemble in rear of the Marine Lines, at 6-30 a.m., precisely.

5. The following members are granted leave of absence from Inspection :—Sergt L Rivett Carnac, Troopers W Gauhe, J Maclean, E P Smith, and T A Bland.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON,
Captain and Adjutant, B. V. R. orps.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, March 30.)

Home Department.

During the absence of the Governor-General in Council from Calcutta, the Assist Secy to the Govt of India in the Legislative Dept at the Presidency will have charge of that portion of the Home Dept which is left at Calcutta.

Medical.

The services of Surgn A O Evans, of the Madras Medical Service, are placed permanently at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma, with effect from the 18th Oct. 1888.

Surgn-Major S H Browne, MD, is re-appointed Joint Medical Officer of Simla, with effect from the 27th Feb. 1889.

Judicial.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to appoint Mr R F Rampini, Bengal Civil Service, Dist and Sessions Judge, Burdwan, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence on furlough of the Hon Mr Justice O'Kinealy, or until further orders.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Charles H Hill, Barrister-at-Law, Public Prosecutor to the Govt of the N-W Provinces and Oudh, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal during the absence on furlough of the Hon Mr Justice Wilson, or until further orders.

The Hon W Macpherson, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained furlough for four months and ten days, with effect from the 29th April, 1889, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H T Rivaz, Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, during the absence on furlough of Mr R T Burney, Bengal Civil Service.

Police.

The services of Lieut R H D Thring, 1st Madras Lancers, which were placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment with the Military Police in Upper Burma, by Home Dept Notification No 116, dated the 7th inst, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Dept.

Revenue and Agricultural Department.

Lieut W H Pollen, RE, Offg Depy Supt, 4th grade, Survey of India Dept, is granted sixty-one days' furlough in India on medical certificate, with effect from the 11th March, 1889.

Forests.

Mr S Hornidge, Offg Depy Consvr of Forests, 4th grade, Bombay Presidency, is transferred temporarily to the Central Provinces.

Patents.

Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed :—

Charles John Geneste, at present residing at Begum Serai, in the district of Monghyr, Managing Director of the Indigo Company, Limited. Amended specification of an invention for an improvement in the method of oxydizing the liquor obtained by steeping the indigo plant in the manufacture of indigo.

George Edward Moore, Ex Engr, P W D, residing at No 49, Barrackpore, in Bengal, for an improved form of permanent-way.

John Anderson, Railway Manager, of Burnbank House, Oban, in the County of Argyll, Scotland, for improvements in apparatus for ventilating railway and other carriages.

Frederick Robert Jones, MIME, State Engr, Sirmoor, Nahan, Punjab, India, for improvements in vertical sugarcane mills.

Dan Rylands, of Barnsley, England, Manufacturer, for improvements relating to the axle-boxes or bearings of carriages and other vehicles.

James Thorne, Merchant, of London, England, for improvements relating to lamps or lanterns for railway and other purposes.

Thomas Messenger, of 2, Clarence Lawn, Dover, in the County of Kent and Kingdom of England, Engineer, for improvements in machinery for compressing substances into convenient forms.

James Gresham, of the firm of Gresham and Craven, Engineers and Machinists, of Craven Iron Works, Salford, in the County of Lancaster, England, for improvements in apparatus for applying sand or other substances to prevent the slipping of the driving wheels of locomotives.

Williams Kuhn, of Clermont, Ferrand, France, Brewer, for improvements relating to the treatment of Beer and other fermentable and effervescent liquids and to apparatus therefor.

Foreign Department.

Surgn P D Pank, Civil Surgn of Bikanir, and Offg Agency Surgn in Ulwur, is granted furlough for one year.

Surgn-Major A F Dobson, M B, Residency Surgn, Bangalore, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st March, 1889.

Surgn-Major R V Power, M D, Offg Medical Officer, "Queen's Own" Madras Sappers and Miners, is appointed to officiate as Residency Surgn at Bangalore.

The services of Kazi Muhammad Aslam Khan, C M G, Assist Commissioner, 3rd grade, Punjab, and Offg Attache in the Foreign Dept, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of the Punjab, with effect from the 22nd March, 1889.

Assist-Surgn Abdur Rahim Hakim, Khan Bahadur, Native Assist to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, is appointed to officiate as Attache in the Foreign Dept, with effect from the 22nd March, 1889, vice Kazi Muhammad Aslam Khan, C M G, and during the absence on leave of Kazi Saiyid Ahmed, Khan Bahadur, C I E, or until further orders.

Capt R V Garret, Assist Commissioner of the 3rd class, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is appointed to officiate as an Assist Commissioner of the 2nd class.

Mr H S Barnes, Political Agent of the 2nd class, sub pro tem pore, and Political Agent in Quetta and Pishin, is appointed to officiate as Under-Secy to the Govt of India in the Foreign Dept.

Mr F L Petre, Offg Junior Under-Secy to the Govt of India in the Foreign Dept, is appointed to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class, and is posted as Assistt to the Resident in Mysore, and Secy to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

During the absence of the Govr-Genl in Council from Calcutta, the Secy to the Board of Examiners, Fort William, and Assist Secy to the Govt of India in the Legislative Dept, will have charge of that portion of the Foreign Dept which is left in Calcutta.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to issue the following orders :—

Surgn G E Fooks, Medical Officer of the 5th Regt, Bo Light Infantry, is appointed to be the Cantonment Magistrate of the Cantonment of Baroda, in addition to his military duties, and with effect from the 1st March, 1889.

Surgn Fooks is invested, with effect from the 1st March, 1889, with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the first class as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure, and with the additional powers specified in Schedule IV of the Code as powers with which a Magistrate of the first class may be invested by the Local Govt, the said powers to be exercised within the limits of the Cantonment of Baroda.

Lieut S F Bayley, Offg Sqdn Officer, 13th (Duke of Connaught's) Bengal Lancers, is appointed to officiate as a Political Assist of the 3rd class, and is posted as Assist to the Govr-Genl's Agent in Rajputana, with effect from the 25th March, 1889.

Lieut M A Tighe, Offg Political Assist of the 3rd class, and Assist to the Resident, and to the Genl Supt of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti at Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave for sixty days, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

Leave and Appointments.

The services of Mr L P Shirres, Offg Under-Secy to the Govt of India in this Dept, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of Bengal, with effect from the 7th April, 1889.

Mr E Lawrence, Enrolled Officer, Class IV, of the Financial Dept, is appointed to officiate as Under-Secy to the Govt of India in this Dept.

Mr R N Ray, Assist Comptroller-General, in charge of outside audits, has been appointed to officiate as Depy Accountant-General, Madras.

Mr R E Hamilton, Comptroller, Central Provinces, is granted furlough for ten months, with effect from the 1st May, 1889.

Mr C J Rivett-Carnac, Assist Accountant-General and Examiner of Local Accounts, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, Central Provinces, vice Mr R E Hamilton.

Mr C E Crawley, Assist Comptroller-General, is posted to the office of the Accountant-General, Bengal, as Assist Account-Genl and Examiner of Local Accounts in Bengal.

Mr L E Pritchard, Probationer, attached to the Office of the Comptroller of India Treasuries, is posted to the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor-Genl.

Mr C A Stuart, Offg Post-master-Genl, Punjab, is granted an extension of privilege leave for fifteen days from the 14th March, 1889.

Mr E Hodgkinson will continue to officiate as Postmaster-Genl, Punjab, during Mr Stuart's absence.

Mr H Farrer, Postmaster-Genl, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster-Genl, 1st grade, and Mr W P Symonds, Bombay Civil Service, to officiate as Postmaster-Genl, Bombay, and in the second grade of Postmasters-Genl during the absence on furlough of Sir F R Hogg, or until further orders.

Military Department.

Lieut E W Richards, B S C, 39th Bengal Infy, to be Depy Assist Commissary Genl, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 9th March, 1889.

The following extract, para 1, from a letter from the Right Hon the Secy of State for India No 41, dated 28th Feby, 1889, is published for general information :—The undermentioned probationers for the Indian Medical Service, having completed a course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and being reported qualified, have been appointed Surgeons on the Bengal Establishment, their commissions as such bearing date the 29th Sept, 1888, the day of their joining at Netley :—Herbert Edward Drake-Brockman, William Byam Lane, and Philip James Lumsden.

They will be entitled to reckon as service for pension the period of their residence at the Army Medical School, from the 29th September, 1888, to the 4th Feby. 1889, inclusive,

Major E B Standbridge, R A, is appointed Ordnance Officer, 1st class, with effect from the 27th March, 1889.

Lieut Herbert Charles Vesey, Lincolnshire Regt, Wing Officer, 2nd Sikh Infy, Punjab Frontier Force, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps from the 21st Augt, 1887, subject to confirmation by the Secy of State for India.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India :—Capt J F D Fordyce, Bengal S C, Military Accountant, 2nd class, 2nd grade, (p. a) for one year and 208 days.

Surgn-Major J Ellis, M D, (m c) for 270 days ; and Condr J Lindeboom, Commissariat Dept (m c) for one year.

Colonel R G Smyth, R E, Suptdg Engr, 1st class, P W Dept, is granted special leave for two years.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secy of State for India :—Col Sir J W Ridgeway, K C S I, C B, General List, Infantry, (p a) for 155 days ; Col A N Phillips, Infantry, (m c) for six months ; Lieut-Col C D Swete, Bengal S C, (m c) for three months ; Capt E W Dun, Bengal S C, (m c) for three months ; Lieut G Murray, Bengal S C (m c) for six months ; and Surgn-Major E Palmer, (m c) for six months.

Lieut M T Thomson, Bengal S C, 1st Battn, 4th Gurkha Regt, is granted an extension of leave (p a) to the 6th Febry, 1889.

Lieut W F M I Fraser, Bengal S C, 18th Bengal Infy, is granted an extension of leave (p a) to the 4th Feb 1889.

The following promotion is made subject to H M's approval :—Bengal Staff Corps—To be Lieut-Col—Major J Davidson, 24th March, 1889.

Retirements.

Lieut Col John Tulloch Whish, Bengal S C, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 13th April, 1889, subject to H M's approval.

Rewards.—The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers, under the provisions of clause 48, Indian Army Circulars, 1884, for services with the Sikkim and Hazara Field Forces :—

Sikkim Field Force—Sub-Condr J A Bryant (Bengal), to be Condr ; and Serg F Ferris (Bengal), to be Sub-Condr.

Hazara Field Force—Sub-Condr J W Litchfield, and Sub-Condr T Green (Bengal), to be Condrs ; and Sergt W Alves, Sergt L Walters, and Sergt E J Ryan (Bengal), to be Sub-Condrs.

Good Service Pensions.—It is notified that on the recommendation of the Govt of India H M's Govt has been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified :—From the 3rd March, 1888, in room of Col H P Hawkes, CB, Madras Staff Corps, succeeded to the Col's allowances.

Colonel (Brig-Genl) A T Cox, C B, Madras Staff Corps.

Volunteer Corps.

N-W Provinces Volunteers—Capt J H E Reid, 1st Battn, Scottish Borderers, to be Adjutant, with effect from 1st Feb, 1889, vice Major R G Handcock, who vacates the appointment on promotion to the rank of Major.

Public Works Department.

Lieut W J McElhinny, RE, is appointed to the P W Dept as an Assist Engr 2nd grade, and posted to State Railways. His services are placed at the disposal of the Director-Genl of Railways for employment on the Moghal-Sarai-Howrah Railway Survey.

Mr G W MacGeorge, Ex Engr, 1st grade, and Depy Consulting Engr for Railways, Lucknow, is granted furlough for 7 months, from 1st April, 1889, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Ex and Assist Engrs attached to State Railways with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieut-Col C F Shepherd, SC, Ex Engr, 1st grade, State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Depy Consulting Engr for Railways, Lucknow, during the absence of Mr MacGeorge on furlough.

Mr G V Martyn, Ex Engr, 2nd grade N-W Railway, is appointed Depy Consulting Engr for Railways, Lucknow.

The services of Mr [illegible] Wallace, Assist Engr 1st grade, Burma, on return from furlough, are placed at the disposal of the Agent and Chief Engr, Delhi-Ambala-Kalka Railway.

Mr W H Nightingale, Ex Engr, 1st grade, Bengal, is appointed Suptdg Engr, 3rd class temporary rank, vice Mr T H Wickes proceeding on furlough.

The Govr Genl in Council pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Exe and Assist Engineers attached to State Railways, with effect from the dates specified :—

J Wilcocks, from Assist Engr, 1st grade, to be Ex Engr, 4th grade ; E H Stone, from Ex Engr, 2nd grade, to be Ex Engr, 1st grade ; H T Wadley, from Assist Engr 2nd grade, to be Assist Engr 1st grade ; E I Shadbold, from Ex Engr, 3rd grade, to be Ex Engr 2nd grade ; E H Stone, from Ex Engr, 1st grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr 2nd grade ; E I Shadbolt from Ex Engr, 2nd grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 3rd grade ; W E Newham, from Ex Engr 3rd grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr 4th grade, sub pro tem ; P P Rogers, from Ex Engr, 4th grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 4th grade, temporary rank ; E C Elliot, from Ex Engr, 4th grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 4th grade, temporary rank ; W S Haig, from Assist Engr, 1st grade, to be Ex Engr, 3rd grade ; S DeBrath, from Ex Engr, 3rd grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 4th grade, sub pro tem ; J Tait, from Ex Engr, 2nd grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 3rd grade ; E-H Clementson, from Ex Engr, 3rd grade, sub pro tem, to be Ex Engr, 4th grade, sub pro tem and J R Tickell, from Ex Engr, 4th grade, sub pro tem, to be Assist Engr, 1st grade.

Consequent on the return from special duty on the 16th March, 1889, of Mr J H Lane, Director, Indian Telegraph Dept, Mr S P W V Luke, CIE, Offg Director, class III, reverted to his substantive appointment of Supt, class IV, 2nd grade, with effect from that date.

The following officiating promotions are made in the Indian Telegraph Dept, with effect from the dates specified and until further orders :—Mr E Dowsor, and Mr J L Ovens, from Asst Supdts, class V, 1st grade, to be Offg Supdts, class IV, from 9th March, 1889, and 12th March, 1889.

The following permanent and officiating promotions are made in the Indian Telegraph Dept, with effect from the 1st April, 1889 :—Mr W F Melhuish, from Supt, class IV, 2nd grade, to Supt, class IV, 1st grade ; Mr C E Pitman, CIE, from Supt, class IV, 3rd grade, to Supt class IV, 2nd grade ; Mr W Williams, from Supt, class IV 3rd grade, to Supt, class IV, 2nd grade ; Mr J W B Duthy from Asst Supt, class V, 1st grade, and Offg Supt, class IV to Supt, class IV, 3rd grade ; Mr H F Stevens from Assist Supt, class V, 1st grade, to Supt Class IV, Supt, class IV, 3rd grade ; A. B. Larkins, from Assist Supt, class V, 1stgrade, and Offig Supt, class IV, 3rd grade ; and Mr W R Philipps from Assist Supt, class V, 1st grade, to Offg Supt, class IV, until further order.

Survey of India.

Mr J Eccles, Offg Depy Supt, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for three months.

Ecclesiastical.

The Venerable Francis Rodon Michell, St Augustine's College, Canterbury, has been appointed by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta Archdeacon in the Archdeaconry and Diocese of Calcutta and Bishop's Commissary, with effect from the 6th Feb 1889.

Telegraph.

Mr J H Lane, Director, Telegraph Dept, is, on return from special duty, appointed to the Traffic Branch, with effect from the 16 March 1889.

Bank of Bengal.

The Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's Estabt :—Mr W Huntley, Agent at Akyab, to be Acting Agent at Moulmein, vice Mr T Smith, who has been granted leave to Europe.

Mr C J Michod, on his return from leave to be Acting Agent at Akyab ; Mr R T Horsford, Supt, Branch Dept, to be Agent at Benares ; Mr H M McConnel, Acting Agent, Benares, to be Actg Agent at Allahabad ; Mr M Logan, Agent at Allahabad to be Acting Agent at Lucknow, vice Mr A MacBean, who retires from the Bank's service ; and Mr J Coutts, on his return from leave, to be Actg Agent at Nagpore, vice Mr D E Burne, who has been granted leave to Europe.

Inspector General of Forests.

Dr H Warth, Instructor at the Forest School, Dehra Dun, is granted furlough for eighteen months.

Col H M Buller, Offg Comtd, Central India Horse, and Political Agent in Western Malwa, is granted privilege leave for sixty days from the 29th April.

Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.

Consequent on the transfer of Surgn G H D Gimlette to Rewah, Hospital Assist Syed Sujjad Hoosain is appointed to hold medical charge of the Deoli Irregular Force.

With reference to Foreign Dept Notification No 13 G, dated the 3rd Jan 1889, it is hereby notified that Surgn B Shore, MD, resumed charge of his duties as Offg Medical Officer, Kotah and Jhalrapatan, on the 30th idem.

With reference to Foreign Department Notifications, Nos 288-G and 383-G, dated the 20th Feb and 7th March 1889, it is hereby notified that Col J Biddulph and Major A P Thornton, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Harowtee and Tonk Political Agency on the 19th March 1889.

Chief Commissioner of Ajmere-Merwara.

With reference to Foreign Dept Notification No 38-3 G, dated the 7th of March, 1889, Capt C Herbert took over charge of the Office of Assist Commissioner, Ajmere, from Major A P Thornton, on the 16th idem.

Military Works Department.

Major H H Hart, RE, Ex Engr, 1st Peshin Divn, is placed in charge of the 2nd Peshin Divn, with effect from the 12th March 1889 in addition to his own duties.

Director-General of Railways.

Mr C E Vining, class III of the Superior Revenue Estabt of State Railways Traffic Dept, has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India a further extension of extraordinary leave, without pay, for one week, in extension of the leave notified in Director-Genl of Railway's Notification No 8 of 22nd Feb 1889.

Mr L H Butcher, Assist Engr 1st grade, has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of extraordinary leave without pay for six months.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 26th March as compared with the statement of the 19th March 1889 :—

Liabilities.	March 19. Rs.	A.	P.	March 26. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paidup	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	54,49,628	15	0	54,49,598	15	0
Treasury Balance	1,92,46,963	1	10	1,65,73,000	8	4
Other Deposits	2 87,22,-73	11	8	2,79,38,167	10	11
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,91,619	9	4	5,75,328	13	11
Sundries	9,76,576	12	3	10,59,821	5	2
Rs...	7,47,87,662	2	1	7,15,95,917	5	4

Assets.	Rs	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	2,77,574	12	0	6,78,551	12	0
Other authorized Invtmts	62,80,079	0	0	61,86,614	0	0
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	1,75,40,437	7	10	1,41,24,647	0	7
Credits on do.	96,40,822	8	2	97,08,149	12	2
Bills discounted	2,39,37,357	10	8	2,44,08,152	6	9
Balances with other Banks	10,43,143	10	2	9,24,930	5	5
Bullion	17,909	5	7	16,910	8	1
Dead Stock	11,16,286	13	3	11,16,401	12	3
Stamps	12,866	10	0	13,344	9	0
Sundries	2,48,537	12	3	2,63,573	3	7
Cash at Head Office	72,43,786	9	8	77,56,007	7	9
Do. at Branches	74,38,859	14	6	63,98,634	7	9
Rs.	7,47,87,662	2	1	7,15,95,917	5	4

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 1st April, 1889.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·860
Temperature of the Air	80·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	73·7
Dew Point	70·7
Relative humidity of Air	·715
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	86·9
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	74·0
General Directions of Wind.*	NNW, NNE, NNW, WNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	308

* From midnight to midnight.

Floriline !—for the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The s s Chicago, 1,250 tons, Captain W Morgan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull with a general cargo.

The s s St Fillans, 1,936 tons, Captain E D Fitzgerald, sailed yesterday evening for Genoa and Marseilles with a general cargo.

The s s Sorrento, 1,775 tons, Captain C Colman, sailed yesterday for Aden and Hull via Canal, with a general cargo and Mr Hume, as cabin passenger.

The sailing ship Colony, 1,694 tons, Captain J Owen, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Cardiff with a cargo of 2,593 tons of coal. She is consigned to the Captain.

The s s Hopetoun, 1,365 tons, Captain Prentice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Batoum, with a cargo of 70,197 cases of kerosine oil. She is consigned to The Bombay Company, Ld.

The s s Labourdonnais, 1,374 tons, Captain P Sibilet, arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden via Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and Mr J Rat, Mr and Mrs Kimm[illegible]ey as cabin, and 44 deck passengers

The B I S N Co's s s Karagola, 597 tons, Captain R W Gimblett, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and the following saloon passengers :—Mr Hughes, Mr A Baird, M Sandlands, Mr and Mrs McGell[illegible] Colonel and Miss Hunter.

The Clan Line s s Clan MacGregor, 1,926 tons, Captain S H Palmer, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Glasgow, with a general cargo, 1,490 cases of explosives, and the following cabin passengers :—Mrs Summerfield, Mr Hodgert, and Surgeon Bell. She is consigned to Messrs Finlay, Muir and Co.

The s s Hispania, 2,213 tons, Capt G C Boothby, cleared yesterday for Liverpool, &c., with a general cargo and the following passengers : Mr and Mrs Herr, and child ; Dr and Mrs Lukis and 2 infants, Mr and Mrs Bairnsfather and child, Capt and Mrs Spankie and 6 children ; Mrs Luard, Mrs Hardy and infant, Mr Cranford, Mr Ormrod and child, Mr Hinoch, Revd and Mrs Ferris and two sons, Mrs A B Thute and child, Miss Patten and child, Mrs Rice and child Hon'ble Mrs St Clair and child, Miss Harris, Miss Tnoby and infant, and Mrs Vincent and infant, and 28 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander	From.
1	Colony (s)	Owen	Cardiff, Nov 28.
2	Torpedo Boat B.	Page	Chatham, Feb 16.
	Karagola (s)	Gimblett	Kurrachee, Mar 30.
	C. MacGregor (s)	Palmer	Glasgow, Feb 23.
	Hopetoun (s)	Prentice	Batoum, Feb 9.
	Chicago (s)	Morgan	Hull.
	Labourdonnais (s)	Sibilet	Aden.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
2	St. Fillans (s)	Fitzgerald	Genoa & Marseilles.
	Hispania (s)	Boothby	Liverpool, &c.
	Sorrento (s)	Colman	Hull, &c.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Karagola, for Kurrachee via Kattywar Coast.
" Krishna, for Mangalore.
" Chicago, for Hull, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS.—April 2.

For Liverpool.

Olive Branch s—4,000 dholls coir yarn, D Khetsee ; 1,999 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co ; 352 bales cotton, B and A Hormarjee.

City of Edinburgh s—4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 1,000 cwts myrabolums, H Govindjee ; 495 myrabolums, E D Sassoon and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

Serapis s—76 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 3 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co ; 85 cwts cotton seed, The Bombay Co. Ld ; 453 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar.

For London.

Clan Murray s—35 cwts gum Arabic, N Damjee ; 4 cwts fishmaws, 11 cwts gum Arabic, 20 cwts horns, and 5 bales untanned hides, V Poonja and Co ; 12 bales tanned skins, H E H Allana ; 4,000 cwts linseed, C Dharsee and Co ; 40 bales cotton rags, H M Ebramji ; 87 cwts nux vomica, W Peeraj ; 2 bales tanned skins, and 1 bale untanned skins, D C Patel ; 70 cwts gum Arabic, S Pragjee ; 15 bales tanned skins and 3 bales tanned hides, H H Sidick ; 1,000 cwts wheat, D Sassoon and Co.

Pekin s—100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co ; 220 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 14 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 220 bales gun cotton, The Bombay Co Ld ; 85 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co ; 1,050 cwts castorseed, Lang, Moir and Co ; 35 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.

For Havre.

Katie s—300 bales cotton, Durst and Co.

For Marseilles.

Assama s—600 cwts gingelly seed, O K Abubaker ; 7,600 cwts wheat, 3,000 cwts groundnuts and 9,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros ; 999 cwts linseed, 3,000 cwts gingelly seed, 2,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co ; 811 cwts groundnuts, 990 cwts gingelly seed, 499 cwts castor seed, and 75 cwts poppy seed, C C Jussawalla ; 6,600 cwts gingelly seed, 2,001 groundnuts, 1,210 cwts castor seed and 125 cwts mowra seed, E D Sassoon and Co.

For Dunkirk.

Lilburn Tower s—3,998 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros ; 800 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros ; 1,999 cwts rapeseed and 3,999 cwts linseed, Lang, Moir and Co ; 8,004 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 10 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 232 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.

For Antwerp.

Akaba s—220 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 985 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co ; 850 cwts rapeseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 1,000 cwts wheat, Beyts, Craig and Co ; 460 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.

For Trieste.

Orion s,—330 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co ; 330 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co ; 880 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 1,550 cwts myrabolums, W Gwiller ; 220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

Schiehallion s,—385 bales cotton, Durst and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

Linda s,—552 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Ld ; 324 cwts myrabolums, W Gwiller.

For Venice.

Orion s,—300 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 100 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 450 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 4,002 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 2,630 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros.

Schiehallion s,—700 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros 100 bales cotton, Durst, and Co.

For Hamburg.

County of York s,—1,685 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 300 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co ; 320; bales cotton, Durst and Co ; 18 cwts gum Arabic, F Hurst ; 110 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co.

Schwan s,—1,000 cwt rapeseed, A Blascheck and Co.

For Odessa.

Iago s,—440 bales cotton, Finlay, Muir, and Co ; 252 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 880 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.

For Kobe.

Bormida s—60 bales twist, N J Sassoon ; 35 bales twist, S E Sassoon.

For Hongkong.

Bormida s—35 cws angoor, S Chandandass ; 84 bales twist, E Sassoon ; 53 bales twist, N J Sassoon ; 25 bales twist, C Bomanjee and Co ; 100 bales twist, A Joosub ; 162 bales twist, S J David and Co ; 300 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co.

Gwalior s—25 bales twist, H A Esmall and Co ; 6 cwts horns and 2 cwts ivory, M M Esabhoy ; 116 cwts kismies, C Ebram ; 75 cwts onions, B Ambajee.

For Shanghai.

Gwalior s—109 cwts kismiss, C Ebram ; 26 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

Bormida s—38 bales twist, S J David and Co.

For Calcutta.

Umballa s—505 bales cotton, R Luchmandass,

What the *World* calls one of the pleasantest berths for Indian officers has been secured by Colonel Sir William Lockhart, K.C.B., who is to succeed Sir Charles Brownlow on his retirement this month, from the post of Assistant Military Secretary for Indian Affairs at the Horse Guards. The duties of the appointment, which are very much what the Assistant Secretary cares to make them, place him in the centre of our military organisation, and procure him a valuable connection. There is little doubt that Colonel Lockhart will infuse into his work that energy which enabled him to make such valuable frontier explorations for the Indian Government, and gained him his K.C.B. eighteen months ago for his services in Upper Burmah.

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.

THE THIRD of a SERIES of Six Lectures, being the Wilson Philological Lectures for the year 1888-89, will be delivered in the Sir Cowasjee Jehanghir Hall of the University of Bombay on 3rd April 1889, TO-MORROW, at 5-15 p.m.

SUBJECT :—"ENGLISH VIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH ANGLO-SAXON AND ITS OTHER SOURCES."

LECTURER :—G. W. FORREST, B.A.

The Lectures are open to the public.

By Order,
P. PETERSON, M.A., D.Sc.,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1889.

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Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Worlee Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved, French-polished house-hold furniture, best plated-ware, very rich crockery and glass-ware, handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by "Richard Lipp & Soehne," handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate pictures and oilpaintings, a handsome strong-built victoria, a strong bamboo cart with hood, 2 handsome strong Arab horses, set of plated mounted harness, &c., &c., the property of S. TOMLINSON, Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA FIDE.
TO BE SOLD TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 4th April, at 1 p. m., the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, Linoges, China, dinner service for 12 persons, Minton tea and coffee sets, Dresden and Worcester China table ornaments, crown Derby dessert service in travelling case, complete glassware for 12 persons, Minton chamber sets, Japanese, China and English ornaments, new cooking stove with utensils, household requisites of every kind, including English cooking utensils, ice pail, &c., mostly new, lawn mover, choice garden plants, including 24 roses and 6 dozen violets just imported from England, the property of Colonel HIBBERT, Warden Road, Breach Candy.
The property of the Hon'ble J. B. Richey.
1 Bay pony goes in single and double harness and saddle, and ridden by a lady.
1 chestnut pony, goes in saddle.
The property of an other gentleman.
1 splendid roomy glass-f ronted brougham in very good order, suitable for one or a pair of horses.
1 fast-trotting Arab bro ugham horse, going and serviceable, height 15 hands.
2 pretty male canaries, guarant eed capital singers.
1 promising young male canary, and 2 pairs of nightingales,
2 pairs of Suez geese, and 6 pairs of imported pigeons.
1 handsome strong English built open carriage.
1 handsome iron grey Arab horse, 14-3, quiet and young.
Catalogues are ready and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway, Goods Depôt, Waree Bunder.
On FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed, to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place—
A quantity of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c.
The property of Government.
2. Tons—7-1-13 old iron rails.
0. ,, 3-1-20 old Fish bolts.
0 ,, 0-1-22 old Tiebars.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant at 2 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public, Auction at Church Gate Steert, near the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, several consignments of Fancy goods, consisting of flower vases, shades, inkstands, toys, dolls, accordians, corcertinas, tobacco boxes and pipes, hand organ, jewel boxes, looking glasses, photo frames and many other Sundry articles.
The property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 6th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.
AT 1-30 P.M.
1 bay arab charger 14-2, eight years old, quiet on parade and broken to harness, believed sound.
1 Kurrachee cow and calf, giving 8 seers of milk daily when in full milk.
1 handsome strong English-built glass fronted miniature brougham by Kesterton.
1 second-hand strong Victoria, with removeable coach box.
1 pair of handsome strong grey arab horses, 1-2 aged, quiet to ride and drive.
1 handsome strong black Persian horse 14, 3, 5 years old, quiet to ride and drive.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Ridge," Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood, plain and carved, French-polished, household furniture, best platedware, very rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of C. C. MICHAELIDES, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 28th instant. at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parli Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood, and teakwood Frenchpolished hous hold furniture by Wimbridge and others, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, handsome mahogany cottage piano by Soundy & Co., a first rate mahogany full sized slate billiard table by John Roberts and Co., with balls, cues, lamps, &c., one handsome strong-built Victoria, a fast trotting grey Arab horse and harness, two Kattiawar cows with calf, a hand sewing machine, a large size cooking stove, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of T. LIDBETTER, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO
Bombay, April 3, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF Handsome Arab Horses at the Stables of Shaik Essa bin Curtas, Bellasis-road, Byculla.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd April, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the stables of Shaik Essa bin Curtas, close to Messrs. Ludha, Ebram & Co., Bellasis-road.
A number of good Arab horses, including hunters and chargers, suitable for single and double harness and saddles, the property of Arab dealers proceeding to their native country.

SALE OF LEASEHOLD LAND, WITH WAREHOUSES BUILT THEREON, SITUATE ON THE ELPHINSTONE LAND ESTATE.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd April, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the surviving mortgagee Bai Shiv, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Tookaram Balajee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 2nd day of December, 1887.
All that piece of leasehold land, situate on the Elphinstone Land Estate, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 168 square yards and seven-ninths square yards, and bounded on the north by Baroda Street, on the south by Carnac Bunder Siding Road, North, on the east by the land in the occupation of Bhimjee Jeewa, and on the west by the Carnac Bunder Siding Road, North, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 3186, together with the warehouses and buildings standing thereon, and assessed under Nos. 94 and 94 A.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd April, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the premises of the Fort Press Company at Lower Colaba on account of the concerned.
A quantity of damaged cotton.

On SATURDAY, the 6th April at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Arthur Seat," Breach Candy, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teak wood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, handsome harmonium, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, Hink's patent hanging and table lamps, pictures, carpets, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of E. MILLER, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

HANDSOME EUROPE-BUILT CARRIAGES FOR SALE.
To be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. at their rooms on MONDAY, the 8th April, at 2-40 p.m.—
1 handsome Europe-built single-seated brougham with silk lining and brake.
1 handsome Europe-built Vis-a-Vis with moveable coach box and back seat, brake and moveable hood, for a single horse or pair.

SALE of ¾ths Share in a Valuable Property situate at Surat.
Under instructions from the Administrator General as administrator of the estate of the late Hormusjee Shapoorjee Powree, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th April, at 4 p.m.
The three-fourths share of the said Hormusjee Shapoorjee Powree, in a house situate in Farampoora, near Roostampoora, in Surat.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned at Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, April 3, 1889.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stands, &c.
Complete and easy reference.
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
PLEA OR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.
Price, Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 2.

THERE was a further drop of 1-16d. in Silver in London yesterday, making the price 42 3-16d. per oz. ; and in Rupee Securities there was a fall of ¼ per cent. in Fours, and of ⅛ in 4½ per cents. at £67 and £70¼, respectively. Consols were ⅛ per cent. higher at 98⅜ ; and still easier money is indicated by a further reduction of ¼ in the market rate of discount on short London Bills at 2 per cent. and of ⅛ on 6 months' sight Indian Bank Paper at 2½ per cent. There was a further payment of Gold into the Bank of England to the amount of about £125,000. Frrench Rentes in Paris were ¼ per cent. lower at 84½ ; Exchange on London had declined 1½ centime, say, to Francs 25·24½.

The Wheat Market remained dull, and Club No. 2 to arrive *via* the Canal had receded 3d. per quarter ; but other quotations come unchanged. From Mincing Lane we learn that there was more doing in Linseed at lower prices ; but the only change in rates is a decline of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta seed to arrive. Rape Seed was firm at previous prices. Coffee was dull.

COTTON closed firm in Liverpool last evening after a better day's business than at the close of last week, the Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 400 bales of surats, the market for these having been quiet. Mid-American remained at 5 11-16d. and spot East Indian Cotton was unchanged, as also were American Arrivals, except in the most distant position, in which there was a decline of 3-64d. per lb.

In New York the spot price was still 10 3-16 cents ; but June Futures were 5 per cent higher, at 10·25 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 8,000 bales, thus keeping ahead of the figures of the previous two seasons the totals now comparing as follows :—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Monday's Receipts...	8,000	6,000	5,000
Two days' do. ...	20,000	13,000	10,000
Since 1st Sept. 1888.	5,222,000	5,107,000	5,066,000

A considerable business has been done in our local market to-day, both exporters and spinners having been buyers, and the tone at closing was firm, through prices generally had undergone no quotable change. The reported purchases, aggregating not far short of 4,000 bales, consisted in great part of Oomra descriptions, principally Julgaum, at Rs. 202½-6 ; Dhulia, at Rs. 195-6½ ; Barsee, at Rs. 198 ; Oojein, at Rs. 193½ ; Khangaum, at Rs. 208 ; and Karanja, at Rs. 196½. Dhollera descriptions, represented by Bhownuggur at Rs. 208-13½ ; and ginned Veerumgaum, at Rs. 209½-13 were also taken to a fair extent ; as also were Bengals, at Rs. 178-197½. Some Baroda Ginned das changed hands at Rs 207 ; and a parcel of 200 bales old Veerumgaum found buyers at Rs. 185-9 per candy.

WHEAT.—Only a moderate business has been passing in this market again to-day : but the tone has been steady, and prices are quite unchanged for all kinds.

SEEDS.—A rather active demand has led to a considerable business to-day, and though *Linseed* has been quoted a shade lower, *Rapeseed* has advanced one anna per cwt., the market closing firm at our quotations, say :—

Linseed..........................	Rs. 6-4-0 to Rs. 6-4-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat........................	,, 7-4-0 ...... ,,
Do. do. Cawnpore.	,, 6-14-0 to Rs. 6-15-0 ,,
Do. Red do.......	,, 6-7-0 ...... ,,

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	18,020	bales.
Wheat	45,436	cwt.
Linseed....................................	22,002	,,
Rapeseed	9,279	,,
Gingelly	4,617	,,
Ground Nuts................................	3,368	,,

FREIGHTS continue dull depressed by relets, which have been offering from 23s. to 21s. 3d. according to port and cargo.

EXCHANGE which was steady in the forenoon with a moderate business passing, closed firm this evening at 1s. 4 5-16d. Bank Wire Transfer, and 1s. 4 11-32d. for Demand being offered in one direction. Business was done in the morning in 3 months' sight Credits at 1s. 4 15-32d. but the rate could not be had later in the day. We quote ready :—

Bank Bills on demand...	1s. 4 5-16d.to11-32d.per rupee.	
Do. Telegraphic...	1s. 4 9-32d. to 5-16d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight.	1s. 4 13-32d.	,,
Credits do. ...	1s. 4½d.	,,
Francs do. ...	1·73¾d.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened with a still upward tendency at 99 11-16 for Fours for each, but the rate soon advanced to par at which the market closed. For the next account there were sellers in the early part of the day at 100⅛, and at 100 7-16 for the end of May : but a further advance of 1-16 per cent. was afterwards established.

SHARES.—Enquiry has been slack in this market to-day, Mill shares, in common with other Scrip, having attracted little attention. City of Bombay and Queen Mill shares are Rs. 5 higher at Rs. 1,040 and Rs. 930, respectively, Coorla have advanced Rs. 2½ to Rs. 625 ; Colaba Land and Mill are Rs. 5 down, at Rs. 755, Mofussil Press shares are Rs. 2½ higher, at Rs. 422½

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	937½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	850
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	3,125	..	17½ do.	£19
National Bank of India..............	37,320	250	125	5 do.	116

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	...	£10	All	£3-16-9	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent...	...	£100	...	...	...

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,020
Empire Fire Insurance Co	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,060
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,900

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co., Ld..................	1,000 750	200 200	200 150	10 p.ct	195 100
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	155
Bapty Co., Ld..............	625		185	Nil.	75
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld........		00	0	6 p.c.	500
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	600
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	5 Rs. 5	82xd
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,300
Do. (3rd Issue) ...	2,000	62	375	Rs.	825
Bombay Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	500	...	475
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld..............................	3,000	100	100	Rs	20
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil.	470
Geyer & Co, Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Iadian Guaradted Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	256	250	...	6 150
Kemp & Co, Ld...	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	375
Marcks & Co., Ld.........	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	91
Napier Hotel Co..........	300	100	100	13 p.c.	
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co....................	1,500	100	100	...	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ...	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	220
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	22
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 19	355
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	50
Phillips & Co., Ld......	4,000	100	100	Rs.	114
Soundy & Co., Ld.......	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	90
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	105
Telephone Co., Ld......	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	83
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,305	500	100	Rs. 30	315
Thacker & Co., Ld.....	1,500	100		Rs. 10	165
Western India Flour Mills	000	12	125	Nil.	37 40
M. M. Mody & Co......					90

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

JEEJEEBHOY—April 1, at "Mazagon Castle," Mrs. Rustomjee N. B. Jeejeebhoy, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCY.

DEATH.

ANDERSON—March 29, at Muttra, of enteric fever, Lieut Douglas Alexander Gordon Anderson, 3rd Dragoon Guards, aged 22 years.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1889.

AN officer of the Bombay army, who has done excellent service in many fields, leaves India to-day on long leave, a large part of which, however, he will devote to professional purposes. Colonel G. C. Sartorius, after two and a half years' hard-work in what was until recently the most unsettled part of Upper Burmah, leaves to-day for the Persian Gulf, whence he will proceed to Europe by the Euphrates valley and by other routes which possess attractions to a soldier of his inquiring and energetic turn of mind. Since he left Bombay in 1885, Colonel Sartorius has had a busy experience. His regiment, the 1st Beluchis, left India in October 1886 to join in the already considerable force occupying Upper Burmah. The regiment returned last week, and in the two years and a half which it has spent out of India it has made meritorious additions to its records. The regiment joined the Brigade under General Lockhart and was first employed in the Nyingyan district. The story of its campaignings is one of hard work, of hard living, and sometimes of hard fighting. The country in which they operated was covered in great part by dense forests, difficult to traverse through the thick growth of underwood and elephant grass and cane-brake. As they had to put down what was virtually guerilla warfare, the plan of campaign was largely one of rapid surprises. Night marches were, therefore, frequent, and they were as difficult and as fatiguing as frequent. It was only by incessant pursuit through all seasons that the purpose of the campaign was accomplished, and it was accomplished by a force which for the sake of rapidity of movement carried no tents, and which often was in difficulties about its dinner. The ration question, indeed, was often a serious trouble to the hardy and plucky Beluchis, for the Burmese—strict Buddhists as they are—refused to sell anything that has life, a superstition on their part which is pleasant enough, no doubt, to the Lord Buddha, but which interferes greatly with the smooth working of a commissariat. The Beluchis, self-reliant and courageous as they proved to be throughout the campaign, had to make their prestige as they went on. The Burmese were at first unable to realise the distinction between Madras sepoys and the men of very different stamp who were furnished by the Bombay and Bengal armies. They learnt the difference in due course. At the time the regiment appeared in the Nyingyan district, the country swarmed with dacoits under various leaders. One influential leader, the Kemendine prince, was captured after a brisk pursuit by a wing of the regiment under Captain Sinclair, Major Jefferies and a party of Bombay Lancers aiding in the pursuit. Moung Luc, another leader, was surprised in his mountain retreat by Colonel Sartorius. An attack was made at about the same time by Colonel Holt, of the 2nd Queens, upon Sang Pe, a *ci devant* Buddhist monk ; but the ex-phoongye's position was so strong that General Lockhart himself had to go to the rescue before that formidable leader could be driven out. By the end of 1887 the war was officially regarded as at an end. But there was no real diminution of the difficulties and hardships of the campaign. During December 1887 and the succeeding month Colonel Sartorius made an expedition eastward into the Shan country, taking with him Major Broome and Captain Sinclair, the wing commanders of the regiment, and Lieutenant Moody of the 2nd Queens. The party, who were accompanied by two American Missionaries, went through a hitherto unknown country, and brought back information equally valuable to the political officers and to the Intelligence Department. Soon afterwards the regiment was ordered to the Shan Hills, and the head-quarters were fixed at Fort Steadman, a name which our telegrams have made familiar to our readers during the last twelve months. New work followed the breaking of new ground. The Shans became obstreperous. Some one of a mendacious imagination had been propagating rumours about disasters that had overtaken the British. The French, it was reported, had attacked and burnt Calcutta, and they were on their way to do the same with Rangoon. The commotion amongst the Shans was the greater from the fact that the garrison of Fort Stedman had left on a tour with Mr. Hildebrand, the political superintendent of the Shan States. A more serious cause of disturbance was the appearance in the Shan country of bands of marauding Red Karens from the country to the south. These latter joined in the disturbances that were going on amongst the chiefs, devastated the country and eventually seized part of a district that was under British protection. An expedition which was undertaken by Colonel Sartorius with two hundred Beluchis and fifty of the Rifle Brigade against these people was accompanied by some of the most creditable incidents of the campaign. The story is well told in a memorandum recently published by the Rangoon Secretariat. Mr. J. G. Scott, whose gracefully written books on Burma made him an authority on Burmese questions long before he joined the Government service, was in political charge of the expedition. Four days after the party left Fort Steadman news was received of an attack which had been made on the town of Mone by a noted freebooter named Twet Nga Lu. The march of the column was thereupon diverted towards Mone. Mr. Scott undertook to guide a mounted surprise party in the hope of capturing the dacoit leader. There was no mounted infantry in the column, and so all the officers' ponies were requisitioned. Six men of the Rifle Brigade and one Beluchi with Lieutenant Fowler of the Beluchis made up the party. Following a bye-path over the hills, they entered the town unobserved, entered the palace, and seized Twet Nga Lu almost before he had time to get out of his bed. The main body under Colonel Sartorius shortly afterwards entered the town and drove out the armed rabble. With the rebel Chief were taken six others who for months had been a terror to the eastern states. The British force stayed in the town long enough, to enable the rightful chief to return and then marched on to Maukmi, where the Karens had installed themselves. The news of the exploit at Mone had preceded them, and the Karens evacuated the place before the Beluchis arrived. After order had been restored a detachment of twenty-five Beluchis was left at Moukme in charge of a Subedar. The Karens returned to the attack a fortnight after Colonel Sartorius left, but were driven off by the gallant resistance of the small garrison. Lieut. Fowler came upon the scene soon after with a force reduced by sickness to no more than eighty bayonets. With this he attacked the Karen chief Sawlapaw's position south of Moukme. Dividing his force into two parties of forty men each he attacked the Karen stockade in front and rear. The attack was as successful as it was gallant ; the enemy broke and fled, leaving about one hundred and fifty killed and wounded. On our side the only casualty was a flesh wound. The Karens, however, were slow to recognise that they had been beaten, and an expedition in force had to be organised and sent into their country. Two columns were organised, one marching from the north and the other from the south, but the latter was so much hampered by the difficulties of transport and by bad roads that after a few marches it went back again. The Beluchis led in the advance on Saulon, the Karen capital, and did excellent service by the way. In one brush with the enemy a detachment under Lieut. Tighe killed one hundred and fifty of the enemy. Another lively incident of the advance was the crossing of the Pongchonge river, a stream one hundred and thirty yards wide with a swift current, and the forcing of the defile between the river and the town of Saulon. Service such as this and in such a country is necessarily costly. The regiment lost a great number both in fighting and from disease, and the strength of the regiment has also been reduced by extensive but necessary invaliding. It came back from Burma between two and three hundred short of the strength with which it went there. The services of the regiment have met with hearty recognition from the authorities. Colonel Sartorius's services have been warmly commended in a resolution forwarded by the Commander-in-Chief to the Bombay Government. He was specially mentioned with reference to the Mone expedition, and received telegrams of congratulation on that occasion from the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief. A brevet colonelcy coming three months after the command so given was attained, was not an extravagant recompense for the services done by the commander of the 1st Beloochis in Burmah. But the regiment made an excellent record in a very trying campaign, and the thought of rewards and honours must sit lightly upon the minds of men who know that they have added to its reputation. The gallant commanding officer of the Regiment has many friends up and down the Presidency who will wish him a pleasant journey through the little known lands through which he is about to make his way home, and they know that he will turn to good account the opportunities which he will find for adding to the store of knowledge at headquarters concerning regions about which the military authorities, whether in England or in India, cannot be indifferent.

THE departure from India of Sir Lepel Griffin to England, where he is too deeply immersed in home politics to give any attention to the ways of Native Princes, has not relieved the Bengal papers of any portion of the responsibility resting on them to denounce him for his high-handedness and to arraign him at the bar of an enlightened public opinion. In an article devoted to the consideration of the conditions which must be fulfilled if the policy of utilising the forces of the Princes of India for the defence of the Empire, is to have any chance of success, the *Amrita Bazaar Patrika* gives Lord Lansdowne much useful information as to the manner in which political officers, of whom Sir Lepel Griffin is taken as the most convenient type, violate the treaty rights of the Princes and thus at once destroy their good-will towards the Paramount Power. A few instances are mentioned, the first being that of "the treacherous act" of depriving the infant heir of the Maharaja of Rewa of the *gadee* which the Maharaja had made over to the Government "for a temporary period." "The mother of the minor Prince is now a fugitive from her own country and is spending her days in a jungle at the foot of a hill ! The Foreign Office treats her as a common woman, and the Under-Secretary addresses her simply as 'Madam.'" We shall next have a complaint that an ambassador treats a sovereign as a common man by addressing him simply as "Sire." The next case to which the Viceroy's attention is called is that of the Rana of Porebunder, "an old Rajput Prince, who did signal service to the Government during the mutiny." It is stated that "he incurred the displeasure of the politicals because he refused to accept one of their creatures for his Dewan."—Only this and nothing more. He had been guilty of the weakness of accepting "one of their creatures" as Dewan, but found the minister was only a spy upon him ; this Dewan was dismissed, and when he refused to accept another of the same sort, this persecuted Prince was "at once deposed by an act of the most shameful violence." This instance of oppression will, it is stated, be brought to the attention of Parliament, when "facts will be disclosed likely to create the utmost indignation against the Political Department." We can only say that the facts in question must be very different from those which we set forth in these columns with great exactitude not so many months since. The Porebunder Rana was a Prince whose systematic misgovernment of his subjects had been the object of repeated but quite unavailing remonstrance, and he was reluctantly removed from the *gadee* he disgraced, only when it was quite evident that no amendment could be looked for. There was never any question of resisting the appointment of a distasteful or disloyal Dewan ; but there was once a question of a man being forced to fling himself from the window of a tower in which he was shut up for a mere nominal offence in order to escape a worse fate. The Bengal paper has not a word of sympathy for the victims of this chief's brutality or of reprobation for the selfish avarice which hoarded up all the revenue, taken in grain, until it rotted, and left all the salaries of the State Officials unpaid for seven long years. It was about time that the Chief who had such a record against him should be removed from the *gadee*. The case of the Maharana of Jhalawar is next taken in hand ; it is affirmed that the Chief was an administrator of so much ability and independence "going about with his eyes open" that the Political Agent, Colonel Walter, became jealous of him "and reported unfavourably of him to Lord Dufferin, and compelled that weak Viceroy "to relegate His Highness to the position he held during his minority." As a matter of fact the young Chief, so far from acting independently and keeping his eyes open, placed himself completely in the hands of a set of wretched parasites who filled his mind with astrological nonsense. Lord Dufferin addressed to him words of counsel and warning, and gave him a year to improve the personnel of his council, and conform to the good advice given to him by Lord Ripon when he placed him on the *gadee*. The period of probation having passed unimproved, the late Viceroy deprived the Maharana of administrative rights, which are entrusted to a council. Nothing stands in the way of the Chief's restoration to full powers but a hesitation to break the spell of men who would prevent him from using those powers for the good of the State. It is wild nonsense to write that the Maharana was pushed from the *gadee*, "because he was able and independent." He is still Maharana, with all the dignity of his status and a large revenue. Similar nonsense is written about the ill-treatment of the Begum of Bhopal by Sir Lepel Griffin, which, it is averred, would have "convulsed society" if the feelings of the officials in India had not been deadened !

IF we want to see how the spirit which animates the Bengal press in dealing with questions affecting the relations of the native Princes to the Paramount Power works when applied to questions with which the writers might be supposed to be more at home, an article devoted to the administration of justice in the Allahabad High Court, on another page of the same paper, will furnish a convenient sample of misapplied ingenuity. Mr. Justice Straight reduced a sentence of death upon a Mahomedan widow, aged twenty-three, for strangling her illegitimate child to hide her shame, to a sentence of transportation for life. The writer, censuring the Sessions Judge of Cawnpore for sentencing the woman to death, tells his readers that he has never come across a case in which a woman was sentenced to death for such an offence in England. As a matter of fact the sentence must be one of death for infanticide in England, though it is the invariable practice to commute the sentence to one of penal servitude for life. This is exactly what has happened in India, but the Sessions Judge is taunted with saying "heroically," "I must do my duty," and Mr. Justice Straight's "humanity" in inflicting a sentence of transportation for life is contrasted with the emotion with which he sentenced—having no option as European—to four years' imprisonment for the murder of his wife. "His voice choked when passing the sentence, and he strongly recommended the authorities not to deprive the culprit, who was a military officer, of his pension." The fact is suppressed that the non-commissioned officer in question had yielded to a paroxysm of anger and despair when on returning from service in Burma he found that his wife had betrayed him in his absence ; he killed her in his fury. A French jury would have found "extenuating circumstances," M. Alexandre Dumas would have applauded him for acting up to the famous "tue-la" of his celebrated drama. Mr. Justice Straight, in the one case as in the other, pronounced the sentence which the law prescribes, but this element of compulsion is ignored wholly by the candid critic writing at his ease in Calcutta.

A PROPOSAL to perpetuate the memory of the late Colonel Watson, Political Agent in Kathiawar, was discussed at a meeting held in Rajkote yesterday. The chiefs of the various native states sent representatives, and the assembly included prominent members, our correspondent says, "of all castes, creeds and professions." A sum of Rs. 25,000 was subscribed before the meeting terminated.

GENERAL SIR HARRY PRENDERGAST, accompanied by Lady Prendergast and the Misses Prendergast, sailed on Monday in the British India steamship Sattara for Karachi, in order to take up his acting appointment as Governor-Generals' Agent in Beluchistan. Sir Harry Prendergast takes over charge from Sir Robert Sandeman to-morrow, and then proceeds to Quetta. Before leaving Baroda, whither he will return in October, the GovernorGenerals' Agent expressed his satisfaction with the way in which the State is being administered, and with the pleasant relations which had subsisted between the Presidency and the Gaekwars' Ministers.

THE six men and a lady belonging to the German mission who were captured by the Arabs nine weeks ago, have been liberated on payment of a ransom of 6,000 rupees, and the surrender to the Arabs of twelve slaves captured by the German war-vessel Leipzig,

THE departure of the Gaekwar's Yacht Zingara for Bankote has been deferred until to-day. His Highness will embark at Bankote, on his way from Mahabbleshwar, and will sail for Omrat, on the Guzerat Coast, where he will stay for a week, and then start for the Neilgherries. The Prime Minister of Baroda proceeds in the Zingara to Bankote to meet his Highness.

A FUND of Rs. 5,100 was subscribed by the friends and admirers of the late Mr. N. Spencer, Judge of the Small Causes Court, Bombay, with a view to perpetuate his memory among us. The amount has now been made over to the Bombay University authorities for the purpose of establishing an annual prize to be awarded in the name of the deceased gentleman.

AN evening party to wish *bon voyage* to Colonel and Mrs. Wilson will be given this evening at "Khuras Hall," Breach Candy.

THE Rev. T. Corfield, Chaplain of Igatpuri, writes :—"I am given to understand that people are afraid to come to Igatpuri on account of the supposed prevalence of small-pox. There was an out-break of the disease at Xmas. time. The place is quite free now."

SIR JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY has been put forward as a candidate for election, at the next meeting of the Senate, as a member of the Board of Accounts of the Bombay University.

THE death in Chittagong, of Lieutenant W. H Pollen, Royal Engineers, announced by a telegram from Calcutta, deprives the Survey Department of a promising officer. Lieutenant Pollen entered the army in 1879, and joined the Indian Survey in 1883. He possessed artistic gifts, and recent issues of the *Graphic* have contained campaign sketches from his pencil.

THE Government of Goa have resolved to pay off the over due loan of half a lakh of rupees, contracted some nine years ago for the purpose of buying six steam launches for river navigation, and which carried interest at the rate of 6 per cent., per annum.

MONSIGNOR SILVANO, who for the last three years has held the office of Secretary to His Grace the Patriarch Archbishop of Goa, has tendered his resignation, which has been accepted by the Portuguese Ministry, and it is said he is about to enter the order of the Jesuit Fathers, in imitation of his predecessor in office, Monsignor Antunes, D. D.

THE Archbishop of Goa, who is now in Lisbon, is not likely to return to India before September next, and will be accompanied by the Right Rev. Dr. Castro, now Bishop of Angola and Congo, as his co-adjutor, with the right of succession.

THE *Novosti* understands that the concentration of Afghan troops in Turkestan is due to the continued presence of Isak Khan at Samarcand, and that, were Isak to take up his residence in one of the western provinces of Russia, the concentration referred to would no longer have any object while counter measures on the part of Russia would be superfluous.

MESSRS. Cook and Son have undertaken the management of the Nile postal service.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AND THE NAVAL DEFENCES.

LONDON, April 2.

The amendment of Mr. Cremer that the proposed outlay on the Naval Defences of the country is unnecessary was rejected in the House of Commons last night by a majority of one hundred and seventy-one votes, and the Naval Resolution was adopted.

Lord George Hamilton (First Lord of the Admiralty) will now embody his proposals in a Bill.

THE BIRMINGHAM ELECTION.

A triangular contest is probable for the seat for Central Birmingham left vacant by the death of the Right Hon. John Bright.

Mr. Albert Bright is the Liberal Unionist candidate, and Mr. Beale, the Gladstonian Liberal candidate. The Conservatives have not yet selected a candidate.

RETURN OF THE QUEEN.

Her Majesty the Queen starts to-day from Biarritz and arrives at Windsor Castle on Wednesday.

RUSSIAN GRIEVANCES AGAINST ROUMANIA.

BUCHAREST, April 1.

Russia has demanded explanations of Roumania for various grievances and notably for the expulsion of Russian subjects from Roumania.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL BOULANGER.

PARIS, April 1.

M. Quesney has superseded M. Bouchez as Public Prosecutor.

THE LATE COLONEL WATSON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOTE, April 2.

Yesterday a very large meeting of representatives of states and of friends and admirers of the late Political Agent, Colonel Watson, was held in the Rajkote High School, to express their sympathy with the family of the deceased officer and to consider the question of raising a fitting memorial to perpetuate his memory. Their Highnesses of Jamnagar, Bhavnagar, Dhrangadhra and Gondal, and the Thakore Sahibs of Wadhwan, Chuda and Wala, had sent down special representatives. All castes, creeds and professions were rspresented. and all present were deeply affected. Colonel Hancock, Mr. Macnaghten, Messrs. Wajeshanker Gavrishanker representing the Maharaja of Bhavnagar; H. A. Wadia, Gopalji Surbhai, Cooverji Koyaji and other gentlemen representing states and professions, spoke in touching terms of the popularity, the good qualities, and sterling worth of the deceased colonel, both as a private friend and a public administator. Subscriptions amounting to over Rs. 25,000 in aid of a memorial fund were provided and many more are expected.

OPENING CEREMONY OF THE VICTORIA JUBILEE HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY.

(FORM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, April 2.

Last evening there was a large crowded meeting of native and European gentlemen to witness the opening ceremony of the Victoria Jubilee Hospital and Dispensary for women and children, constructed by Mr. Runchorelal Chotalal, C.I.E. Mrs. Sheppard, the wife of the Commissioner of the Northern division, presided. Mr. Runchorelal Chotalal gave a short history of the Institution, and requested Mrs. Sheppard to open the buildings. The Revd. Mr. Taylor spoke very eloquently in praise of the work done. Mr. MuhiputramRupram delivered an exhaustive speech in Guzerati, and the proceedings were concluded by a very able speech delivered by Mr. James, the Collector. Mrs. Sheppard declared the institution open, after which the buildings were inspected by the visitors. Madame Blim, the lady doctor, who is appointed in charge of the institution also arrived yesterday. She seems to be a lady fully qualified for the work. The meeting broke after the usual distribution of flowers and *pansoparee*, and three hearty cheers for the success of the institution.

MILITARY CHANGE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, April 2.

Colonel Symons, of the 2nd South Wales Borderers, has been appointed to command the third Brigade in Upper Burma in *loco* Colonel Collet, who goes on leave.

THE *PIONEER* ON THE KASHMIR AFFAIR.

The *Pioneer* still asserts its belief in the story of a secret meeting between the Maharaja of Kashmir and the ex-Dewan Luchmandass.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND THE DECCAN.

The Government of India has recommended to the Secretary of State a settlement of the Deccan Mining Company's affairs on the basis telegraphed a short time ago, of which the main feature is the doubling of the working capital by the issue of deferred shares; but there are minor modifications of terms which are certainly not made in Mr. Watson's interests. It rests, however, entirely with the India Office to say if the settlement proposed is acceptable from their point of view, as it is from that of the Indian and the Nizam's Government. Mr. Watson cannot now reasonably raise objections, as he has practically accepted the terms which have now been formally drafted on this side. The final ratification of the settlement may be announced any day. The settlement thus adopted, as is well-known, is that which has gone under the name of Mehdi Hussain's scheme. The alternative plan is that which was favoured by Nawab Mehdi Ali, who was representing the Nizam's interests in the matter at London, until ill-health compelled him to return to India. The difference in the two is that under the latter the extra capital required for working the Deccan Company's concession would come out of the £850,000 made by the concessionaires, whereas it will now be raised by a fresh issue of shares. The Resident, it is no secret, thought Mehdi Ali's the more equitable arrangement, but the Minister, rather late in the day, gave his adherence to the other plan, which has been adopted. This is the sole ground for the stories that are abroad of a disagreement between the Resident and the Minister.

THE VICEROY'S DEPARTURE FOR SIMLA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 2.

H. E. the Viceroy and suite left Government House at 6-15, and Howrah at 6-30 last evening *en route* to Simla.

OPENING OF A DHARAMSALA AND LIBRARY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KUMTA, April 2.

The ceremony of opening the Victoria Jubilee Dharmashala and Library was performed yesterday (the Hindoo new-year's day) amidst great rejoicing; Rao Saheb Krishnarao Dattarya Sholapoorkar presiding. The Jubilee buildings and spacious Mandap in front were tastefully decorated with evergreens, arches, flags, and buntings. Among over 4,000 people assembled were present Municipal Commissioners, local officers, landholders, shets, Savakars and pleaders. The President after expressing regret at Mrs. Blathwayt being unable to preside, dwelt upon Her Majesty's great personal virtues and the blessings of peace and progress. A feeling of great devotion and loyalty towards Her Majesty prevailed throughout the assembly. After the customary distribution of *atar*, *gulab*, flowers and *pan supari*, the assembly rose with cheers to Her Majesty and the President, and proceeded to witness the pyrotechnic display with which the day's proceedings terminated.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, April 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kangra left here for Bombay and Kurrachee day before yesterday morning.

LIVERPOOL, April 1.

The Hall Line steamer Branksome Hall arrived here from Kurrachee *via* Marseilles, yesterday morning.

LISBON, April 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Goorkha, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, passed here this evening.

PORT SAID, April 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Huzara, homeward bound from Bombay and Kurrachee, left here this evening.

SUEZ, April 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lindula, outward bound for Bombay and Kurrachee, left here the day before yesterday evening.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Shannon arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackay from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo arrived here on the evening of the 30th inst.

COLOMBO, April 2.

Mail steamer Clyde from Bombay arrived.

Mail steamer Parramatta from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, April 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16

The Manchester market has been quiet.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1 4 1-16
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	98¾
3 per cent. French Rentes	84¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67
4½ per cent. „	70¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108
Bar Silver	42 3-16

The sum of about £125,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT. April 1.

10 p.m.	78·3

TUESDAY, April 2.

6 a.m.	71·7
10 a.m.	81·2
2 p.m.	84·0
4 p.m.	83·1

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(April 2.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

America.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

China.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Line Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT

Simla, April 2.—The pressure has continued to increase over the greater part of the country, but a slight fall is reported over Burma, the head of the bay, part of the N.-W. Provinces and the south of the Peninsula. Pressure remains very uniform, but is lower along the foot of the hills and over Burma than elsewhere. The normal Westerly winds characteristic of the commencement of the hot season, prevail down the Gangetic Plain, but elsewhere very variable. The temperature has increased in the Punjab, N.-W. Prrovinces and central parts of the country and has fallen elsewhere. There has been slight rain in the Central Provinces and the Deccan.

ARRIVAL OF A THIRD TORPEDO BOAT.

On Monday evening at 7 o'clock Torpedo Boat "B," Captain B. Page, arrived in harbour. She left Chatham on the 16th February, called at Plymouth on the 19th, leaving the same day for Gibraltar, where she arrived on the 24th. She next called at Malta on the 1st March, leaving on the 2nd for Port Said, arriving there on the 6th. She left Port Said on the 7th and arrived at Suez on the 14th, leaving for Aden on the same day, and arriving at Aden on the 21st. She left Aden for Bombay on the 26th, and arrived here on Monday evening, at 7 o'clock. Torpedo Boat "B," experienced the worst of whether during the whole of her voyage. The other two boats, "A" and "C" had pleasant passages as compared with the "B's" experiences. Her bows were bulged in, in the Red Sea, and she grounded 40 miles south of Suez, and had to put back, as she was found to be leaky. She was, therefore, taken into dock to be repaired. At 12 o'clock on Monday, she was eighty miles from Bombay, and had only a few hundredweights of coal on board. This quantity not being sufficient to bring her into harbour, sails steeped in oil, coils of rope, several provision casks and everything available as fuel was burned to keep the engines going until she got into the harbour. On her whole voyage the Boat "B" had head winds, and heavy seas to make her way through, and should have been in harbour before the others had it not been for her detention of five days at Aden and Suez for repairs. The Crew will be sent back again to England, and she will be manned by lascars.

Major-General Sir George White will leave Burmah at the end of the month for India, to assume command of the Quetta Division, writes the *World*. General White was brought on to the list of divisional commanders of the Bengal Army on the death, last year, of Major-General Lynch; but in the then disturbed condition of Upper Burmah it was not thought advisable to interfere with him, and therefore he has remained at Mandalay, directing the operations against the dacoits. These have been so successful lately that the disturbed districts are all quieting down; and it is hoped that ere long, the newly-acquired province will be not only settled but prosperous, the revenue having advanced of late years by leaps and bounds. To Sir George White is due no small amount of credit for the changed aspect of affairs. His administration of the military operations has throughout been most masterly, and shows him to be an officer deserving of the fullest confidence.

There is to be a meteorological observatory on the top of the Eiffel Tower in Paris.

THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY VOLUNTEERS.

The General Officer Commanding the Bombay District inspected the Head-Quarters companies of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps at Parel at 5-0 p.m. on Friday last, the 29th March. The Inspecting Officer was received with a general salute. The General, accompanied by Captain Thatcher Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, then made a minute inspection of the men's clothing, arms and accoutrements. The Battalion was then formed up for marching past, which was done in column in quick time, then in quarter column, and afterwards at the double, and they then formed up on their original alignment. These movements were very creditably performed, but the march past at the double was not quite so good as that in quick time. The Cadet (G.) Company, under Lieutenant Anderson took part in the salute, and in the first march past, and did it very well indeed. The Battalion was then put through the manual and firing exercises by Major Luard, and very little fault could be found with the performance. The men were then put through the bayonet exercise by Captain Harrison, the Adjutant, and worked smartly and well. After this they went through several battalion movements under their Colonel and afterwards under Major Luard. These were done very well particularly the marching, which was well in step, and the intervals in fours were well kept. The Battalion was then broken up into Companies and drilled under the Company Officers. The General made a very close inspection of the Cadet Company at drill, first under Lieutenant John Anderson, and then under the Sergeants of the Company, and the little men acquitted themselves to the General's evident satisfaction. The Battalion was finally formed into line and advanced in review order. After the salute, Brigadier General W. T. Budgen addressed the men and said it was the first time he had had the pleasure of inspecting an Infantry Volunteer Regiment, and he hardly knew what to expect, but he must say he was most agreeably surprised. The drill was very good, and a most noticeable feature was their marching, the step being smart and brisk, and the whole reflected great credit on the officers of the Regiment particularly when it was remembered that they were a railway corps, and therefore had great difficulty in getting together for drill. At the same time there were faults to be mentioned. In a few instances the belts were too loose, and there was rather too much staring about in the ranks. In mentioning the Cadet Company, he said he was very much pleased with their smart appearance and good drilling, and the Regiment was fortunate in having such a nucleus for forming future Volunteers.—The Regiment was then marched to the Armory and dismissed, after which refreshments were provided at the "Mechanics Institute," which were much appreciated after their 2 hours' dusty parade. The General then made a close inspection of the armories and arms &c.

The following gives the Field State:—

Present on Parade.	Officers.	Sergeants.	Band and Buglers.	Rank and File.	Total.	Total enrolled strength.
A Co.	5	9	34	44	92	93
C Co.	1	4	1	21	27	51
D Co.	1	4	0	26	31	53
G Co.	1	3	0	22	26	35
Absent with leave.						
A Co.	1	0	0	0	1	...
C Co.	0	1	0	23	24	...
D Co.	1	0	0	21	22	...
G Co.	0	0	0	9	9	...
Total enrolled strength	10	21	35	166	232	232

The officers on Parade were Colonel W. S. S. Bisset, Honorary Colonel, Lieut-Colonel H. G. B. Hargrave, Comg. 1st Bn, Major E. S. Luard, Captain and Adjutant C. F. Harrison, Captain H. H. Deane, Lieutenants C. Parker, J. Anderson, H. M. Steuart, Honorary Surgeon J. T. Gray and Lieutenant and Quarter-Master A. Rule.

It may here be mentioned that the up-country Companies were inspected by Major General S. de B. Edwardes, C.B, at Ghadechi, and Colonel C. M. Browne, at Ahmedabad, on the 22nd December 1888 and 16th March 1889, respectively.

THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I would have replied to the letter of the "E. S. Q. R.," which appeared in your issue of the 6th ere this, but I was at Calcutta, and since my return I have endeavoured to get all the information I could about these coast steamers from reliable sources, a rather difficult task when it is intended for publication. However, I got all I wanted, and a good deal more, and not from "custom-house officers or other irresponsible persons."

Your correspondent says my quotation from the Merchant Shipping Act is misleading. The exact words are "No foreign going or home trade passenger steam ship." I hold that every passenger steamer plying outside the harbour limits is a steamer in the Home trade, and both Captain and Engineer should hold certificates. With reference to the 50-horse power clause, which your correspondent quotes from the Native Passengers' Act, I may say that there is no mention of fifty-horse power in the Imperial Act, and I question the right of the Indian Government to relax the provisions of an Act of Parliament and grant privileges to the "spoilt children" of India which the Legislature denies to Britisher. As "E. S. L. R." challenges me to mention any steamer over fifty-horse power, when the full complement is not carried, I will do so. I enquired at the Port Office and at the Custom House for the name of the certificated Engineer of the ill fated "Vaitarna," but they could not give his name or the number of his certificate for the simple reason there was no such person there, nor for months previously. It never struck those who conducted that Court of Inquiry that in all probability the cause of the disaster was a breakdown of the machinery, which rendered the ship temporarily unmanageable, and as a natural result she was swamped. As regards other steamers over fifty-horse power, I am informed it is only *within the past five or six weeks that a few qualified men have been engaged*. The steamer "Cutch" is also over fifty-horse power. I would like to know the name of the certificated Engineer who ran her some time ago. The "Hindoo" is considerably over one hundred nominal horse power, and by law is required to carry a first and second class engineer.—Iam informed that for months past they had no qualified second. These are all steamers plying under the Native Passengers Act, and before leaving the harbour are obliged to get a certificate that the full complement of crew is on board. Query.—How has this been obtained?

I would also direct attention to the "Mobile," King Arthur, and Henry Balkow and the Sultan of Zanzibar's steamers, which, although under a foreign flag, are as much liable to survey as if they were flying the red ensign and owned in Bombay. It is very unfair to owners who comply withthe Act; is unfair to those who go to the trouble and expense of educating themselves to obtain certificates; and it is unfair to the travelling public who expect that officials will do the duty for which they are paid. Englishmen are already heavily handicapped owing to the Free Trade bugbear, and they are at least entitled to all the protection the law grants them. It is refreshing to see that the vacancies in the Pilot Department are open to British subjects only. As one is so used to "No English need apply," this comes as a surprise.

I may add that the whole question of the manner in which certificates to masters, mates, and engineers have been issued in Bombay and Bengal, is at present in the hands of one of the trades representatives, with instructions to bring the matter before Parliament and demand an enquiry. I am returning to England on Tuesday, and if "E. S. L. R" will address a note to 5, Avon Street, St. Phillips, Bristol, I will give him a good deal more information, as natives dont keep secrets.—Yours, &c.,

REX.

Bombay, March 31.

"ROUGH ON CATARRH."

Corrects offensive odours at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequalled as a gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath.

"ROUGH ON PAINFUL AILMENTS."

Why suffer? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Hæmorrhoids." Sure cure for any form of hæmorrhoids.

STOPPAGE ON THE TULSI WATER MAIN.

Early on Monday morning, an accident occurred on the Tulsi water main, near the Mahaluxmee Station, which involved the stoppage of water from the Tulsi Lake until yesterday evening. The supply of water in the Malabar Hill reservoir has been much reduced thereby, and we are informed by Mr. Tomlinson, Deputy Engineer, Water Works, that it will be necessary for some days to curtail the supply of water to the city. There is no fear, at present, of a water famine, but the pressure and quality will not be so good as usual. It is expected that the Malabar Hill reservoir will be refilled by the close of the week, after which the usual supply will be given.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE ELECTION.

The following is the list of Councillors proposed and seconded for Election as members of the Standing Committee at the Meeting of the Corporation, to be held on the 4th April 1889, with the names of their proposers and seconders.

1.—Mr. Abdula M. Dharamsi, proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta, and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani.

2.—Mr. Thomas Blaney, proposed by Khan Bahadur Muncherjee C. Murzban, ASSOC. M.I.C.E., and seconded by Mr. Fazalbhoy Visram.

3.—Mr. Cowasji Hormasji, G.G.M.C., proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta, and seconded by Mr. Thomas Blaney.

4.—Mr. Dosabhai Framji, C.S.I., proposed by Colonel G. L. C. Merewhether, R.E., and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta.

5.—Mr. J. F. Fernandez, proposed by Mr. Harkisondas Narotamdas, and seconded by Mr. K. M. Shroff.

6.—Mr. Grattan Geary, proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta, and seconded by Mr. G. Cotton.

7.—Mr. Jamshedji Palanji Kapadia, proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani.

8.—Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani, and seconded Mr. Thomas Blaney.

9.—Mr. K. M. Shroff, proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta, and seconded by Major H. O. Selby, R.E.

10.—Mr. Kaikhusro N. Kabraji, proposed by Mr. Thomas Blaney, and seconded by Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, R.E.

11.—Sir Henry Morland, Kt., proposed by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., and seconded by Mr. J. R. Duxbury.

12.—Mr. Muncherji Nowroji Banaji, proposed by Mr. Grattan Geary, and seconded by Mr. Abdula M. Dharamsi.

13.—Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, proposed by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani.

13.—Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, proposed by Mr. G. Cotton, and seconded by Mr. J. R. Duxbury.

14.—Mr. Narotam Gordhandas, proposed by Mr. R. N. Khote, C.I.E., and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani.

15.—Mr. Raghunath Narayan Khote, C.I.E., proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, and seconded by Mr. Muncherjee N. Banajee.

16.—Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory, M.D., proposed by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., and seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta.

17.—Major H. O. Selby, R.E., proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani, and seconded by Mr. Thomas Blaney.

18.—Rao Saheb Vasudev Jagannath Kirtikar, proposed by Rai Bahadur Luchmansing and seconded by Mr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatavadekar.

19.—Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I., proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Rahimtula M. Sayani, and seconded by Mr. Narayan G. Chandavarkar.

The Voting papers will be delivered to members personally, at the time of the Election. Extract from Nos. 6 and 7 of the rules for the election of members of the Town Council, Bombay. Rule No. 6.—"Each member may vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies. At the time of voting, each member of the Corporation will place a cross on the right hand side of the ballot paper opposite the name of each candidate for whom he votes, thus + and will then fold up the ballot paper, and without showing the front of the paper to any person will, in the presence of the Chairman of the meeting, put the paper into the ballot box. If a member votes for more candidates than there are vacancies or places any mark on the paper by which he may afterwards be identified, his ballot paper will be void and will not be counted."

Rule no. 7 provides that no ballot paper will be received after one hour from the hour for which the meeting has been called.

The number of vacancies is eight, the candidates number nineteen.

SEWRI CEMETERY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—If "Spectator," whose letter appeared in your paper of the 1st instant, is sure that he is correct, and will be so good as to communicate with me at once, he will be rendering a service to the Bombay Christian Burial Board, whose desire is to prevent demands for money being made by their servants on visits to the Sewri Cemetery.

Notices are placed in the grounds, cautioning visitors not to give fees to mallees, diggers or others, and pointing out that any contributions which visitors may wish to make towards the upkeep of graves, are to be paid to the clerk, and a receipt taken from him. And for general information, these rules are by the courtesy of the proprietors of the local "guide" and "calendar," published therein from year to year. Unfortunately, however, some visitors take no heed of the notice board or the published rules, and fee those of the servants who are dishonest enough to accept gifts. The consequence is that when these men are detected in disobeying the rules they are either dismissed or fined, and only last month two men were each fined three times the amounts of the sums which they had improperly asked for, or received, from a young lady and from a gentleman,—Yours, &c.,

THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
Bombay Christian Burial Board.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, April 2.

BARODA WATER SUPPLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

Sir,—I am constrained to refer to a statement in your correspondence columns in re water supply of this city.

The scarcity which has come upon us has been fully anticipated by me for many months past, and, as far as it lay in my power, we have been grappling with it ever since.

The *kutcha* wells are but an infinitesimal part of the measures employed. They are scattered over numerous portions of the city; they afford wholesome water; and some similar wells which are old have been renovated to yield a better supply. These "verhadas" which we are still increasing are most useful in supplying water to the cattle and for domestic purposes. For, excepting one, all tanks have dried up.

Large *kutcka* tanks are also now sunk to the joy of the people, which would furnish large quantities of very drinkable water.

There should undoubtedly have been much severer scarcity by this time, for several hundreds of sweet water wells have both been cleaned out and deepened; new wells have been sunk; and the river streams have been well impounded. Sometime ago I made various practical suggestions in reference to the Mowlakhy and other wells which even with their great distances could be better utilised under the circumstances pointed out by me. The several hundreds of wells now improved would have had no water by this time but for the timely action taken; and most of them now contain plenty of water.

I am sure, with the full aid of my colleague and the Head of the Administration, the present distress which is now considerably mitigated owing to the quiet and far-reaching exertions employed, will be successfully overcome; and I have now solicited the Administration to place from rupees ten to fifteen thousand at my disposal—besides the twenty two thousand we are now spending without having to incur delay in obtaining detailed sanction. With all the threatened, and certainly ominous scarcity of water, we have most successfully coped with constant fires, have preserved thirty miles of watering, and I have received but few distressing calls at my office and abroad for water.—Yours, &c.,

DINSHAW ARDESHIR.

Baroda, April 1.

The whole yearly petroleum output in Russia amounts to 32,000,000 poods; of which the firm of Rothschild has in its hands, according to the *Novoe Vremya*, the control of more than one-half.

OPENING OF THE SUKKUR BRIDGE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SUKKUR, March 28.

H. E. the Governor and Lady Reay could hardly have experienced more favourable weather on their voyage in the I. M. S. Dalhousie to Karachi *en route* for Sukkur, to open the bridge across the Indus there. The sea was comparatively calm all the way, and after a pleasant trip, the anchor was dropped, between one and two o'clock on Tuesday morning, outside the harbour at Karachi. By six o'clock all the voyagers were awake and on deck, dressed for the landing. Then the anchor was heaved again, and as the vessel slowly steamed towards the landing stage at Kiamari, the flags which floated over the quay, and the crowds of people assembled there showed how the news had spread that the Dalhousie had arrived, and how anxious were the inhabitants to accord a fitting welcome to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, though his visit was to be but a short one. The vessel had hardly drawn up along the Erskine Wharf than Mr. Pritchard, the Commissioner, dressed in full uniform, stepped on board across a scarlet carpeted gangway, accorded a hearty welcome to Lord and Lady Reay, and invited them and staff to be his guests until their departure for Sukkur in the evening. The reception at Karachi, howhowever, was not yet over. His Excellency and Lady Reay and party—which consisted of Colonel the Hon. N. G. Lyttelton, Military Secretary, Dr. Irving, Captain Forbes and Captain Brooke, A.-D.-C's; Mr. Edgerley, Private Secretary, and His Excellency's guest Colonel Firebrace, accompanied by the Commissioner, Colonel Crawford the Collector, Captain Parker the Port Officer, Mr. Price the Port Engineer, Mr. Jenkins, Assistant Port Engineer, and Colonel Simpson—entered a special train provided for them, and were conveyed from Kiamari to the Cantonment Railway Station, whence they were to depart later in the day, for Sukkur. The station had been for the occasion made gay with decorations of crimson cloth, while on the platform were assembled many officers, both civil and military, belonging to the place, in full uniform. Amongst them were General Boyce Combe, Major Sharpe, Commanding the Royal Lancaster Regiment, Major Buckle, Commanding E-2 Royal Artillery, Major Reilly, and Captain Harrison, Staff Officers, Major Teed, Chief Commissariat Officer, Captain Gray, Captain Winter, Colonel Grant, District Judge, Rev. Mr. Watson, Mr. M'Pherson, Judicial Commissioner, Mr. Coglan, Harbour Master, Mr. Hassan Ali Effendi, Turkish Consul, Deputy Surgeon-General Turnbull, Surgeon-Major Craig, and Captain Chapman. As the train approached the Cantonment Station, a salute of seventeen guns was fired. Then as the distinguished visitors alighted from the train and stepped into the Commissioner's carriage which was awaiting them, a guard of honour of the 4th King's Own Royal Lancaster Regiment under Captain Carleton, gave His Excellency the royal salute, after which H. E. and Lady Reay drove off with Mr. Pritchard to his bungalow, to breakfast, and to rest before proceeding on their long railway journey to Sukkur. Five o'clock was the hour fixed for the departure from Karachi, and it was only a few minutes after that hour ere Lord and Lady Reay, their Staff and all the guests who had been invited to accompany them, took their seats in the special train. Between eight and nine Kotri was reached, and there the excursionists alighted to dine. The railway company certainly deserves credit for the effective decoration of the refreshment room where dinner was served, the place being bright with flags of many nations. The meal having been comfortably partaken of, the all-night journey was begun.

RECEPTION AT SUKKUR.

About seven on Wednesday morning Sukkur Main was reached. The stay at this station was, however, short, and the train was run slowly down to the approach to the great bridge, where His Excellency and Lady Reay alighted on a temporary platform carpeted in red cloth, and especially erected for the occasion. The scene here was almost indescribable. The inhabitants had assembled in thousands, and it seemed as if the whole of the people of Sukkur and neighbourhood had turned out to add to the liveliness of the scene, for nothing was to be seen but a sea of dusky faces, beyond which towered the gigantic girders of the immense structure, all garnished with flags and evergreens. On alighting from the train the Governor and Lady Reay were received by Colonel W. A. J. Wallace, R.E., Director of the N.-W. Railway, while a guard-of-honour composed of a hundred men of the 3rd Punjaub Volunteers, gave them the royal salute. They were then led to where stood the members of the Sukkur Municipality, and on their being presented to Lord Reay.

Rao Bahadur Deewan Govindbatash Awatrai, vice-President of the Municipality, offered an address of welcome which he read as follows:—

May it please your Excellncy,—We the Municipal Commissioners of Sukkur request permission to again tender to your Excellency on behalf of ourselves and the inhabitants of this town our respectful and cordial welcome on the occasion of this your Excellency's visit for the purpose of opening the Bridge over the Indus between Sukkur and Rohri. The Municipality of Sukkur still continues to advance in prosperity. The Municipal revenue for the past year amounted to Rs. 1,21,751, and the expenditure to Rs. 1,03,210. Octroi duties form the chief source of the revenue. To meet the wishes of Government our Schedule has again been modified, the items of taxation being reduced from 32 to 17 by striking off charges on necessaries of life and recouping the loss by increasing the tax on articles of luxury and other items that could best bear it. These changes have received the sanction of the Commissioner in Sind, and will come into force on the 1st April 1889. The improvements to our drainage system are now nearing completion, and will be completed within the next three months. We are fully alive to the importance of obtaining a good and pure supply of drinking water, and we hope shortly to submit a water supply scheme for the sanction of Government. Education is still making fair progress in Sukkur. The cost to the Municipality on account of education last year amounted to Rs. 30,313; of this amount Rs. 10,000 was set apart for the Upper Sind Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Rs. 5,000 as a contribution to the Sind Arts College Building fund, and Rs. 2,000 to the Mahomedan Madrassah Building fund. We desire to give expression to our feelings of loyalty and devotion towards Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria Empress of India, under whose beneficent rule we enjoy all the blessings of peace, and earnestly pray that she may long be spared to rule over us. Finally we beg to thank your Excellency for the honor done to our town by your visit, and wish your Excellency long life health and happiness. With this expression of our sentiments we beg to subscribe ourselves—your Excellency's most humble and obedient Servants.

Alfred H. Mayhew; C. E. S. Steel; J. G. Single; E. S. H. Neale; F. E. Robertson; Govinbaksh Awatrai; Chetanram Awatrai; Pesumal, Bhawandas, Ghausalishah, Gobindrai, Khushaldas, Tiloksing, Phagunmal, Hotechand, Abdul Majid, Fatehchand, Dewandas, Najmudin, Rustomjee Nanabhoy, Pallanjee Cursetjee, Jan Mahomad, Hayatali Shah, Ghulam Shah, Mohamadali Shah, Ali Mahamad Khan, Muhandas.

His Excellency in reply said:—

Colonel Mayhew and gentlemen, I am extremely grateful for the kind way in which on this occasion, you have again welcomed me to your prosperous city. The feelings of devotion expressed to theSovereign are such as I know are generally felt towards Her Most Gracious Majesty by the inhabitants of this very loyal province. Your address has that tone of confidence which unfortunately I do not always find in the addresses which on these occasions I receive, but which I am happy to say, is, in your case, thoroughly justified. I have since the time I last visited Sukkur, carefully followed what you have done in the various directions upon which I then had the pleasure of having some conversation with you. You have been fortunate enough to have financial resources at your disposal which have enabled you to carry out several of the measures we then contemplated. You have been able to reduce octroi duties, by removing them from all articles of first necessity or use in manufactures, and you have recouped yourselves by increasing the duty on such articles as are considered luxuries by the population, and by a house-tax. This is a judicious financial policy, which if you only carry it out logically, will ultimately lead to the extinction of all octroi duties. But that is a Consummation on which I shall leave my successors to congratulate you. Then with regard to education, you have very wisely determined to avail yourselves of the natural laboratory which the railway has been good enough to establish for you in their workshops, and to start in connection therewith, a technical school so that you may no longer be outstripped in the race by smaller localities in kind which have been most successful in starting lessons in various handicrafts of which the credit is mainly due to a sagacious Deputy Collector, Khan Bahadur Kadirdad Khan. I notice, with pleasure, that you give your support to the Arts College at Karachi. That College deserves not only to receive from the inhabitants of the place where it is located, but it can only be maintained in perfect efficiency by the joint continuous efforts of all the inhabitants of this province, and specially of the inhabitants of an important town like yours. Meanwhile you will not fail to keep efficient your system of primary and intermediate education on which you have hitherto bestowed all the attention it requires. Then, gentlemen, as there is nothing in your address which can elicit other than complimentary remarks, I have now to congratulate you on what you have done in the way of sanitation. The fact that your drainage has been taken in hand is much to your credit, and I can only hope that other towns whose names are present to my mind at this moment, will take a leaf out of your book. I have no doubt that the defects in your water supply will, ere long, be cured. Sukkur will then be inscribed in gold letters in the roll of towns of this presidency in which local self-government has been attended with beneficial and practical results. I know that to Colonel Mayhew that success is due in a large measure, and I am sure I am only speaking in your name when I pay him that tribute of respect which he has earned. I should also like to refer to the eminent services of Mr. Nash which I know you deeply regret you are going to lose, for a great deal of the burden of the work has fallen upon him, and few could have rivalled his tact and zeal which gained for him the confidence of all classes of the people. But in the future, as in the past, I am sure that Sukkur will not be wanting in energetic men to undertake those responsible duties whose conscientious and assiduous discharge secures the progress of Municipalities.

THE OPENING CEREMONY.

A move was next made towards the gates of the bridge in front of which another halt was made for the consecration ceremony.

Bishop Mathews said:—

Our help is in the Name of the Lord,
R. Who hath made Heaven and earth.
Blessed be the Name of the Lord,
R. Henceforth, world without end.
Prosper Thou the work of our hands upon us,
R. O prosper Thou our handiwork.

Then having repeated the Lord's Prayer, he continued as follows:—

Prevent us, O Lord, in all our doings with Thy most gracious favour, and further us with Thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in Thee, we may glorify Thy Holy Name, and finally by Thy mercy obtain everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen. O Almighty God and Heavenly Father, of Whose only gift come all wisdom and understanding, all skill in design and cunning of the craftsman, Who hast made of one blood all nations of men to dwell on the face of the earth, and in these latter days hast drawn them together by many wonderful inventions; we bless Thy Holy Name for that Thou hast prospered our undertaking, and enabled us to bring to a happy issue this great work. Preserve us from all boastfulness and self-sufficiency. May this Bridge be a highway of peaceful communication; and may all our industrial undertakings strengthen the empire of our Most Gracious Sovereign, promote goodwill and brotherhood among her people, avert from the poor and needy famine and distress, and advance the knowledge of Thy truth and the fear and love of Thy most Holy Name. Grant this, we beseech Thee, for the merits of Thy Son, Jesus Christ our Lord, to Whom, with Thee and the Holy Ghost, be all honour and glory, world without end, Amen.

Colonel W. A. J. Wallace, R.E., in requesting His Excellency to perform the ceremony of opening the bridge said:—It fell to his lot to have the honour of asking His Excellency to open that bridge which had been built by Mr. Robertson. It had been duly tested by Government, and everything was found satisfactory; but it was unfortunate the testing officer was unable to be present on that occasion. He had nothing more to say but merely to ask His Excellency to be good enough to declare the bridge open. (Cheers).

Mr. F. E. Robertson, Superintending Engineer, of the Bridge, presented Lord Reay with a key of novel and at the same time handsome Damasque workmanship, which His Excellency inserted and turned in the lock, upon which the ponderous gates parted, and amid defening cheers the most gigantic structure of the kind the world has yet seen was open and ready for traffic. It was at this moment that Mr. F. Bremner, photo artist, Karachi, who was ready on the spot with his camera, took a photograph of the ceremony, of which he was successful in making an admirable picture. The Governor and staff, followed by the guests who had been invited to the opening, crossed the bridge in order to view more closely the wonderful specimen of engineering skill, and get a view of the river on either side, and the country around. A rather curious sensation was felt on approaching the centre of the bridge. It is curious, that although a few days previous the bridge underwent a severe test, three trains heavily laden with metal and stones having been run over and allowed to stand on it without any quivering being perceptible. the crowd of pedestrians now crossing it caused it to swerve from side to side to such an extent that it was sometimes difficult to prevent oneself from falling. But this was only natural, and there was no need for the alarm some expressed and plainly showed, for the effect of a train passing steadily over is very different from a swaying crowd.

Sukkur is by no means a pretty spot; it is not a place where the excursionist would care to make a lengthy stay, for the surroundings are not at all attractive. There is little vegetation, and all around naught else meets the eye but sand of a dirty greyish hue, and straggling houses built of bricks and mud. But it must be said the view from the centre of the bridge possessed, if not much beauty, something to arrest the attention. There was the Indus, dotted here and there with curious looking craft, stretching away on either side, dividing the sandy desert, out of which to the south, rose the hill upon which stood the fort, whose irregular walls dark though they looked, and possessing nothing of ornamentation, though they were, lent what might be termed a gloomy picturesqueness to the scene. This dull picture—what the artist might term a study in grey—was enlivened by the thousands of people who crowded the banks of the river, while on the sandy plain under the battlements of the fort, tents from which could be heard the sounds of music, merry-go-rounds, and swings, gave the place the appearance of a fair.

LORD REAY ON THE PROGRESS OF ENGINEERING.

On returning, the Governor and party, and about two hundred and fifty guests, proceeded to a large building which, while the bridge was in course of construction, had been used as an engineering shop. There breakfast was served, and the place was beautifully and uniquely decorated in honour of the event. Flags, the majority of which, strange to say, were the "stars and stripes" of America, hid the brick walls from view, were suspended across the roof, and as curtains, draped the entrances; while after the fashion of trophies, circular saws, hammers, and all manner of tools used in engineering, surmounted by groups of small flags, hung upon the walls. His Excellency Lord Reay presided at the feast. On his right hand were, Colonel Wallace, Lady Reay, Commissioner in Sind, H. H. Mir Ali Murad, Colonel Mayhew, Mr. Hecquet, and Miss Macpherson; on his left sat Mrs. Robertson. The Bishop, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Macpherson, Miss Pritchard, General Coombe, Mrs. Hecquet and Colonel Dowden. Amongst the others present were:—Major Pitt, Colonel the Hon. N. G. Lyttelton, Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. Pitt, Colonels Grant, Firebrace, Macrae, Mr. Lambert, Colonel McNair, Mr. McLellan, Mr. Edgerley, Mr. Ripling, Mr. Sandipool, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Gutershah, Mr. Tupper, Dr. Irving, Colonel Sparkes, Captain Hewitt of the I. M. S. Dalhousie, Major and Mrs. Boughey, Mr. Walton, Mr. Rutherford, Mr. Upcott, Mr. Townsend, Lieutenant B. Carter, Mr. Gales, Mr. Biscoe, Mr. Ivens, Mr. Bright, Mr. Kelly, Mr. Adam, Mr. Humfress, Captain Woon, Mr. Rennick, Dr. Dimmock, Mr. Brereton, Mr. Moore, Mr. Steele, Mr Giles, Mr. Mules.

His Excellency, after breakfast was over, first proposed the toast of "The Queen-Empress," which was pledged with enthusiasm.

His Excellency next rose to deliver an address, which was the signal for a loud and prolonged round of cheering. Silence having been restored he said:—

My Lord Bishop, ladies and gentlemen,—His Excellency the Viceroy has asked me to offer to you the expression of his great regret that he cannot be present here to-day at this very auspicious opening of the Sukkur Bridge as it has been called hitherto. I have however, obtained from him permission to call this bridge the Lansdowne Bridge. (Cheers). I am sure that it will not be long before the Viceroy will pay a visit to this great structure over the Indus. (Cheers). I do not know whether this is the spot where Alexander breakfasted with his superintending engineers Perdiccas and Hephæstion, but neither do I know that he breakfasted elsewhere, so that perhaps to enhance the solemnity of the occasion, we may take it for granted that we are seated on the very same spot on which Alexander sat several centuries ago. (Laughter and Cheers). I do not suppose however, that Alexander contemplated that the Indus would ever be bridged over at two places, in so short a time comparatively, after he left these shores, very much to the relief of the inhabitants. (Cheers). Sind is essentially what I venture to call an engineer's paradise. (Laughter). It is difficult to realise what Sind would be without engineers. (Laughter and cheers). We certainly should not have irrigation, and consequently no land revenue, we should not have any railways, we should not have any accessible harbour at Karachi, but what we certainly should be able to enjoy to our hearts' content, would be the capricious operations of the Indus. We owe it in the first place to our engineers that the Indus from being an uncontrollable factor in the situation has become comparatively a subdued and fertilising agent, although requiring constant attention to prevent its giving us the slip. But we cannot forget that, the Indus is a link in the chain of our defences which aim at creating a sense of security by invulnerability. One of the first conditions of progress is the sense that you will be allowed to reap what you are sowing. This bridge over the Indus and the railways which are connected by it are intended to reduce our vulnerability to a minimum, and to raise our peaceful advance along the whole line of industrial, artistic and scientific progress to a maximum. Without a strong front there could and there would be no progress in the rear. (Cheers.) Therefore we are justified in looking at these great works of Civil and Military engineering skill as bulwarks of progress behind which other Pioneers of Western Civilization are allowed steadily and safely to improve the condition, moral and material, of the people of this great Empire. (Cheers.) We have been told lately by a great authority that in India arithmetic was first developed. The numerals 1 to 9 came from India; and that quantity which in mathematics is so important—0 Well, if we received from India the knowledge of arithmatic, I think we are to-day reciprocating the compliment, because without arithmetic there would certainly have been no Lansdowne Bridge (Cheers) and the use which has been made of arithmetic by our friend Mr. Robertson is best illustrated by the fitness of his executive work. (Cheers.) Through Mr. Robertson's inventive capacity, through his unvarying devotion to his duty through the fact that he thought nothing unworthy of his constant personal attention to detail—by no means a common virtue—it has come to pass that this bridge is the work of only two engineers; and I may perhaps add one boy—(laughter)—so that it is essentially the work of two men and a boy. (Laughter and cheers) But this is not all. A minimum of establishment has been accompanied by a minimum of cost and delay. The largest structure of its kind at present in the cantilever system, this work of exceptional magnitude has been constructed at a cost of four lakhs of rupees below the sanctioned estimate, and it has been finished six months before the time it was expected to be completed. (Cheers.) It would not be inappropriate if some percentage of the savings went to make up Mr. Robertson's scanty remuneration. (Cheers.) Then I think our rejoicings to-day would be even greater. (Renewed cheers.) There is another very satisfactory factor which I ought not to omit, and which perhaps Mr. Robertson will allow me to connect with the name of his indefatigable colleague, Mr. Hecquet, who, one this occasion, represents in the most happy fashion our historic ally of former days of co-operation between the two Great Western powers. (Cheers.) We owe it to Mr. Hecquet that the number of fatal accidents in connection with the construction of this bridge, has been limited to six, which number, as compared with the causualties in other works of the kind, represents an unusually low percentage, and reflects the greatest credit to those in charge of the work. (Cheers.) Sir Guilford Molesworth before he quitted his office, left on record, the very high appreciation he had of the services of both Mr. Robertson and Mr. Hecquet. (Cheers.) And if I may be allowed to utter a wish on this occasion, it is that my successors will one day be able to pay the same compliment that I am paying to-day to the dual control of this bridge by congratulating Mr. Robertson and Mr. Hecquet on the successful erection of a bridge over the Indus at Kotri. (Loud cheers.) When I began I alluded to this bridge as being one of the chief links of what I ventured to call the chain of invulnerability of our Empire. But there is another aspect. This bridge will also contribute materially to promote commerce and industry, and in that respect also it will materially add to our safety. If we can, over this bridge, establish a permanent current of imports and exports to send from our neighbours in Afghanistan, we may thereby cement our friendship with that power and obtain the same results which have been brought about by the introduction of railways in the frontier country are accompanied by the skilful policy of Sir Robert Sandeman. It is from that point of view also that we must look at the juxtaposition of these two great factors of trade,—the railway and the river; because though of late years, water traffic has been rather at a discount, in comparison with railway traffic, still we cannot forget that as our trade increased in volume it may be necessary again to make some advance to that discarded suitor, because the capacity of railways is, we are told, only one-tenth of the capacity of carriage by water. That consideration has led the French to pay special attention to their Canals. The day therefore not be far distant when the volume of our trade will be such that we shall have to ask, as we are now doing in England, with the Manchester Canal for the relief of canals, and we shall then have to turn our attention again to the stream flowing under this bridge. However, this may be, to-day we look at the Indus from another point of view as a vanquished obstructionist. We see it conquered and bridged over. I trust that this bridge will be another monument of the blessings, which have accrued to the people of India from their union with her Majesty's Dominions. Those who will travel over it will not be unmindful of the knowledge and labour that have been spent upon it. (Cheers.) We often forget that it was only at the beginning of the century, that the guard of the mail coach used to sound his trumpet to get a cart out of his route. (Laughter). We live in much happier times, we owe an ever-increasing debt to science for its conquests, and we are only witnessing the beginning of the scientific era. The close of the nineteenth century, is most conspicuous by the great influence exercised by engineering skill in altering the relationship of nations by obliterating distance and the ramparts of nature. The international competition is now going on all over the world between engineers, leaving the spectator lost in constant wonder at what he will see next. In this history of uninterrupted progress of engineering works, you may be sure that the construction of the Lansdowne Bridge will occupy a foremost place. It will be one of the great landmarks connecting the engineering science of the past with the engineering science of the future—whatever may be its future development—and whenever that bridge is referred to the names of Mr. Robertson and Mr. Hecquet will be mentioned with respect. I propose to you the toast of "Success to this bridge" coupling it with the names of Mr. Robertson and Mr. Hecquet. (Loud and continued cheers.)

Mr. F. E. Robertson, in reply to the toast, said :—

He felt some apology was necessary for the few words he would speak in returning thanks for the kindly manner in which the toast proposed by His Excellency had been responded to, for the profession of an engineer was not one which generally called for the display of any special oratorical powers. An engineer did not, as a rule, require to choose his words so as to conceal his meaning—he simply required to express his meaning in the fewest and most direct words. He might detain them, he said, by giving statistics as to how many times, for instance, the bridge would reach the moon if drawn into wire and so forth, but considering the time of day and the place, he would refrain. He would, however, require to say a few words about the work, the completion of which had been celebrated that day. No doubt they would all attribute his haggard and careworn appearance to nights of anxiety he had passed on the bridge. (Laughter.) But that he could assure them was not the case. The only anxiety he had felt was during the past few days, and that was lest the guests might not receive the entertainment which they justly deserved for their pluck and courage in encountering the long and troublesome journey to Sukkur. Of course there had been difficulties to overcome, the work had not been so easy as some might imagine; but the difficulties of construction had really not affected him. After having settled the plans of operation, he simply left the matter in the hands of his able colleague, Mr. Hecquet, and he looked upon the work as done. (Cheers.) With such a small amount of trouble in the matter of red-tapeism and with such assistance as he had received, he thought he might look upon Sukkur Bridge as having been the pleasantest piece of work he was ever likely to get while he was connected with the Public Works Department. Before concluding he must acknowledge the services of other departments not directly connected with the bridge; and if he forget to mention any of them, he must ask them to consider the oversight not as due to forgetfulness or to want of appreciation, but to the excitement of the moment. He must thank its locomotive department for the vast help rendered by them, especially when so much work was lying in their own shops. He also had to acknowledge the services of a department which usually get more blame than praise—he meant the stores department. (Cheers.) Their space on Bukkur was so limited that every piece of iron used in the construction of the bridge had to be stored at Karachi, and sent to the place of operation piece by piece as it was wanted; and it was due to the exertion of Mr. Heilly and his subordinates that the work was accomplished with so very little trouble. It was also his duty to pay a tribute to the assistance rendered by Messrs. Edgerton and Adam who were engaged on the inspection of the work in England, and had very materially facilitated the work by furnishing him with the accurate measurements for the setting up of the structure, and other information required. He must not forget either what they had done there in assisting him with the calculations and drawings. In conclusion he would on behalf of Mr. Hecquet and himself simply return their most sincere thanks for the kind way in which their healths had been pledged, and also to H. E. and Lady Reay especially had honoured the opening ceremony with their presence, by coming so great a distance—he feared at some personal inconvenience, and at no very favourable time of the year. (Cheers.)

Col. Wallace next proposed the healths of Lord and Lady Reay, which toast was enthusiastically responded to.

His Excellency, in replying, said :—

I thank you sincerely for the very kind way in which you have received the toast. I am sure there could be no more pleasant task for the Governor of Bombay than to perform a function such as has fallen to my lot to-day. Though this bridge brings us within a measurable distance of Punjaub, still I wish to send to our friends in the Punjaub—and I believe some of them are here—a most cordial greeting assuring them that the greater the number of Punjaubees travelling over this bridge as Bombay territory the happier we shall be. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) Among the many surprises we have had here to-day, is that of finding that we have not only a very distinguished engineer in Mr. Robertson; but also an excellent speaker. (Cheers.) I can only hope that this, his maiden speech, will be the forerunner of many a happy oratorical efforts on similarly auspicious occasions. We have not yet exhausted his accomplishments, and we have not done justice to his power of producing harmonious sounds. It is not only as an orator, but as an organ-builder, that he contrives to gratify the sense of hearing, and I can bear witness to his merits in this respect as the church which I usually frequent in Bombay has a Robertson organ—(cheers)—which in its construction display the same ingenuity which we have had occasion to admire in the construction of this bridge. (Loud Cheers.)

After breakfast His Excellency and Lady Reay with staff went on the river in a steam launch, where they spent the greater part of the day, and in the evening, after dinner, left the cantonment station in special train for Quetta. The holiday making in Sukkur was kept up all night, a dance having been organized in honour of the great event, while late in the evening there was a magnificent display of fireworks, which lasted for about two hours. On Wednesday Sukkur was almost as busy as the day previous; all the trains being crowded with visitors to the Lansdowne Bridge.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION AT DHULIA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

DHULIA, APRIL 1.

THE prize distribution ceremony of the local High School came off this morning. The Collector, Mr. Loch, presided. There were also present, Mr. Moscardi, the District Judge, Mrs. Moscardi, Mrs. Fergusson, Miss Fergusson, Rao Saheb Kathare, the 1st. class Sub-Judge, Rao Bahadur Mule, Rao Saheb Joshi, Rao Saheb Gore, Rao Saheb Garud, and many others. The place selected for the ceremony was the spacious oblong in front of the school Gymnastic Hall. Mr. Keskar, the Head Master, referred to the progress and condition of the school during the official year. He said that the number on the rolls was a little below 175, though Government have sanctioned the limit to 200. This he ascribed partly to the opening of a rival private school an partly to the migratory habits of some of the boys. To check the latter, the Director of Public Instruction, he said, had issued a circular empowering Head Masters to refuse re-admission to those who left on any but sufficient and unsatisfactory grounds. The number of boys sent up for Matriculation was 17, of whom 5, he said, came off successful. The Inspector's examination which took place in February last, also showed good results, and nearly half the number presented got through successfully, and what was still more noteworthy, all of them scored more than 50 per cent. of marks in all subjects. The school also passed some 25 boys at the second grade P. S examination. The results in the drawing examination were also good. In this manner though the results at every but the Matriculation examination were very satisfactory, still he expressed his regret that he was not as much satisfied with the result of his work here, as at other places. He also informed the assembly that correspondence was going on between him and the higher authorities with regard to the establishment of a boarding, or, at least, a lodging house, for the purpose of securing more direct and close superintendence over the Mofussilites during the day. This, he explained, was in accordance with the views of the supreme and local Governments on the subject of moral discipline lately circulated.

The Collector, who, on rising, was heartily cheered by the audience, said, that he was both sorry and glad on that occasion. He was sorry because Mr. Keskar being promoted to Sattara would leave them soon, but he was also glad, because he was going on splendid and well-merited promotion. He was glad to hear, he said, from the lips of Mr. T. B. Kirkham, in February last, that the state of the local High School was more satisfactory than that of some more showy schools. He also testified to the valuable assistance which he had always received from Mr. Keskar's strong common sense and energy as chairman of the local School Board. He hoped that the people of Khandeish would take more interest in higher education than they did at present, and concluded by expressing a hope that Mr. Keskar's abilities and energy would find a better scope in the healthier climate of Sattara, healthier both physically and intellectually. He resumed his seat amidst lusty cheers from the gentlemen as well as boys.

Some of the students then went through a short programme of English, Sanskrit, and Persian recitations which, judging from their ages and inexperience, were certainly creditable, and the company appeared to be pleased with them. Then several boys exhibited a few wonderful gymnastic feats on parallel bars, &c., and this part of the programme was indeed more satisfactory than the former one. It ended with a very exciting and well-balanced tug-of-war, which continued for nearly five minutes, neither party giving way. This ended, the President distributed the prizes to the successful students at the late annual examination, and a few prizes were also awarded to those who had done well in gymnastics.

In conclusion, the head master expressed his sincere thanks to all the prominent gentlemen, including the Collector, Rao Saheb Garud and Rao Saheb Gore, for their cordial and valuable moral support all along, and thus terminated the proceedings.

DIVINE SERVICES.

WEDNESDAY, 3RD APRIL 1889.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

8-30 P.M.—Special Service and Sermon by the Rev. F. H. Hill. Subject : The Third Temptation.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 P.M.—Sermon by the Rev. B. Beale.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

The Sunday forenoon Services in this Church and the Wednesday evening Prayer Meeting have been discontinued during the hot weather. Notice will be sent when the Services are resumed.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service of Songs will be held on board the s. s. City of Edinburgh, this evening at 7-30 p.m., in the Prince's Dock. All are cordially invited to attend.

GENERAL TRACY, the new Secretary of the United States Navy, announces an energetic policy for increasing the American navy. He will soon offer contracts for the construction of several cruisers.

THE Spanish authorities in the Philippine Islands are reported to be displaying much activity in establishing settlements and military posts in all the principal islands of the four archipelagoes—the Philippines, the Carolines, the Marias, and the Ladrones. Their object is to assert effectively the nominal sovereignty of Spain.

OPENING OF A NEW LIBRARY AT YELLAPUR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE 9th of March was a very important day in the history of Yellapur, in so far as it was on that auspicious day that the new Library Hall, built in commemoration of the Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, was opened for the use of the public by Mrs. Blathwayt, who honoured the ceremony by kindly consenting to preide on the occasion. Mr. Blathwayt, the Collector, and Colonel Peyton, the distinguished Resident of of Yellapur for many years, were also present. There was a large gathering of the native inhabitants of Yellapur and the adjoining villages, who came in crowds to witness the important ceremony. The whole of Yellapur presented an appearance of a big festival day, and young and old spent the day in gay rejoicings in their costly arrays and fanciful decorations. The Library Hall was tastefully decorated in a way that did great credit to this out of the way place. Precisely at half past five o'clock in the evening the visitors began to gather in the shed erected in front of the Library Hall, and when all was ready, while the surroundings presented the most cheerful appearance, Colonel Peyton, who has been the friend, patron, and benefactor of Yellapur, taking very keen interest in the welfare of the poor and the helpless, and who has been ever so ready to plead in the interests of the people, whom he so sincerely loves, opened the ceremony by saying the following concerning the origin, progress, and completion of the building in question :—

Mrs. Blathwayt, at the request of the committee representing the good people of Yellapur, I have the pleasure to hand you the key of the Yellapur Victoria Jubilee Library, the foundation stone of which was laid by me on the 17th February 1887, and to thank your very much for so kindly honoring all of us by consenting to perform the opening ceremony. Graced as the occasion is by your presence, and that of my old friend your husband, it is no small pleasure to me to be the spokesman of a people with whom I have been so intimately connected for some 20 years, and during which period there has been cemented such true friendship, good-will, and respect, as is not likely to easily die out. But I would ask your patience, Mrs. Blathwayt, while I give in a few words the origin of the Yellapur library. The idea of a library was first started in 1882. There was no building for it then, but with the consent of the Mamlutdar, the late Mr. Ramchandra Bawaya, the papers and books occupied a table in the corner of the Kutcheri. After his death the late Mr. Appani Krishnapa was the Secretary, and he used to circulate such papers and books as were received. In 1886 Mr Appani Krishnapa, a very worthy man, and greatly respected by the people, died, and the present officer in medical charge of Yellapur took up the duties of secretary, and circulated the papers as before. A little later on, however, at a meeting called together by Mr Rangeshenvi Santapa, the present worthy and energetic secretary, it was decided to hire a room, and donations and subscriptions were invited of the European officers and the townspeople. The idea of having a separate building was often discussed, but the opportunity to carry out this only came in December 1886, when it became known that the Jubilee of Her Majesty the Queen Empress was to be celebrated throughout Hindustan on the 16th and 17th Febuary 1887. On the 12th February another meeting was held, when Mr. Santapa Rangeshenvi suggested that a building, to be called the Yellapur Victoria Jubilee Library, should be erected to commemorate the Jubilee, and that the inhabitants in and about Yellapur should be invited to contribute what sums their means could afford towards it. This suggestion of Mr. Santapa was approved, and about Rs. 400 were promised by the members on the spot. This was further supplemented by donations in money, and books by the European officers residing at, and frequently visiting Yellapur, and the fund promised to be so considerable, as to further warrant the rejoicings which subsequently took place; for on the 16th there was a general meeting of the inhabitants of the town, and of the people from outside, in which the European officers joined, and after prizes had been distributed to the school boys and girls, and alms to the poor, there was a good display of fireworks. In fact, the good people in and about Yellapur joined heartily in the general rejoicings which then prevailed throughout India, and though the building of the Library was delayed by many of the Havik community, receding from their promised subscriptions, at the instigation of an individual calling himself a newspaper editor, who was punished for his foul libel of some of the Government officers, yet in spite of these difficulties the people of Yellapur have, by giving further sums themselves, met the difficulty in completing the building, which we are now in and you have so kindly consented to open."—Soon after Colonel Peyton finished his speech, Mrs. Blathwayt made a few appropriate remarks, and declared the Jubilee Library Hall of Yellapur open, while the pneumatic instrument, kindly lent for the occasion by Mr. Haselden, cheered the assembly with its sweet and harmonious tunes. An address was then read in Kanarese by Mr. Santapa Wassudeopa Rangeshenvi, the chief inhabitant of Yellapur, and its English version read by Mr. Karpur Shriniwasrao was to the following effect :—

"Mrs. Blathwayt, Mr. Blathwayt, Colonel Peyton, and gentlemen,—We, the inhabitants of Yellapur, beg to approach you with this address on this auspicious occasion of the opening ceremony of the Library, built in commemoration of the Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, the Empress of India. It was on the 17th of February 1887 that Colonel Peyton, the distinguished Resident of Yellapur, and friend and benefactor of the poor, had the honour of laying the foundation stone of the building. It may be stated here that in spite of many obstacles, chiefly arising from the Havik community, we are happy to announce the Library open. Now that the difficulties have been surmounted, we humbly beg to state that we are determined to forget all the unpleasant occurrences, and throw open the Library for the mutual improvement of all classes alike. For the successful completion of this work, we are immensely indebted to the substantial help of Colonel Peyton, who has been our friend, benefactor, and guide for so many years, to Mrs. Blathwayt for kindly consenting to preside on this occasion, and to Mr. Blathwayt not only for his substantial help, but also for the free grant of timber required and a suitable site for the building. We heartily pray for the long life and prosperity of Mrs. and Mr. Blathwayt and Colonel Peyton. We may mention here that great credit is due to Rao Saheb Mamlutdar Bheemajee Gooroorao and to Mr. S. Samson, Hospital Assistant in charge Dispensary, for the great intrest they have taken in the work, and to Mr. Yashwant Baburao, the Forest Ranger, who has heartily devoted his time and energy towards its completion. In conclusion, we, with one voice, pray the Almighty God, that in His wise dispensation He may be pleased to continue Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria to rule over us for long, long years to come, and make her reign replete with blessings, such as have been and are continuously being extended to us, her loyal subjects, in sound and liberal education, good and gracious Government, easy means of communication, and other blessings too numerous to detail here."—Mr. Blathwayt the Collector of the District, who was greatly cheered on rising, made some remarks as to the great improvement which some of the vernacular papers of this Presidency had made not only in their efficient publication, but in giving all information such as would be found in the leading English press, and in writing in an honest and unprejudiced manner, so as to benefit the mass of the uneducated and ill-informed public, and recommended the managers of the library to make judicious selection in deciding what vernacular papers they would take in. He said that the library now opened afforded ample facilities for the diffusion of scientific and other knowledge coming from the west, and for the mutual improvement and recreation of the public of Yellapur and adjoining villages.

With these and other remarks he resumed his seat, thanking the public for the honour done to Mrs. Balthwayt in requesting her to preside on the occasion. Mr. Karpur Shriniwasrao thanked Mr. Balthwayt for so kindly advocating the cause of the vernacular papers and said that the chief aim of the library was to subscribe for as many good vernacular papers, as the funds allowed. He further said that the public of Yellapur were bound to feel very thankful to Mr. Blathwayt for his kind advice and support. Colonel Peyton then thanked Mr. Santapa and the public of Yellapur for the high esteem in which they held him and for the way in which they appreciated him. He was glad to recall the past 20 years' pleasant recollections in connection with the public of Yellapur, whom he very heartily liked. That in fact if he could have them to spend over again he would pass them among the good people of Yellapur with pleasure, and in the closer cultivation even of their acquaintance. The public expressed their great satisfaction at hearing the above.

Three cheers were then given to Mrs. Blathwayt for kindly presiding.

Pan supari and *attar goolab* were then distributed to the visitors, and the auspicious ceremony terminated with the National Anthem, and three cheers to the Queen Empress. The distinguished visitors then saw the library rooms, and were highly pleased with the collection of books, &c., shown to them. Mrs. Blathwayt kindly offered to give her substantial support to the library by presenting some books, while Colonel Peyton, who had the pleasure of laying the foundation stone, and seeing the final opening of the library, expressed his desire to be a permanent supporter of the library as long as he was in India and even after he went home, and that he would continue to send books and papers regularly. There was a grand display of fireworks, and the guests returned home by about half past seven o'clock highly gratified with the pleasant things they had heard and seen. We can now come forward and say that we in Yellapur have got a library of our own where we can meet for our mutual improvement and recreation, and we sincerely thank all those that took interest in the completion of the work.

ARRIVAL OF AND PROCESSION FOR THE NATHDWARA MAHARAJA.

AT 7-45 a. m. yesterday the Nathdwara Maharaja, who may be considered as the Supreme Pontiff among the Wallabhacharya Maharajas, arrived in Bombay by special train. In the Vyshunoo mind, having a look at a Maharaja—"durshun" as it is called—is a sacred duty performed by the piously-inclined. Acting on the principle of this dogma, the first duty which all Vyshunoos in Bombay set before themselves yesterday morning, was to be present at the Victoria Terminus to have a sight of their spiritual chief who was coming among them by special train. Thus from early morning, many thousands of men, women, and even children—Vyshunoos and their families—went to the Victoria Terminus which they environed on all sides. The station platforms, the long private road on the eastern side of the station, and the public roads to the south and west of it, were occupied by a dense throng of people. Large numbers of women and children, who might have fared roughly in the crush of men, protected themselves by scaling the parapet walls and their railings. The crush was so great on all sides that locomotion was difficult, and the traffic in the public roads opposite the Terminus was materially obstructed. As the hour for the arrival of the special approached, the crowds received further accessions to their numbers. Vehicles of all kinds set down more and more votaries, kindling with religious fervour, to add to the immense mass that was already there.

The special train steamed in exactly at 7-45 a. m., when a rush was made towards it from all directions. The idea of a supposed sacred duty to be performed swept all obstacles before it. Some men of the Band of the Marine Battalion, who were stationed on the arrival platform, were hustled about, and one of them was hurled down the platfrom, which led to a temporary scuffle. A richly-decked *palki*, in which the Maharaja's wife was ensconced, was lifted up out of the train and taken beyond the crush of the multitude. Preceded by a number of his own soldiers (the Maharaja is an independent chief in his own territory and has a small army under his control,) the Maharaja left his saloon carriage and got into a carriage drawn by four horses, that was kept ready for him. In the rush that occurred in the vicinage of the carriage-and-four, women and children were hustled about very roughly, but such a thing is very common in the temples of the Maharajas. It occasions no surprise; and in the present instance, the sacred duty of having a sight of the great pontiff overrode all other considerations. The G. I. P. Railway police, under the circumstances, were powerless to do anything to keep order. A procession was then formed, two carriages drawn by pairs of horses, in which were seated Mr. Vurgivandas Madhavdas, Mr. Chuttoorbhooj Morarjee and others, with a number of well-dressed children, taking the lead of the Maharaja's carriage, in which he sat with high dignity,—a huge fan of cloth of various colours waving behind him. Owing to the crush of the people, there were rather long stoppages to the procession. It would not be be allowed to move on until the piously-inclined Vyshanoos have had the "durshun" of the great Maharaja. As the procession debouched into the main Hornby Road leading to the Crawford Markets, it presented a spectacle of a singular character. A cart, in which were seated men beating tom-toms and clashing cymbals, led the van, and was followed by the band of the Marine Battalion and a Portuguese string band, the bandsmen being on foot. Then came the two carriages drawn by pairs of horses, with thousands of Vyshunoos crowding between them and the Maharaja's carriage-and-four, which was greeted, as it moved on, with the acclamations of "jai, jai" (*i. e.* victory). Following the Maharaja's carriage were immense masses of people on foot and in carriages. There were stoppages in the road when the procession reached the Crawford Markets, the Juma Musjid, and further on, the Marwaree Bazar and Bhuleshwur, where the temples of two or three Maharajas are situated. During these pauses, flowers, and rice, and almonds and raisins—symbols of peace and plenty—were showered upon the Maharaja by thousands of votaries who had been patiently watching his approach. The procession finally turned by the Cowasji Patel Tank into a bungalow opposite Madhav Bang, where the Maharaja has put up. It is a large bungalow which was lately owned by the family of the late Cursetjee Cowasjee Ashburner, and which has recently been purchased by the Maharaja for a lakh of rupees.

THE BHULESHWAR LIBRARY.

THE Fifteenth Annual General Meeting of the Bhuleshwar Library was held in the Library Hall, Moombadevi, on Sunday, Mr. Naghindas Tulsidas Marphatia, B.A., L.L.B., J.P. presiding. The Annual Report together with the audited accounts was read and adopted.

The report showed that the Library was in a very satisfactory and flourishing condition, the number of members being 523 and the income of the Library Rs. 3,394-10-4, and the expenditure Rs. 2,502-6-9, thus giving a surplus balance Rs. 892-3-7. During the year new books of the value of Rs.274-5-6. were purchased, and books of the collective value of Rs. 140-3-3 were presented to the Institution by Messrs. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Petit, Sir Mungaldas Nathubai Kt. C. S. I., Dharamdas Jamnadas, and by the Government of India and the Governments of Bombay, Madras, Bengal, Punjab, Assam, and the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Chamber of Commerce and the Director of Public Instruction Bombay, and several other liberal-minded gentlemen. At the end of the year there were 5203 volumes showing an increase of 306 volumes over 1887. The aggregate value of the Library assets at the end of the year was Rs. 13,731-11-8, Rs. 5,402-7-3 being the reserve fund in cash, Rs. 7,704-7-5. worth of books and furniture, and Rs. 624-13 outstandings &c., as compared with Rs. 12,220-11-3 in 1887. During the year under report 63 newspapers and 76 periodicals were laid on the Library table for the perusal of members. 7666 works were issued during the year and the daily average attendance of members was about 125. Resolutions were passed appointing auditors and members of the Book Committee for the current year, and Scrutineers to examine voting papers for the ensuing election. Sanction was also given for publication of the Draft Scheme and Rules prepared by the Scheme Sub. Committee. A vote of thanks to the Chairman for his able conduct in the chair concluded the proceedings.

VALUABLE DYSENTERY POWDERS.

Sir D. M. Petit wishes to bring to notice a valuable dysentery powder which he has found very efficacious. He writes :—I have found this powder very effective. It has been used by my family and friends, both native and European, with success for the last fifteen to twenty years; many European and native employés in my mills and factories also use it, and the European employés send it home for the use of their families. It is very efficacious in dysentery, accompanied with the passing of blood and mucous. People suffering from heat by indulging in hot dishes and alcoholic drinks, and also from any other sort of heat in blood, are also cured by this powder. It also cures persons suffering from complaints of wind and puffiness of the stomach, internal swellings, and such other complaints. This powder is prepared as follows:—(1) Take 2 oz. (4½ tolas) of himji harde (*Terminalia chebulia*); rub this himji hard with little ghee or butter (if required to be used as aperient with castor oil); fry it in a pan on a slow fire until it swells, then reduce in into powder and bottle it up. (2) Take 2 oz. (4½ tolas) of sweet fennel seed, fry it slightly in a pan, then reduce it into powder and bottle it up. (3) Take 3 oz (6½ tolas) of spogel (or *dusagful*) seeds; wet palm of hand with slight water and rub the seed in it until the pith is separated from the seeds, and then bottle up the pith. When required for use, take them all in equal proportion, say one tablespoonful of each, mix them all together with two tablespoonsful or so (as it suits the taste of the patient) of fine sugar. Dose for adults, two to three tablespoonsful twice or thrice a day. Dose for children, two to three teaspoonful twice or thrice a day.—Note.—Some adults and children find it difficult to take the above drugs in the form of powder. They can, therefore, be taken in the following manner:—Infuse the himji hard powder and fnnel seed powder separately in boiling water, and, after filtering same, take a half wineglassful of each and mix both with a dessertspoonful of spogel seed powder and use the same.—*Allahabad Post.*

THE COLORS OF THE 23RD BO N. L. I.

WE informed our readers that the Colors of the 23rd Bo. N. L. I. were to have been deposited in the Kirkee Church on Saturday last; but owing to the sad death of Lieut McGildowney on that day the ceremony was postponed till 8 o'clock on Monday morning. Owing to the early hour there were not more than about forty or fifty people present, the attendance of ladies being especially scanty. Major-General Solly-Flood, C. B., Commanding the Poona District, accompanied by Captain Hanwell, A.-D.-C., were at the entrance to the Church in good time, and representative officers from Kirkee and from nearly all the Poona regiments were present. The Colors, which had been brought down from Kamptee by Captain Scallen, D.S.O., were brought to the Church door under an escort of the 10th Bombay Native Infantry. They were deposited at the entrance to the Church, and the 10th Bombay Native Infantry formed up in Company order in the rear. Major-General Solly-Flood then examined the Colors, which were a mass of ribbons. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay, supported by the Revs. Bailey and Horne, then advanced from the altar. Then as the choir sang "Onward Christian Soldiers," Captain Scallen, assisted by Colonel Ebden of the 10th (late of the 23rd) took up the Colors, accompanied by six native officers, and advancing up the nave of the Church, deposited them at the foot of the altar, and took up positions on either side of the officiating clergymen. The six native officers of the 23rd halted at the steps of the altar, and remained standing there till the conclusion of the ceremony. Twelve other native officers of the same Regiment also accompanied the Colors into the Church, and took their seats along with the other spectators. On the conclusion of the Hymn by the Choir the Bishop in a few well chosen words announced that as the Colors given a Regiment were always consecrated, it was customary in the army to deposit the Colors of a Regiment, after they had become worn out, in a Church as relics and as sacred objects, and it was right that they should join in thanksgiving for the victories they had witnessed by singing to the praise of the Almighty. On the conclusion of his Lordship's address the 28th Psalm was sung. His Lordship then took the Colors and handed one to the Rev. Mr. Horne and the other to the Rev. Mr. Bailey, who placed them in the usual positions on either side of the altar. After His Lordship had repeated the usual prayes for peace the choir brought the proceedings to a close by singing "God Save the Queen" in a very pleasing manner. The Regiment was raised in Poona in 1813 by H. H. Baji Rao, the Peishwa of Poona. It was stationed at Dapurie, and took a conspicuous part in the Battle of Kirkee in 1817, fighting on the side of the British, a circumstance which accounts for the depositing of the Colors in Kirkee Church. In 1820 the Regiment was brought on the establishment of the H. E. I. Co's Bombay Army as the 1st Battalion of the 12th Regiment, and shortly afterwards became the 23rd Bombay Infantry. In 1842 the Regiment was created a Light Infantry Battalion for services in Sind and Beluchistan during the First Afghan War. It has now been converted into a Rifle Battalion, being linked with the old 4th Rifle and 25th Bo. L. Infantry under its new name, the Bombay Rifle Regiment. Being now a Rifle Battalion, the 23rd Bo. L. I. is no longer entitled to carry Colors, and H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief directed that the Colors should be deposited in Kirkee Church, where the old Colors of the Regiment have hitherto been placed. The 23rd Bo. L. I. (now called the 2nd Battalion, the Bombay Rifle Regiment) stationed at Kamptee, recently returned from Burma, commanded by Colonel J. Gatacre, C.B. The Regiment besides taking part in many minor operations served in Sind and in Beluchistan in 1838-43, in the Persian War,—in the operations under Sir Hugh Rose in Central India during the Mutiny, in the Afghan War of 1879-80, and latterly in Burma, 1886-88.—*Poona Observer.*

THE TRIAL OF THE BISHOP OF LINCOLN.

A SITTING of the Court of the Archbishop of Canterbury was held on Tuesday, 12th ult. in the library of Lambeth Palace for hearing the arguments on the extended protest of the defendant in the case of Read and Others *v.* the Bishop of Lincoln. The Archbishop of Canterbury presided, and there were also present sitting as assessors the Bishop of London, the Bishop of Winchester, the Bishop of Salisbury, and the Bishop of Oxford. His Grace was attended by Sir James Parker Deane, Q C. (Vicar-General), and Sir John Hassard (Registrar of the Province of Canterbury.) The promoters of the suit were represented by Dr. Tristram, Q.C., Sir Horace Davey, Q.C., and Mr. Danckwertz; while on the side of the Bishop of Lincoln were Sir W. Phillimore, Q.C., Mr. Jenne, Q.C., and Mr. Kempe.

The Archbishop said he had decided to extend the protest of the Bishop of Lincoln in order to ascertain whether he had jurisdiction in this matter or not.

Sir Walter Phillimore, in opening the case, contended that, although it was alleged that certain rubrics had been laid down for the guidance of the Church, a Bishop was not bound by those rubrics and directions in the Prayer Book which mentioned only "priest or minister." In consequence there was no infraction of the law by a Bishop if he conducted divine service, as far as he was concerned, differently to the way in which these rubrics directed. Therefore it was not an ecclesiastical offence in a Bishop to vary from the rubrics : and he contended also that the proceedings could not in point of law be brought in an ecclesiastical court; for if an offence had been committed, it was an offence created by the Act of Uniformity which would not be an offence prior to the passage of the Act, and could therefore only be brought into a temporal court as a misdemeanour against the statute.

The trial was resumed on Wednesday morning when Sir Walter Phillimore proceeded with his argument against the jurisdiction of the court, and proceeded to quote further cases since the Great Rebellion. He argued that in all the cases which he had quoted up to the present, in no instance had it been shown that the Archbishop had ever sat alone, but had always been assisted by the Bishops. Counsel then proceeded to examine the writings on canonical law, and commenced by quoting at considerable length from the Archbishop of Spoleto's "De Ecclesia Republica," upon which Lord Chief Justice Holt relied in the Bishop of St. David's case, and pointed out that its general tenor appeared to be that a Bishop on being accused of an ecclesiastical offence must be charged before the Synod instead of before the Metropolitan; and if he should be cononically proved to be convicted he was to suffer canonical punishment; but if the Synod should prove him innocent, his accusers should suffer due punishment for bringing their accusation. Having read the whole of the chapter which he (Sir W. Phillimore) might remind his Grace was the word of the chief Canonist on whom Lord Chief Justice Holt principally relied, he would now come to authorities who were more favourable to his case. He referred to a passage by Bishop Hooker, which laid down that, although Archbishops were chief among Bishops, they had not that authority over their Bishops which the Bishops had over their clergy; for while a Bishop might excommunicate to or suspend a priest without the assistance of any other Bishop, no such power of administering punishment to a Bishop was vested in an Archbishop. Having adduced further arguments Sir W. Phillimore said he had now added to the precedents he had produced in support of the almost unanimous opinion of the great body of writers in English canon law and ecclesiastical courts. These were a series of authorities—bishops, writers, and lawyers—all of whom denied the power of deprivation claimed for the Archbishop. The proceedings were then adjourned.

PRINCE ALEXANDER OF BATTENBERG.

THE *World* says :—Now that Prince Alexander of Battenburg has accepted the consequences of his marriage and retired into comparative obscurity for the moment, all the story of his short though brilliant career will be forgotten; but no one's life has been more full of incidents of romance. He was adored by his army, who would have followed him to the death, and by his own immediate followers, to whom he was a real hero in every sense of the word. Through his Servian career he was attended by a tall and handsome jager, who never left him for a moment, and who on many occasions ran great risk of losing his own life in his determination not to lose sight of his master. At night he slept on a couch in the ante-room outside his bed-room, and at least one plot to assassinate Prince Alexander was fustrated by his vigilance. After Prince Alexander left Bulgaria, the servant who followed his master disappeared, and the solution of the mystery—for mystery it always was to those who knew the Prince—was then discovered in the fact that the handsome jager was a woman in disguise, who, being madly in love with Prince Alexander, determined to devote her life to guard him from danger during his stormy reign in his Bulgarian kingdom. What became of her was not known; but she was not seen again with the Prince after he left Sophia.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, High Commissioner in South Africa, has notified the Transvaal Government that the mediation of a foreign State in the Gcobelaar-Khama affair would be unsatisfactory, and that the Imperial Government will decide the incident as between the Transvaal and Khama.

AFFAIRS IN SAMOA.

THE excitement in New York over a report that the Germans sank an American man-of-war at Samoa is confined to San Francisco. The rumour is discredited in New York and at Washington, and it is believed to have been spread by German traders for commercial reasons.

Mr. Kasson, the new United States Minister, will not arrive in Berlin before March 20th, consequently the Samoa Conference cannot meet yet. For the rest, says the *Standard* correspondent, the difficulties are already as good as removed by the diplomatic negotiations and by the recall of the officials, and it is now expected that the German Trading Squadron will not go to Samoa, but will return to Germany in May after the starting of Captain Wissmann's expedition.

The *Star* publishes a report of an interview with Admiral Porter on the subject of affairs in Samoa. The Admiral is represented to have spoken as follows :—

"We are weak on the ocean now, but there is a plan which will meet the emergency—namely, to cripple Germany while we are getting ready. We have surplus revenues enough with the minimum of taxes to carry on a desultory war until we are in fighting trim, and while we are getting ready we can prohibit German manufacturers from entering the United States. In the event of Germany attempting a blockade we should find in less than sixty days, the British fleet on our coast involved in protecting British trade. France would also have an interest in the matter." Admiral Porter further expressed the opinion that the Government should purchase all the rifled guns obtainable from France and England with a sum of 50,000,000 dols., adding that in sixty days he could soon set an improvised fleet to the work of destroying German Commerce.

Discussing the present state of affairs in a letter dated from the Hawaiian Islands on the 10th ult., Mr. R. L. Stevenson writes :—

"It is quite true that this group was largely opened up by German enterprise, and that the port of Apia is much the creation of the Goddefroys. So far the German case extends; no farther. Apia was governed till lately by a tripartite municipality, the American, English, and German Consuls, and one other representative of each of the three nations making up the body. To both America and Germany a harbour had been ceded. England, I believe, had no harbour, but that her position was quite equal to that of her neighbours, one fact eloquently displays Malietoa—then King of Samoa, now a prisoner on the Marshall Islands—offered to accept the supremacy of England. Unhappily for himself his offer was refused, her Majesty's Government declaring, I am told, that they would prefer to see him independent.... There came a sudden change in the attitude of Germany. Another treaty was proposed to Malietoa and refused; the cause of the rebel Tamasese was invented or espoused; Malietoa was seized and deported, Tamasese installed, the tripartite municipality dissolved, the German Consul seated autocratically in its place, and the Hawaiian Embassy (sent by a Power of the same race to moderate among Samoans) dismissed with threats and insults. In the course of these events villages have been shelled, the German flag has been at least once substituted for the English, and the stars and stripes (only the other day) were burned at Matafatatele. On the day of the chase after Malietoa the houses of both English and Americans were violently entered by the Germans. Since the dissolution of the municipality English and Americans have paid their taxes into the hands of their own consuls, where they accumulate, and the German representative, unrecognised and unsupported, rules single in Apia. I have had through my hands a file of consular proclamations, the most singular reading—a state of war declared, all other authority but that of the German representative suspended, punishment (and the punishment of death in particular) liberally threatened. It is enough to make a man rub his eyes when he reads Colonel de Coetlogon's protest and the high-handed rejoinder posted alongside of it the next day by Dr. Knappe. [Dr. Knappe has now been censured and recalled.] Except as regards the captivity of Malietoa, the Samons have had throughout the honours of the game. Tamasese, the German puppet, has had everywhere the under-hand; almost none, except those of his own clan, have ever supported his cause, and even these begin now to desert him."

A Washington telegram states that Messrs. John A. Kosson, William Walter Phelps, and Georges H. Bates have been appointed to represent the United States at the Conference on Samoan affairs, to be held at Berlin. A telegram of March 13, from Auckland, says :—

Intelligence from Samoa to the 5th instant received here states that tranquility continued in the island. There was no change in the positions of Tamasese and Matafa. The strength of the latter force was estimated at six thousand, while Tamasese's troops numbered only seven hundred. A proclamation had been issued by the German authorities, withdrawing the decree establishing martial law and abandoning the right of searching vessels. The foreign war ships remained at Apia. Admiral Kimberly, commanding the United States Squadron on the Pacific station, who was recently ordered to proceed in the corvette Trenton from Panama to Samoa, in order to protect American interests, had not arrived when the mail was dispatched.

DISASTROUS FLOODS IN ENGLAND.

SERIOUS floods have been caused in many places by the recent falls of snow and rain.

TAUNTON SUBMERGED.

In Somerset the Great Western line was submerged in several places, and thousands of acres of land were under water. The Rivers Tamar and Tavy were much swollen, and many houses in the lower parts of Tavistock were flooded. Parts of the suburbs of St. Thomas, Exter, were under water to the extent of four or five feet. The whole valley of the Exe was flooded. Taunton seems to have been the chief sufferer. Several of its streets were impassable, and hundreds of houses in the northern part of the town were inundated. Some of the streets were submerged to the depth of 5 ft. Several narrow escapes from drowning in the chief streets were reported and boats were used. The River Tone overflowed, and the current of water in the adjoining streets rendered even boating very dangerous. In many business premises the furniture had to be removed to the top stories. In one house in a main street the water rose to the height of 8 ft. Such floods have never been known in the district. At the *Somerset County Gazette* office water entered the machine-room in such quantities that pumps had to be used. Many of the thoroughfares in the eastern end of Bristol were rendered impassable, and at Chippenham the ground floors of houses in the low-lying part of the town were flooded.

THOUSANDS OF ACRES UNDER WATER.

At Leicester the water made its way into the low-lying streets and inundated the houses. In the Soar Valley the Midland Railway was for the greater portion of ten miles under water. All the trains were delayed and the goods traffic was suspended. At Quorndon and Blaby thousands of acres were under water, and the valley of the Soar was like an inland sea. In North Warwickshire rivers and watercourses rose rapidly, and immense tracts of land were under water, the floods in some places extending for long distances.

The floods in and around Tamworth rose to a considerable height, and all the low-lying meadows were completely inundated. The rural postmen had to charter conveyances to get to the outlying country districts; and in the main roads leading to Birmingham, Burton, and other large towns, the water was three feet deep. Farmers were engaged all night removing their stock, and instances are recorded of hayricks having been washed down by the floods. At Stratford the Avon overflowed its banks, causing tremendous floods. Some thousands of acres in the neighbourhood of the town were submerged.

FLOODS IN THE FOREST OF DEAN.

A great storm raged in the Forest of Dean. Rain and snow fell for forty hours without intermission. Floods were prevalent along the vale from Gloucester down the Severn side, and at Newnham, Lydney, and other places the streets were flooded and many houses were inundated.

THE PROPOSED MEETING OF EUROPEAN SOVEREIGNS.

A REUTER's telegram from Berlin says :—With reference to the various reports lately circulated regarding impending meetings of European Sovereigns, the *Kreuzzeitung* states that, according to information from well-informed quarters, it is certain at present that the Czar will arrive at Copenhagen at the end of June or beginning of July, and will shortly afterwards return the visit paid him by the Emperor William at Peterhof last year. Nothing definite has, however, yet been decided concerning the place of meeting. It is also believed that, prior to his interview with the Czar, the Emperor William will pay his projected visit to London.

SHE WANTED TO BE A SOLDIER.

HARRIET MAÇKAY, *alias* Muir, who has been charged at the Marlborough Street police-coprt with appearing in male attire, was seen at St. James's Workhouse by a *Pall Mall* representative. At the police-court she was dressed in a pair of dark striped trousers, pilot jacket, billycock hat, and had her hair cut short and parted on one side. The reporter found her attired in the unbecoming workhouse blue sack, and her close-clipped hair covered by the workhouse cap, and while she talked she sat knitting a stocking. She was in the union house awaiting assistance which would provide her with clothes suitable to her sex and money sufficient to take her to New Zealand, but she is now "in trouble" for having sold "what wasn't hern."

"I was born at Creetown, near Dumfries," she said, "and am twenty-eight years of age." She is tall and straight, five feet seven and a half inches high, somewhat masculine in appearance, but with a pair of mischievous dark brown-eyes that alone would betray her. "When she came in last night," said an old croue who was in the room, "I thought it was a man, and when Miss Brown, the searcher, told me to give her a bath I almost blushed. A very good-looking young man she was, too!"

"What induced you to adopt man's attire ?," said our reporter to the culprit.

"Well, I was stumped. I had no money. I was tired of wasting my life and wanted to get to my people, so I sold all my female dresses, and purchased a suit of male attire at Bristol, and then came up to London last Friday. I thought if I could get something to do on one of the New Zealand vessels, I could get out there. So I went down to the docks and got into conversation with some ofthe ships' stewards, and stood them a drink or two and they promised to help me. But when I found I would have to wait at table, and clean plate, I knew it would be of no use, as I could do neither. Then I thought I'd enlist that being usually about the last thing a man turns to when he is broke."

"But surely you knew you would be found out at your examination ?"

"No, I didn't. How should I know ? And they didn't find out until the doctor had me in, I passed all the measurement examinations so long as I was in my shirit, but of course when I went before the doctor, and had to take that off he knew at once, But I never had made any attempt to deny facts." Indeed so far as our reporter could see Harriet Mackay, *alias* Muir made no effort at concealment at all barring the clothing.

"You must have had a somewhat stirring life, have you not ?

"Rather, I have been on the stage for the last four years as one of the chorus; and previous to that I travelled two years in India, and two on the Continent. I was at Drury Lane for two seasons, and with the ill-fated English Comedy Company which broke up disastrously at Ipswich the year before last. But at twenty-eight years of age the stage is not a very good profession to adopt. My father is a land-owner in New Zealand, and my hope is to get out to him and the rest of my family. Mr. Newton has been in communication with a friend of mine who will help me, I think. My stage name? oh, St. Clair."

Harriet Mackay, *alias* Muir, seemed very comfortable in the St. James's work-house. It is another new exeprience to her. Luxurious travelling and luxurious living has apparently in no way spoiled her. The reporter found her "affable and bright."

MR. O'DONNELL AND MR. PARNELL.

A LETTER from Mr. F. Hugh O'Donnell is published in the London edition of the *New York Herald* :—

Why, the writer asks, did Mr. Parnell shrink back for two years from unearthing Mr. Pigott ? Why did Mr. Parnell for two years lend the aid of his astounding inaction to Mr. Pigott's fraud upon the community ? For two years Russians and Danes and Turks and Germans have canvassed the disgrace of Ireland's leader, and all the while Ireland's leader could have wiped it all away with the motion of a little finger. Why has Mr. Parnell preferred to mystify the world ? Mr. Parnell is a little too fond of mystifications. When he issued that *fons et origo malorum*, the "No Rent Manifesto," signed by himself and Mr. Michael Davitt, and impelling by the most passionate appeals the Irish peasantry to stake their all—their little holdings, the roofs that covered their families—upon its frantic teachings, he afterwards coolly explained that he never for an instant believed in its feasibility. More unpleasant still, especially in view of Mr. Pigott's recently discovered liberties with other people's signatures, Mr. M. Davitt has since explained that his signature to that all-perturbing manifesto was never affixed by his hand and was never affixed by his authority. It is true that Mr. Parnell did not swear in a witness-box to the people whom he was deluding, to the confiding peasantry whom he was urging to ruin, that the signature of Michael Davitt was really the signature of Michael Davitt. But is there not the morality of the plighted word ? Most uncrowned kings only speak the solemn truth under the sanctions with which the law surrounds judicial proceedings. And why not all these years speak the soelmn truth under the sanctum of the law in order to expose Mr. Pigott's liberties with signatures ? When I tried to drag the *Times*, man in a mask before a jury Mr. Parnell betrayed me and tried to ruin me. To-day Mr. Parnell is frisking from the Forth to the Liffey in search of a jury and satisfaction. But every man of honour must ask with unabated wonder why it was necessary almost to put a pistol to Mr. Parnells back in order to force him to show a commonly courageous front to the great accuser ? I have compelled Mr. Charles Stewart Parnell to lave after two years the affronted purity of his reputation. It is my vengeance for what he did to me, and for what he tried to do.

LORD R. CHURCHILL AND THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

THE Press Association understands that, reports to the contrary notwithstanding, there is no prospect whatever of Lord Randolph Churchill rejoining the present Ministry. In more than one direction he does not wholly approve of the policy which is being pursued by the Government, and he has no intention of abandoning his independent position. His lordship was strongly opposed to the appointment of the Parnell Commission, and the memorandum which he sent to Mr. W. H. Smith on the subject when the idea was first mooted covered several pages of foolscap. This document sets forth that under no possible circumstances could the position of the Government be strengthened by the appointment of a commission of judges to investigate the charges. The identification of the chief law officer of the Crown with what was regarded as substantially a prosecution must inevitably involve the Government in the result of that inquiry, and if the result of the inquiry should prove unfavourable to the *Times*, it would be exceedingly difficult for the Government to escape sharing the opprobrium. The alleged fac-simile letters, his lordship pointed out, were of an exceedingly dubious character, and there being so many suspicious circumstances con-enbted with them, the Government ought constantly eckeep in view the possibility that Mr. Parnell would toable to disprove having had any hand in their prouction. In the event of the case with regard to the letters breaking down the public would not care much about the remainder of the inquiry. The pith of the matter, in the public mind, was the genuineness or otherwise of the letters, and if the letters turned out to be spurious, the whole superstructure raised on them would collapse. Then what would be the position of the Government ? Lord Randolph implored the First Lord of the Treasury to consider very carefully this eventuality; and urged that the principle originally stated, that the law courts existed for the settlement of disputes between all classes of her Majesty's subjects should be adhered to. He maintained that the erection of a special tribunal outside the ordinary courts of the country was unconstitutional and unprecedented.

FROM PRIVATE TO COLONEL.

BOMBAY has just lost by retirement, writes the *St. James's Gazette* one of its most popular officers. Colonel Sexton is one of the few men who rose from the ranks in Crinmean days to high position as a combatant officer. At the "soldiers' battle of Inkerman Colour-Sergeant Sexton as senior effective non-commissioned officer, assisted in collecting the reports and calling the roll of the suvivors, when but eighty men of the 95th Regiment answered to their names. Subsequently Sexton served with his old corps in India during the Mutiny as lieutenant and adjutant, and not long afterwards joined the Indian Staff Corps. He has now left India a full colonel and in receipt of a pension of over £1,100 a year—no bad thing for the recruit who joined the British army with no idea a like Napoleon's soldiers—of carrying a marshal's baton in his knapsack, or even colonel's allowances.

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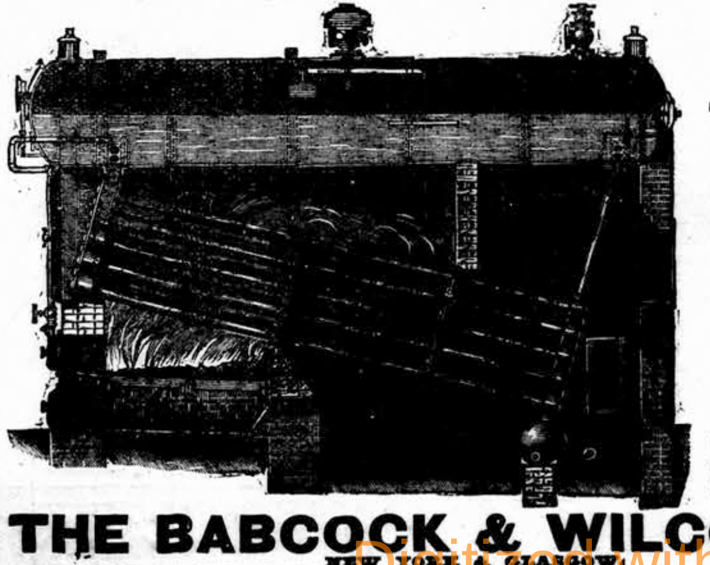

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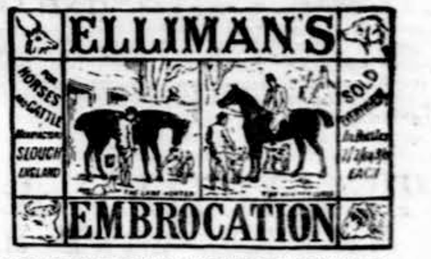

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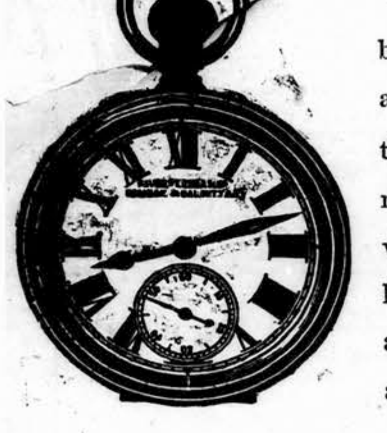

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The oldest and best (11 Years Old) } as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule.*
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WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

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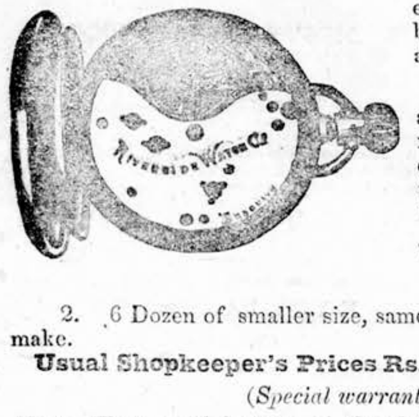
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS, MANUFACTURERS AND AGENTS
SPECIAL SALE OF SPECIAL HIGH CLASS LEVERS

A real opportunity to get for less than usual cost a valuable time-keeper.



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1. 6 Dozen Railway Watches, very heavy, strong and massive, sterling Silver cases, 3/4 plate Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 jewels, expansion chronometer balances, all adjusted for variations of temperature and position. Maker—RIVERSIDE WATCH Co.

Usual Shopkeeper's Prices Rs. 70 to 80—actual Price only Rs. 38 each.

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Note.—The special features of the above, besides their exceedingly good quality and the first-class materials they are made of, are their neat appearance and nice faces. A style not usually met with in this country.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY.—From the 1st of April next, G. A. CHARPIE & Co. shall be prepared to supply a new Keyless Campaign Watch, 3/4 plate, Horizontal movement, 4 ruby holes, for the Price of Rs. 7-2 to Rs. 7-6 nett—also a 3/4 plate Lever Watch with set hands from outside at Rs. 12 nett. These Watches with white or zone coloured enamelled dials. All accompanied by the usual warranty paper.

We have been engaged in this special manufacture for the last 12 months, and have reason to believe that these genuine cheap time-keepers will prove the best of any old even for double their price.

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TRADE
MARK.
HIPPACEA

HIPPACEA is designed to meet a long-felt want, and that is a remedy that will act promptly on the skin of horses and other animals, *without blistering* the parts brought under its influence. It meets his want, and is offered to the public with the utmost confidence as the cure for—

RHEUMATISM
WIND-STROKE
SPRAINS OF ALL SORTS
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SORE THROAT
INFLUENZA
STIFFNESS
CUTS AND WOUNDS
BROKEN KNEES
CRACKED HEELS
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SWELLINGS GENERALLY
SORE SHOULDERS AND BACKS
SPAVINS
HEAT LUMPS
BITES AND STINGS OF FLIES NOXIOUS INSECTS

Bruises, Mange and other Skin diseases, and all irritable conditions of the Skin.

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Please send me 3 large tins of your "HIPPACEA." I have found it most useful in cases of sore-backs, wounds, &c.

C. W. JOUSIFFE.

THE TRAINER OF "MERRY HAMPTON" SAYS :—

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I think "HIPPACEA" very good.

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THE TRAINER OF "HARPENDEN" SAYS :—

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THE TRAINER OF "MARMORA" SAYS :—

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I feel quite certain, that your "HIPPACEA" assisted "MARMORA" very much with her weak knees, as she went with so much more freedom, and walked better.

T. MARTIN.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE KENNEL CLUB SAY :—

ELLINGTON PARK, STRATFORD-ON-AVON, 26th uly, 1887.

Your "HIPPACEA" is very efficacious, and I shall certainly use it in my Kennels.

S. E. SHIRLEY.

HIS HIGHNESS PRINCE ALBERT SOLMS SAYS :—

BRAUNFELS ON LAHN, PRUSSIA, 4th September, 1887.

I have tried your new remedy "HIPPACEA" in my Kennels, and state with pleasure that I found it most valuable remedy in several severe and obstinate cases.

Kindly send me at once a tin of "HIPPACEA," as I wish my Kennels never to be without it.

ALBERT SOLMS.

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NEW HOUSE, SHADOXHORST, ASHFORD, KENT, 29th March, 1887.

Nearly twelve months' experince of "HIPPACEA" has convinced me that for cracked heels, sore backs or wounds, sores, and skin diseases of every kind, "HIPPACEA" is a really valuable remedy, both in the Stable and Kennel.

JOHN C. BUCKLAND.

THE ASIAN, DATED MAY 3RD, 1887, SAYS :—

"We have had Samples of 'HIPPACEA' forwarded to us; it claims to be a remedy, which will ac "powerfully on the skin of the horse and other animals without blistering the parts; and to be efficacious "in healing most ills that horse skin is heir to. We had not the opportunity of trying it on a horse, but "its effect was marvellous on a puppy, which was suffering from distemper. MR. BOWDEN, of Thilum "renown, is the Agent."

To be had of the undersigned, and of Chemists and General Dealers everywhere.

Beware of conterfeits, none genuine that does not bear the *facsimile* signature.

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Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old.
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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
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Incontestably proved by Thirty Years Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
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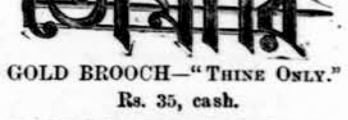

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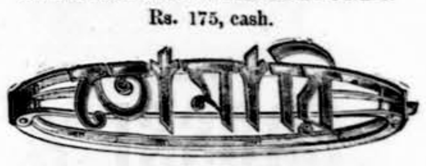

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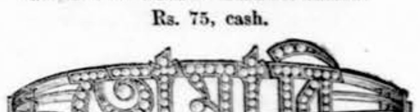

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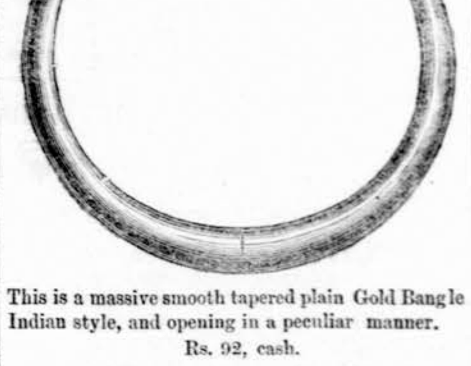

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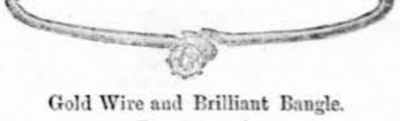

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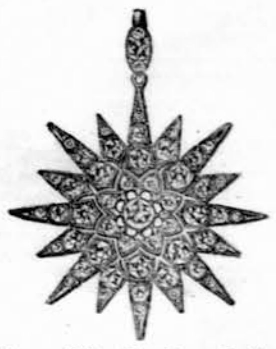

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The only Whisky supplied to the public direct from the Distillery.

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Not a Whisky for the million, but for those who can pay for a first quality Whisky.

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